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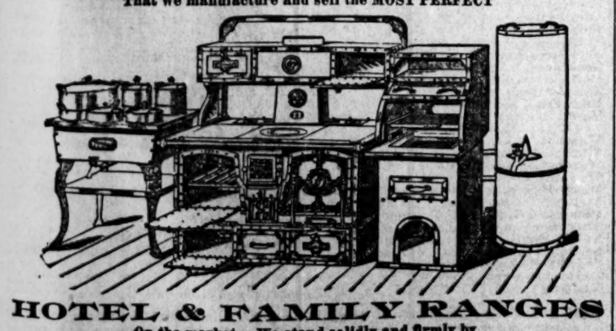

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FIRST IN CIRCULATION

St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

FIRST IN NEWS.

VOL. 37.—NO. 127. ST. LOUIS, MONDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 29, 1886. PRICE, FIVE CENTS. BY CARRIER, FIFTEEN CENTS A WEEK.

LATEST EDITION

THE IRISH RENT WAR.

A GAME OF TAG PLAYED BY THE NATIONALISTS AND THE POLICE.

The Monster Meeting at Sligo Suppressed—Editor O'Brien Dodges the Police and Holds Several Meetings—An Indignation Meeting Called by Lord Mayor Sullivan—Zankoff Threatening Another Revolution in Bulgaria—Foreign News.

Special Cablegram to the Post-Dispatch.

LONDON, November 29.—The Standard attacks the Government for the decision to summon Parliament on January 13, a month earlier than expected, and to monopolize immediately private members' days for the discussion of the procedure. This, it says, is a harsh precedent, an act of unprecedented vigor, capable of being represented in unpopular and even odious colors. The Standard, however, is not quite on the right track. The Government summoned Parliament for an earlier day because they foresee the necessity of new legislation on Irish matters. The procedure is merely used as a blind, and will be postponed in a moment if necessary.

THE IRISH RENT WAR.

The first skirmishes in the Irish war took place on Saturday, and were, on the whole, of a very amusing character, being little more than a game at tag between the police and the Nationalist members. The monster meeting at Sligo was prevented, but several smaller meetings were held by energetic speakers getting a few minutes the start of the police. In the first case the meeting lasted one minute, and in the second rather less. At Newhall the police were too quick for the Nationalists and got there first, at 1:30 in the morning. O'Brien and the reporter of the Freeman's Journal

GAVE THE SLIGO POLICE THE SLIP,

although they were missed almost immediately, and all telegraph offices of the country were set to work to find them. As they had wisely proceeded to a little place called Riverstown, where there is no telegraph office, they held a meeting with no other interruption than the protest of the village constable. Several meetings of this kind were held, the authorities finally finding them at Ballymote, to which place 100 constables were immediately hurried in a special train. Dr. Tanner was chased about Sligo in a similar way. So far the honors of the struggle are divided, the advantage, if any, resting on the Nationalists.

THE NEXT BLOW.

The time is now at hand for the Government to strike the next blow by arresting Dillon and summoning O'Brien. The Daily News says: "We do not blame the Government for what has taken place. First, it had done no more than many of its Liberal predecessors; second, a struggle with the National League is the necessary consequence of rejecting the proposals for home rule. Hicks-Beach has now got upon an inclined plane which will conduct him by easy descent to a more ruthless system of coercion than ever Ireland has yet seen."

THE AMERICAN MAILS.

On Saturday the Financial Secretary of the Treasury gave a strong public defense of the Government's action about the American mails. Speaking of the Cunard and White Star Lines, he said: "The matter has now been settled for three months. If at the end of that time, the astute men at the head of these combined firms have succeeded in inducing the public to support them in getting a complete monopoly and a reduction of the number of regular mails at the extra cost of £25,000 a year into the bargain, they will be very clever." He did not think they would.

England.

THE ANTI-RENT CAMPAIGN.

LONDON, November 29.—The Times says the anti-rent campaign in Ireland has been too long allowed headway. The Government will not be able to defeat it merely by disarming its astute authors and violent advocates; but they can insure victory over the movement by steadily carrying out the decrees of the courts.

A BLIND CONSERVATIVE ELECTED.

Dr. Robertson, Conservative, has been elected to the House of Commons to fill the vacancy in the Brighton District. The doctor is blind. He had no opposition.

Ireland.

AN INDIGNATION MASS-MEETING.

DUBLIN, November 29.—Lord Mayor Sullivan has summoned a meeting of the citizens of Dublin, to assemble next Friday, to protest against "the Government's tyranny towards the Irish National League." John Dillon will defend himself in the case brought against him by the Government. The Rt. Hon. Hugh Holmes, Attorney General of Ireland, and John G. Gibson, Solicitor-General, will conduct the prosecution against Mr. Dillon.

Bulgaria.

ANOTHER REVOLUTION THREATENED.

BUCHAREST, November 29.—At a meeting here yesterday of fugitive members of the Bulgarian Revolutionist party, headed by M. Zankoff, it was decided that a new rebellion should be attempted in Bulgaria. The meeting was held at the Hotel Kiradiazi and was participated in by M. Schakotkine. Among the Zankoffites present were M. Bendereff, Grueff and other officers who had been dismissed from the Bulgarian service because of their connection with the recent uprising. M. Schakotkine promised that the Russian Consul at Bucharest would afford the plotters protection in the event of the failure of their undertaking.

KAULBARS AND THE SULTAN.

CONSTANTINOPLE, November 29.—It is stated that Gen. Kaulbars presented to the Sultan a copy of the report on Bulgarian affairs prepared by him for the Czar, and that the Sultan requested him to convey to the Czar the warmest assurance of his regard and friendship.

KAULBARS AT ODESSA.

ODESSA, November 29.—Gen. Kaulbars has arrived here and has proceeded to St. Petersburg.

Brussels.

ENGLISHMEN ARRESTED.

BRUSSELS, November 29.—Several Englishmen have been arrested on suspicion of connection with the robbery of registered letters from the mail car of the Ostend express on Saturday.

Servia.

THE CHOLERA.

BELGRADE, November 29.—During the past week there have been fifty cases of cholera and ten deaths from the disease in the infantry barracks here.

Burmah.

AN ENCOUNTER WITH BOSHWAY.

RANGOON, November 29.—The British troops in Burmah, in a recent encounter with the forces of Boshway, killed 163 of his followers without losing a soldier. But three of the British forces were wounded.

Australia.

RAVISHERS SENTENCED TO DEATH.

SYDNEY, N. S. W., November 29.—Nine youths have been sentenced to death for committing an outrage on a 15-year-old servant girl.

DISAPPEARANCE OF THE INDIAN.

Ex-Gov. McCurtain on the Red Man's Tendency to Amalgamate.

There is a party of Indian Territory traders at the Lindell, ex-Gov. E. McCurtain, T. J. Phillips, M. B. Ainsworth and D. O. Tennant all from McAllister. They are here for pleasure and incidentally some business. Gov. McCurtain is a great brawny fellow, with an extensive paunch, huge head set low on broad shoulders, swarthy face, short black hair, bead black eyes and full lips. He wears clothes cut more for comfort than fashion and a broad-brimmed hat. He told a reporter this morning his genealogy, from which it appears he is partially a Choctaw and in part an hereditary Hibernian. His grandfather, Daniel McCurtain, was a half-breed. His mother was but one-quarter Indian. He is an example of the fate of the Indian. The association with white men and amalgamation with Caucasians is exterminating the Indian more rapidly than war or pestilence. That is the view of Gov. McCurtain. "The Indian," he said, "is passing away and as a nation the Choctaws will not exist many years. A census is taken every six years. While I was Governor I ordered a census taken. The preceding reports showed 16,000 Indians in the nation; my census showed 18,000. That was the falling off of six years. The same rate of decrease would terminate its existence in a dozen years. We had, however, admitted the negroes to citizenship on the same basis as the Indians, and as there were 4,000 negroes in the Territory at the time the census was taken we showed 17,000 citizens."

"Do the Indians and negroes amalgamate?"

"Very little. The negroes have the same rights and stand on exactly the same footing as the Indian legally, but they don't eat at the same table. They may come nearer together in time; but the Indian will more naturally amalgamate with the whites. There are comparatively few whites in the Territory, but they are thick all about its edge. They manage to enter in just large enough numbers to make an impress upon our race. If there were more whites both races would keep to themselves more; the conditions of life now throw them with each other all the time."

"Is the Indian advancing in civilization?"

"Whenever he has a chance. He is a human being and given a chance to learn he naturally improves. I can remember when I was a little shaver—when I didn't wear anything but a shirt—that a farmer who cultivated three or four acres was accounted somebody great; now so many hundred acres is not considered a great holding for an Indian farmer. Many of the Indians who own large tracts rent small farms to white men, who are allowed to live in the Territory, and live on these rentals. The old prejudice against railroads is rapidly disappearing for the people as they improve see more and more of the advantages of communication with the outside markets. Before there were any railroads there was very little land cultivated, and now every year sees the number of acres tilled nearly doubled."

"Does the Indian do anything besides farming?"

"He trades a great deal, and generally gets all the advantage there is in the trade. There are classes with us as with the white people here. Some are leaders, some are the middle people, and some are very ignorant and thriftless. The lower class people always trade through one of the better class when they are dealing with outsiders. One of them who wishes to buy goods at the store will come and tell me what he wants and I write a list, which he takes to the store-keeper. That is the only way they will trade at the stores."

"Do the natives cling to Indian languages?"

"Throughout the Territory few Indians converse as a rule in English. The language of the white man has not obtained so much among us as his customs. But nearly all the Indians can understand English. The St. Louis & San Francisco Railroad is building its line through the Territory very rapidly and is going to bring the bulk of the trade of the territory to St. Louis."

Gov. McCurtain, though he says he did not know an English word till he was over 14 years of age, speakes more purely than the average Western white man. He is careful in his choice of words, and has a copious vocabulary.

A FAMILY QUARREL,

Which Caused Four Men to Appear Before Judge Cady.

Joseph, Charles and Frank Baburick and James Anderson were tried before Judge Cady this morning on charges of disturbing the peace. Charles and Frank Baburick are brothers, while Joseph is their cousin and Anderson is a brother-in-law of Frank, his sister having married Baburick. For the past week, however, Frank and his wife have not been living together. They all live down on Jackson street in a district known as "Irish Valley." At 10:30 last night the Baburicks, who had been drinking, called at the house of the parents of Frank's wife, where both she and her brother have been living. They shook hands with James Anderson and then Frank demanded his clothes. A row ensued and Frank Baburick was struck over the head by Anderson with a chair, and the latter claims to have been shot in the right eye. He said this morning that he thought Frank Baburick had fired the shot, but was not sure; and claimed that the bullet was still in his eye, and that he was under the care of physicians. The Baburicks all claimed that no shot was fired, and no one appeared to have heard any fired except the Anderson family. Officer Blind, who arrested the four young men, said he found no revolver on any of them. The Baburicks alleged that they merely went to the house after Frank's clothing, but Anderson claimed they came there to create trouble, and said the three all stepped him in the face before he picked up the chair to hit Frank. Judge Cady held them all until he could have a surgeon make an examination of Anderson's eye to see if he had been shot.

Dr. Dorsett, who examined Anderson's eye, was unable to state positively how the injury had been caused, but was of the opinion that the eye had been struck by a bullet glancing off some harder substance which it hit first. There is a chance of its being saved.

Judge Cady fined Frank Baburick $250, Joseph and Charles $10 each and Anderson costs.

TO LEAVE TOWN.

The Sentence in the Case of an Habitual Wife-Beater.

Antone Bartos, an old-time wife-beater, was before Judge Cady this morning on the old charge of disturbing the peace of his family. Saturday night he got drunk, and going to the home of his family, No. 1118 South Twenty-second street, he went through his usual proceeding of smashing up all the furniture in the house, running the family out and threatening to kill them all. Judge Cady fined him $100 and gave him until 4 o'clock this afternoon to leave the city. He concluded this was the best way to deal with him, as every time Bartos is sent to the Work-house he beats his family as soon as he gets out. He is one of the worst cases the Court has had to deal with. A couple of years ago he drove his wife and family out of the house while in a drunken rage, leaving no one in the house but himself with his infant, which was on its death bed. The child died and he was arrested, but after sobering up pretended to be so penitent that the case against him was dismissed. Since then he has been sent to the Work-house several times for disturbing the peace of his family, and is only recently out of that institution. He has driven from home his son, who was the only support of the family.

In the interview with Mr. G. W. Agee, superintendent of the Southern Express Company, as published Saturday, the reflection on the management of the search for Jim Cummings was not warranted by anything Mr. Agee said. He was not engaged in the case and made no criticism of the work done by the detectives or the Adams Express Company.

SHOCKS THEIR EYE.

THE EVANGELICAL ALLIANCE SEES NO BEAUTY IN THE BALLET.

Resolutions on the American Opera Adopted To-Day by the Ministers—Objectionable Features Hinted at—Remarks by Drs. Boyd and Felton—President Kennard on the Subject.

The Evangelical Alliance took hold of things with a firm grip at its meeting this morning. No successor to Dr. Wilson having yet been elected, Rev. Dr. Robert Brank of Central Presbyterian Church presided. After devotional exercises Rev. Dr. John Matthews of the Centenary M. E. Church was elected to the Board of Counselors in place of Rev. C. O. Jones, who has left the city. On the suggestion of Rev. C. M. Felton, D. D., of Union M. E. Church, Rev. Dr. Koeneke of the German Methodists was put on the Board of Counselors to give the German pastors a voice in administering the affairs of the Alliance. The discussion of the day was then called. It was to have been on the Sunday question, and Rev. Dr. J. H. Brookes' paper, which has been pending for six months, was to have been read, and Dr. Felton was to have followed. But in acknowledgment of the sad affliction which has befallen Dr. Brookes' family and kept him absent, the Alliance postponed the subject till next month.

THE OPERA BALLET.

No subject being before the house Dr. Felton arose and said: "The papers have brought to our notice the arrangements being made for the opening of the American Opera Festival, which is said to have a questionable ballet attachment. Good Presbyterians in other cities are moving against the ballet, and so, Mr. President, I move that a committee of three be appointed to draft a resolution immediately on the subject of the ballet."

The attention of the ministers was wandering when Dr. Felton began, but he hadn't said ten words when all the brethren were looking at each other. They had handled base ball games and Buffalo Bill's Wild West, but this ballet question was so dangerously delicate and compromising to express any opinions on that there was a sudden silence for a few minutes before the motion was put. It was carried without dissent and Dr. Felton as chairman, Rev. S. J. Niccolls, D. D., of the Second Presbyterian Church, Rev. F. R. Hill, D. D., of the First M. E. Church, and Rev. Mosheim Rhodes, D. D., of St. Mark's Evangelical Lutheran Church were appointed the committee. They retired, and after a consultation of a quarter of an hour, came in, and Dr. Rhodes presented their report, as follows:

THE RESOLUTION.

Whereas, The season of public amusement is upon us; and whereas some of these indulgences have a decidedly corrupting tendency; Therefore

Resolved, 1. That we earnestly counsel all Christian people to refrain from patronizing such amusements as present spectacular representations of sensuality, or are manifestly immoral in their influence and destructive of spiritual light.

2. That we regret to learn, upon what seems to be good authority, that such objectionable features belong to some of the performances of the American Opera Company.

The President said: "You have heard the report of the Committee on Opera, are there any remarks?" "Committee on Opera" was such a startling innovation in the proceedings of the Alliance that each looked at each with surprise.

WHAT IT MEANT.

There was another silence, and then Presiding Elder Finney of the Southern Methodist Church wanted to know what it all meant, and called on Dr. Felton, who turned the subject over to Rev. W. F. Boyd, D. D., who didn't flinch at all in enlightening his brethren. His opinion was that the American Opera Company being backed by respectable people and holding its entertainments in as clean a place as Music Hall, naturally cause a great many persons to attend under the belief that the opera is clean and decent. The ballet in connection with it is condemnable, and the resolutions were simply a protest against the ballet attachment.

Dr. Felton followed in further explanation. He didn't want it understood that the resolutions were directed against opera pure and simple, or as being intended to take away from anybody who was instructed and benefited by music the opportunity of listening to a pure opera.

This ended the discussion and the resolutions were unanimously adopted with a loud chorus of yeas.

After the vote the Alliance adjourned with benediction by the President.

CHOICE OF A CHAPLAIN.

While the committee on opera had been deliberating, Dr. Boyd's report as chairman of the committee on a chapiain for the public institutions was called for. He reported that the committee had met only once but had formed the plan of having the pastors of different churches near the institutions visit those places. The cost could be apportioned among the churches who could thus also aid the pastors with small salaries. A motion to distribute the work as suggested was carried and Dr. Boyd said the committee would report at the next meeting the names of at least six pastors to do the work.

DR. BOYD ON CATHOLIC WORSHIP.

In the course of the discussion on his plan, Dr. Boyd declared that the Catholics had a right to erect their paraphernalia in the city hospitals, as they had a right to their kind of worship. He was temporarily floored by his brother Baptist, Rev. Wm. Harris, who asked if the City Hospital would give him the right to erect a baptistry. Dr. Boyd replied: "No, because you belong to the Alliance."

PRESIDENT KENNARD TALKS.

President S. M. Kennard of the Exposition was unanimously elected when called upon by a POST-DISPATCH reporter. When the action of the Ministerial Alliance was called to his attention he said:

"I have nothing to say."

"Didn't Mrs. Thurber speak to the Exposition Board last spring about the St. Louis opposition to the ballet—that is, wasn't there some talk on the subject?"

"Yes, we had some talk, but I don't remember what it was."

"Do you indorse the action of the Alliance in their stand against the ballet?"

"I am not in the habit of indorsing action on a subject I don't know anything about."

"But you know what the ballet of the American opera is?"

"No, I never saw the ballet."

"But you have heard it described?"

"No, I haven't heard it described. And," he continued with a smile, "I have no opinion to give for publication."

THE STATE CAPITAL.

Auditor Walker's Biennial Report—Calling on the Governor.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

JEFFERSON CITY, November 29.—State Auditor Walker's biennial report is now ready for the printer. It will embrace the usual statistical and historical information heretofore set forth in the auditor's report and will be fully as interesting as any of the auditor's previous reports.

Police Commissioner Ed Wilkerson of St. Louis and J. H. Carroll of the Unionville (Putnam County) Democrat, are in the city on business with the Governor.

A light snow has been falling all morning.

Belleville.

The announcement that the Pope has divided the Alton Roman Catholic diocese, forming the southern part into a new diocese with the see at Belleville, was not unexpected news to the Catholics of this city, as such a division has been much agitated by the Catholic clergy ever since the death of Bishop Baltes. The cablegram published this morning does not state who has been selected to be the bishop of the diocese, but there is hardly any doubt Vicar-General Janssa will receive the appointment. The news of the Pope's action was the cause of much rejoicing here among the Catholics.

A man named Caspar Lorscher, employed at the York mines, situated about two miles west of the city, was killed by a fall of slate Saturday evening.

At a meeting of the Clerks' Association Saturday evening it was decided to give a ball at the City Park Hall on the evening of December 4.

The dead body of a female child was found by a couple of boys Saturday evening in a vacant lot in Oakland Addition. The Coroner held an inquest and gave it as his opinion that the child had been born alive.

TOUR OF INSPECTION.

State Investigators Looking Into Conduct of State Institutions.

The committee appointed by Gov. Marmaduke to examine the State institutions, consisting of Senator Wm. G. Downing, Canton; Representative J. W. Alexander, Daviess County, are at the Lindell Hotel. Another member of the committee, Representative S. K. Crawford, Benton County, will arrive tonight. The secretary of the committee is F. S. Schofield of Canton. The gentlemen met here last week, organized for the work and spent Friday and Saturday in the examination of the Third District Normal School at Cape Girardeau. They found the institution in a satisfactory condition, and this afternoon began the examination of the Missouri School for the Blind. To-morrow they will finish this examination and will visit the Insane Asylum, which, though it is not strictly a State institution, is partially supported by State funds, the committee visited on invitation. They expect to finish their work here on Wednesday and will spend Thursday and Friday at Rolla in the examination of the School of Mines at that place; on Monday they will be at Nevada in the examination of the Lunatic Asylum No. 3; on Tuesday and Wednesday at Warrensburgh, examining second District Normal School; Friday and Saturday at St. Joseph, examining Lunatic Asylum No. 2; Monday and Tuesday, December 6 and 7, at Kirksville, examining the First District Normal School; Wednesday and Thursday, Columbia State University; Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday of the following week at Fulton, examining the State Lunatic Asylum and the Deaf and Dumb School.

Mr. Schofield says the committee is organized for work, intends to make thorough examinations of the various institutions and report truthfully what they find. Their investigation will include examinations of buildings, books and condition of inmates. It is not a junketing expedition, he says, the committee receives entertainment from no one or favors of any kind.

EX-ALDERMAN M'QUADE.

The Second Trial of the Boodler Begun To-Day—Selecting a Jury.

NEW YORK, November 29.—The second trial of Arthur J. McQuade, ex-Alderman, accused of being offered a bribe in consideration of his vote on the Broadway Surface Railroad franchise, was fixed to begin to-day. When the mass of eager people went hurrying up the stairs of the Court of General Sessions, they found before the doors of Part 1, a bar with a sliding gate. Behind this no one was admitted except court officers, jurors, reporters, and the accused, with his counsel. McQuade talked pleasantly with his counsel, among whom was Richard Newcombe, despite the rumors that he had withdrawn from the case. District Attorney Martine, with his assistants, Col. Fellows and Delancey Nicoll, were on hand early. Recorder Smyth opened court at 11:15 a. m.

SELECTING A JURY.

The calling of the talesmen in the special panel to select a jury to try McQuade then began. The first juror obtained was John H. Bambach, a tonsorial artist in Sixth avenue. The audience smiled broadly as he gave his occupation. He knew ex-Alderman Wendel, had met Sayles, had read about McQuade's first trial, had an impression but it would not influence his verdict. Had no prejudice against the evidence of an accomplice. Counsel for defense objected to the line of questions, as it foreshadowed the juror's action. After argument Recorder admitted the form of questions. The juror was accepted and sworn as the foreman of the jury. Six succeeding talesmen were excused for bias or challenged.

MATTERS IN COURT.

Mailing an Obscene Letter—Conviction for a Fraudulent Pension Claim—Legal Notes.

W. G. Smith of Edina, a clerk in a store, was arrested and brought in to-day on the charge of mailing an obscene letter to a young lady. His case will receive attention from the Grand-Jury.

The jury in the United States District Court to-day brought in a verdict of guilty in the case of Mrs. Christine Feder, charged with presenting a fraudulent pension claim. Sentence was deferred.

William Short of Carter County, who was indicted in connection with the illicit distilling cases in Southeast Missouri, gave bond to-day in the United States District Court for his appearance at the May term.

Mary Mooney has entered suit for a decree of divorce from Thomas Mooney. She alleges that he gave way to habits of opium and drinking; that he squandered his money in that way, and that he ill-treated his stepdaughter.

The following judgments were rendered today in the Circuit Court: S. P. Galt vs. Moritz Meyer, judgment for plaintiff for $325; Antoine E. Cartier vs. H. C. Young, judgment for $1,911; Edu Claire Lumber Company vs. Henry Meyer and Albert J. Maltzahn, judgment for $137.85. A. Lapp vs. Frank Alexe judgment for $213.83.

Schefel Bros. brought an attachment suit this afternoon against George Blackman & Co. to recover $460.

The suit of Chas. E. Giraldin against Azel B. Howard was dismissed to-day by Judge Thayer.

Judge Thayer to-day overruled the motion to increase alimony in the Manly case.

Divorces Granted.

The following decrees of divorce were granted by default this afternoon in the Circuit Court: Cora Elizabeth Kapp against John Kapp; Frances E. Miller against George W. Miller; Lucy Jones against Silas Jones; Minnie against Chas. Baumeister; Mary against George W. Greene; Lizzie E. against Robert Schmidt; Jesse T. against Louisa V. McKinney; Bernard against Virginia A. Huff; Anna against Christian Luecke; James H. against Jeanie E. Clarke; Louis against Susie Barnard; Robenia Jacobsohn against William Jacobsohn; W. Christopher against Florence Christopher; Datie B. Ranick against Wm. H. Renick; Minnie Betsber against William Betsber; Eric Austin against Edward A. Austin.

New Warrants.

A warrant was issued this morning charging Rudolph Kurtz with the embezzlement of $35 from Hesse & Frederick and another charging William Able with receiving stolen property. Kurtz is the errand boy who was employed by the above named firm and when given a check for $35 on the Continental Bank last Saturday to have cashed, did not return with the money and Able is the young man who helped him spend the money.

William Mateker is charged with defrauding Fred Kull out of a bass viol valued at $25. Last Saturday evening Mateker is alleged to have called at Kull's house and told the latter's wife that her husband had sent him for the instrument as he wanted to play at a wedding that evening. The husband denied offering to loan it to him, and the viol was never returned.

Joe Grumneck of 3234 North Ninth street charges Frank Harris with assault to kill.

Belle Foley is accused of stealing $18 from George Davis.

Charles Brockmeyer alleges that Joseph Stumpf stole a pair of pants.

Pat Spellman is charged with stealing a pair of shoes from Anna Beasly.

Bitten by a Vicious Dog.

Early this morning a boy named John W. Gans, living at No. 3145 Caroline street, was set upon by a large dog, while walking down Pism street, near Fourth street. Before the boy was rescued from the vicious brute his left arm, hip and leg were lacerated terribly. The boy was taken to the City Dispensary, where Dr. Outzey dressed the wounds, after which the boy was sent to his home at the above number.

A LIVELY WRANGLE.

THE CO-OPERATIVE PACKING-HOUSE PROJECT DENOUNCED.

The Striking Tanners of Salem, Mass., Surrender Unconditionally to the Bosses—Miners Make a Demand for Increased Wages—Armour & Co. Deny a Silly Rumor.

CHICAGO, November 29.—The gentlemen who are trying to organize the Knights of Labor Co-operative Packing Company appear to be having a hard time of it from outside influence and opposition. The leading men in the yards favor the scheme, and have offered to pay for their share of stock at once, but so far no money has been paid into the commission for incorporation. The feeling comes from antagonistic Socialistic elements, who are not in the trade themselves and who think it will have a bad effect on universal co-operation, even though not less than 500 wage-workers can hold the stock.

At a meeting of English-speaking Socialists yesterday, Morgan, one of the principal opponents of the co-operative scheme, read a paper on the subject. He held that the scheme should be opposed, as it would benefit, if successful, but a few men—the stockholders. In due time they would acquire some wealth and thus adopt monopolistic tendencies. The scheme was simply a co-operation of individuals in a corporation to gain money. When these men became wealthy or got any money they would lose their interest in the wage workers and thus be a bar to the universal co-operation of a socialism of the State. Again the scheme was not feasible as the wealthy packers would crush them out by selling at lower figures than they could possibly afford, and with the selfish nature of man the public, wage-workers included, would buy where it could get meat the cheapest. The Chairman called for debate on the question. Only one man spoke for it.

The Tanners' Strike.

SALEM, Mass., November 29.—The great strike of the tanners and curriers of Peabody and Salem, which began on July 12 with a demand that fifty-nine hours constitute a week's work, was officially ended Saturday, when the various assemblies of the knights of Labor of the two towns met in mass meeting and declared the strike off. The men were advised to return to work wherever they could get it. The surrender was most complete, every point at issue being yielded, but it comes too late to be of much service to the strikers, the great body of whom have not only lost their jobs but will now lose even the pittance they have been receiving during the strike from the District Assembly of the Knights of Labor. They ask to be permitted to return to work at the old terms, but except in the case of a few skilled men this is now impossible, as the tanners have long been running with non-union men, and the manufacturers will adhere to the plan mapped out in the first place and refuse to place themselves in the hands of the Knights. It is a severe blow to the organization in this vicinity, and the coming scramble for work will make it still more difficult for the Knights and Union to stand together. It is estimated that only about a hundred of the several thousands in Salem and Peabody will secure work in those places for some time to come. This will cause a good deal of suffering. Already many appeals have been made to the overseers of the poor for aid, and many of the families of the strikers will be dependent entirely upon charity.

Miners Want More Wages.

PITTSBURG, Pa., November 29.—The Secretary of Assembly No. 90, Knights of Labor, comprising the miners of the Monongahela and Youghiogheny rivers, has addressed a letter to the coal operators, requesting an advance in wages, giving them until December 2, to reply. If no answer is received a convention will be called for the purpose of taking final action. There are 7,000 miners in the four pools which comprise the district. The operators are willing to confer with them, but say the market will not justify higher wages. A joint convention of the miners belonging to the Knights of Labor and the members of the Miners Association will be held at Scottdale, December 4, to decide upon united action in the event of a strike in the Connellsville coke region.

The Packers' Troubles.

CHICAGO, November 29.—A representative of Armour & Co. who was seen this morning in regard to the telegram from Louisville which announces that great numbers of live hogs had been shipped to that place to be slaughtered and the dressed meat returned to Chicago, said emphatically: "That dispatch is all bosh. Armour & Co. have enough packing-houses of their own to do the work necessary. We have shipped no cattle there to be slaughtered, and I hardly think we shall. That report must have been dreamed by a Louisville man, for we know no more about it than yourself."

Rioters Set Free.

MILWAUKEE, November 29.—In the cases of Carl Muszfeldt, John Runge and August Guts, the Milwaukee Garden rioters, Judge Sloan this morning suspended sentence. The prisoners were immediately freed.

RAILWAY NEWS.

General Manager Clark to Arrive To-Morrow—Notes and Gossip.

The El Paso Freight Association, composed of the Missouri Pacific, Santa Fe, Texas Pacific, Southern Pacific and Michigan Central roads, is holding a session at the Southern to-day. The object of this meeting is to talk over pool matters and arrange rates to the City of Mexico, also to points in Arizona and New Mexico.

J. T. Ripley, Commissioner of the Wabash-C., B. & Q. pool, is holding a levee in room 34 at the Southern to-day to audit pool accounts.

S. H. H. Clark, the newly elected First Vice-President of the Missouri Pacific, will arrive in the city to-morrow night or Wednesday morning.

A special train will be run as far as Staunton on the Wabash to-morrow afternoon for the purpose of exhibiting the new buffet cars of the New York Central pattern. A select party has been invited to participate.

At the next meeting of the Western Association of General Passenger and Ticket Agents, to be held here on Wednesday, December 1, the election of officers for the ensuing year will take place.

The Vandalia had in seven passenger trains yesterday, carrying over 1,500 people and sixteen cars of baggage.

The Freight Department representatives of the Union Pacific, Santa Fe, Southern Kansas, Fort Scott and Gulf, Frisco and Missouri Pacific met at the Southern this morning to arrange rates to Kansas points. The Committee on Arbitration composed of J. Waldo, H. D. Bogue, E. F. Vining and Wm. Deneen, failed to agree on terms at the Saturday meeting and went to Chicago. This committee not reporting, the meeting to-day will adjourn till Wednesday, the last day the arbitrators have to come to an agreement.

AN ANARCHIST'S CRIME.

Frank Kerner Confesses to Murdering His Wife and Setting Fire to His House.

READING, Pa., November 29.—An investigation to-day of the house of Frank Kerner, who choked his wife to death and then set the building on fire to destroy the evidence of his crime, shows that he had also made preparations to blow it up by running a fuse from the upper floor into a keg of powder below. His intention was evidently to blow himself up and the entire family because, as he says, God had commanded him to do it. Kerner has made a confession, detailing how he strangled his wife, then dragged her up-stairs to the bed, poured coal oil over it and set it on fire. He is an anarchist in his views.

LADY CAMPBELL'S CASE.

MR. FINLAY RESUMES HIS STATEMENT FOR THE DEFENSE.

Proof to Be Furnished of the Allegations Against Lady Campbell—Her Relations with the Duke of Marlborough, Gen. Butler, Dr. Bird and Fire Chief Shaw Set Forth in Detail—A Sensational Statement.

LONDON, November 29.—In the Campbell divorce case to-day, Mr. Finlay, for the defense, continued the presentation of Lord Colin Campbell's case. If Lady Campbell had believed, the lawyer argued, that her husband had communicated a malady to her, she would have mentioned the fact to him, but this she had never done.

The Judge, interrupting, said that that argument related entirely to the cruelty alleged in the petition as one of the grounds for divorce, and as said cruelty had been proven in the former trial in which the plaintiff had obtained a decree of separation on that ground alone, he must now refuse to allow the allegation to be contested, and should direct the jury to find that the defendant had given to the plaintiff some kind of disease as alleged.

FALSE ALLEGATIONS.

Mr. Finlay, resuming, said all of the plaintiff's allegations in her petition were false and had been made to intimidate, and had since been withdrawn, except one charge, the truth or falsity of which could be known only to Lady Campbell herself. The defense, however, had evidence that would shed a flood of light upon Lady Colin's proceedings in Paris, in regard to that charge even. Allowance must be made, counsel continued, for Lord Colin's action in asking the Paris police to arrest his wife and lock her up in the prostitute's prison, because at that time the defendant believed that his wife was living there in adultery with the Duke of Marlborough. Four persons, Mr. Finlay went on, were accused of having been criminally intimate with Lady Colin Campbell.

A DELICATE TILT.

Here Mr. Russell, plaintiff's counsel, interrupted, saying: "Five."

"Not necessarily five," retorted Mr. Finlay.

"Oh, Mr. Finlay!" exclaimed Mr. Russell.

The defendant's counsel then continued: Lady Campbell had written to the Duke of Marlborough as "Dear George." He had taken her home at 2 o'clock in the morning, gone up stairs with her and remained with her twenty minutes. On one occasion, when he came to tea, the servant that took tea up to Lady Campbell found the drawing-room door locked, and a little later found it unlocked, and saw that Lady Campbell's hair was disarranged, her face flushed and the furniture out of place. On these occasions, counsel contended, the plaintiff had doubtlessly misbehaved. Lady Campbell's maid would be called and would prove that on more than one occasion while plaintiff was living alone her couch at Leigh Court was occupied by more than one person. A servant and two independent witnesses would testify that plaintiff had committed acts of infidelity in the Purfleet Hotel.

DR. BIRD AND THE PLAINTIFF.

Dr. Bird and Lady Campbell at one time were constantly together, and whenever he called plaintiff used to give orders that she was not to be disturbed during his presence. Once a cab-man saw Dr. Bird and Lady Campbell while returning from a charitable concert in the East End, caressing each other in the cab. On this occasion they were driven to Dr. Bird's house, and both went in. The cab-man remained outside, and Lady Campbell stayed so long that he drove away. It would also be shown that when Dr. Bird visited Lady Campbell professionally he would remain for hours at her bedside in a darkened room. Referring to Chief Shaw of the London Fire Brigade, Mr. Finlay said Lady Campbell met the Chief in an unfurnished drawing-room in Cadogan place, in 1881, and remained with him an hour, and during that time with him alone in a dining-room under conditions which would convince the jury that plaintiff and Chief Shaw were wrongdoing.

SERIOUS ASSERTIONS.

The evidence connecting Lady Colin Campbell with Gen. Butler largely referred to the length of time he remained when he called upon the plaintiff. Two shameless women had concocted the story of Lord Colin's criminal intimacy with his wife's maid, Mary Watson. The defense would produce two surgeons who would swear that Mary Watson was virgo intacta at the time; therefore it was impossible that the defendant could have been guilty of adultery with her.

At this point Mr. Finlay denounced with great excitement and passion what he called the infamous fraud and perjury and shameless conduct of Lady Miles and Lady Colin Campbell. [Sensation.] He accused Lady Miles of prostituting her prayer-book by inserting therein the dates of Lord Colin Campbell's alleged wrong doings, for the purpose of facecumulating data upon which to found the present suit.

$25 OPERA GLASSES $3.50 TO $25.

Most beautiful collection ever shown.

Come and see our splendid stock and very low prices,

CORNER 4TH AND LOCUST.

☞The opera is coming. Buy now.

WASHINGTON.

The St. Louis Delegation Before Indian Commissioner Atkins.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

WASHINGTON, D. C., November 29.—Seth W. Cobb, Maj. Rainwater, E. F. Kelly and Upton M. Young called upon Commissioner of Indian Affairs Atkins this morning and made extended remarks in support of St. Louis as a distributing and purchasing point for Indian supplies. They will call again to-morrow upon the Commissioner and submit further information.

Gen. Miles' Charges.

WASHINGTON, D. C., November 29.—The Board of Commissioners of the Military Prison, which was directed to inquire into the charges made by Gen. Miles to the effect that the shoes furnished to Lawton's command were of inferior quality, has made a thorough investigation of the workings of the Government shoe factory at the Fort Leavenworth Military prison. They have reported to the Secretary of War that the best material is used in the factory, and the workmanship is good. In the case of Lawton's command the shoes were subjected to extraordinary wear over the roughest country. Where the shoes gave out within a month the men have been reimbursed, in accordance with the army regulations.

Issue of Standard Silver Dollars.

WASHINGTON, D. C., November 29.—The issue of standard silver dollars from the mints during the week ended November 27 was $585,000; same week last year $659,884. The shipments of fractional silver coin since November 3 amount to $683,391.

THE looms do not weave, the artist does not design, the skilled workman does not construct finer, more fashionable, better fitting, or better made garments than are exhibited in the young men's department of the When Clothing Store. Our own manufacture, and we save you one profit.

Plate-Glass Works Burned.

PITTSBURG, Pa., November 29.—The Pittsburg Plate-Glass Works at Creighton Station, on the West Pennsylvania Road, twenty miles from this city are burning. The works are the largest in the country, and, if the fire is not soon controlled, the loss will be heavy. The fire was caused by an explosion of natural gas and did not get beyond the machinery and foundry departments which were entirely destroyed. The main building was not damaged. The loss was $35,0000, fully insured.

Nobby Walking Sticks.

100 styles for Christmas gifts. Don't fail to see them.

E. JACCARD JEWELRY CO.,
307 N. Fourth st.

We are not on the corner.

Small Stealings.

At 10:30 o'clock last night while C. Partsche, a shoemaker at 611 Walnut street, was walking down Elm between Second and Third streets on his way to his home, No. 219 South Second street, a thief snatched his overcoat, valued at $30, from his arm and made good his escape.

A boy's suit, valued at $16, was stolen from the room of Louis Wendell at 2307 Chouteau avenue at 1 o'clock yesterday morning.

While Fred Bruse of No. 2101 North Fourteenth street was in the Daly Brothers' saloon, No. 14 North Seventh street, last night, his pocket was picked of a gold watch and brass chain.

An overcoat, valued at $12, was stolen from Louis Hays, colored, out of the stable in the rear of No. 3226 Bell street.

A TERRIBLE SACRIFICE

Never Before Heard Of.

2,000 children's nobby suits and overcoats reduced to 95 cents; 3,000 children's fine suits and overcoats reduced to $3 in the great reduction sale at the

GLOBE, 705 to 713 Franklin avenue.

A FRIGHTFUL LEAP.

William Kurz Jumps from the Brooklyn Bridge and Is Fatally Injured.

NEW YORK, November 29.—A brewery wagon started from the New York entrance at 1:40 p. m. to go over the bridge to Brooklyn. After the wagon passed the New York pier a bridge policeman noticed something resembling a bundle of coats in the end of the wagon. This bundle assumed an upright position and turned out to be a man. The man jumped lightly from the vehicle to the roadway, mounted the iron girder that encloses it, and without hesitating a moment leaped off. He shot straight down into the river. An officer ashore was the only one who had seen the man leap. He rushed into the roadway and ordered the driver to stop. The driver was surprised at the order and demanded an explanation. On being informed it was evident from his astonishment that he was ignorant of the matter. The name of the man who made the leap is William Kurz.

An eye-witness who was on the Dover street pier said to a reporter: "I was looking up at the bridge and saw a man get over the railing next to a lamp-post outside the New York tower. He clung to the rail for a moment and then let go. He turned two 'somersets' in the air, and fell on his back in the water. He disappeared at once. The water seemed to suck him in, and the spray splashed up several feet in the air."

Policeman James O'Neil of the bridge squad arrived a few minutes later. He took the tug Columbia out to pick up Kurz. The captain of a lighter steamer went out and picked up Kurz before the tug arrived. The jumper was under the water about five minutes. When picked up he was frothing at the mouth and was too exhausted to speak. His face had a yellow look and his eyes were glassy and vacant in expression. At the station he was able to talk. He told the officer in charge that he wanted to commit suicide. He complained of a pain in his head and side, and began to rave. He was taken from the station to the Chambers Street Hospital, where he was found to be suffering from the shock of the concussion. It is thought that he will recover. When asked his reason for the jump he replied: "I wish I was dead."

5,000 pairs men's good Union Cassimere pants, reduced to ninety-five cents; 1,000 men's $5 fine cassimere pants, reduced to $3 and $3.50 in the great reduction sale at the

GLOBE, 705 to 713 Franklin avenue.

CHICAGO'S SENSATION.

Mrs. Annie Ferry, Daughter of Millionaire Farwell, Sues for a Divorce.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

CHICAGO, Ill., November 29.—Mrs. Annie Farwell Ferry, the daughter of Millionaire John V. Farwell, has commenced a suit for divorce. She makes sensational charges against her husband.

Opera Glasses.

Just received 200 pair latest European novelties, at very low prices. Make your selections for Christmas.

E. JACCARD JEWELRY CO.,
307 N. Fourth st.

We are not on the corner.

A Bold Lineman.

MILWAUKEE, November 29.—A special to the Evening Wisconsin from Manistee, Mich., says the tug A. P. Wright went ashore three miles north of that place at 8 o'clock this morning. The crew was rescued by the Manistee life-saving crew. The tug was towing the schooner A. J. Dewey when the line became entangled in her wheel. Thus disabled she drifted on the beach. Lineman Hilliard Dardorth swam ashore at the risk of his life and procured assistance.

Buy Your Hats and Caps Now.

200 doz. Jersey caps at 5 cents; 300 doz. men's and boys' hats and caps reduced to 25 and 50 cents; men's $3 nobby Youman and Dunlap shape stiff hats at $1.50 in the great reduction sale at the

GLOBE, 705 to 713 Franklin avenue.

Chloroformed and Robbed.

MILWAUKEE, November 29.—A special to the Evening Wisconsin from Chilton, Wis., says the family of Joseph Kellar, dealer in general merchandise, was chloroformed by burglars on Saturday night. The thieves secured $375 in cash and about $300 worth of goods, which they carried off in a wagon. No clew to the robbers.

MEN'S heavy winter suits reduced to $2.95; men's fine corkscrew and cassimere suits reduced to $4.95 in the great reduction sale at the

GLOBE, 705 to 713 Franklin avenue.

A Beach Schooner Released.

MILWAUKEE, November 29.—A special from Sand Beach, Lake Huron, to the Evening Wisconsin, says the schooner James F. Joy was released from the beach by the tug Castle after Jettisoning 100 tons of ore. The schooner's crew is all right. They suffered considerably by exposure, however.

Card Cases and Portfolios.

We call your special attention to our large stock of these goods, and we feel positive our prices will please you. Nice for Christmas gifts.

E. JACCARD JEWELRY CO.,
307 North Fourth street.

We are not on the corner.

A Grocer's Suicide.

CHICAGO, November 29.—To-day at noon in the Grand Pacific Hotel Wm. Shaffenberg, a grocer of this city, walked to a mirror and, putting the muzzle of a pistol to his forehead, blew his brains out.

1,500 men's heavy winter suits reduced to $2.95; 1,000 good corkscrew and cassimere suits reduced to $4.95, in the great reduction sale at the

GLOBE, 705-713 Franklin avenue.

Her Strong Point.

She does not prate of Browning,
Whose works you have not read,
There is no laurel crowning
Her shapely little head.
She is not versed in Schiller
And Goethe and the rest,
She has no store of "stiller"
As you perchance have guessed.

With Kamp and Schopenhauer
Her speech she will not load;
But fortune other power
Upon her has bestowed.
Though Mill and Darwin tire her,
As she will frankly state,
Yet still% must admire her—
Her pumpkin pies are great.

—[Rambler.

TORLINA & WEBER'S bankrupt stock of boots and shoes—twenty-five cents off on every dollar to-morrow at the

GLOBE, 705 to 713 Franklin avenue.

PAT MOONEY and Private Watchman Thromby extinguished a blaze which hot ashes had started in some barrels in the rear of I. B. Curtis' residence, No. 2702 Pine street, at 2 o'clock this morning.

TORLINA & WEBER'S bankrupt stock of boots and shoes—twenty-five cents off on every dollar to-morrow at the

GLOBE, 705 to 713 Franklin avenue.

MADLY JEALOUS.

CURIOUS REVELATIONS IN THE RUMSEY DIVORCE CASE TO-DAY.

A Disappointing Baby Who Should Have Been a Boy—Mr. Rumsey's Sardonic Grin and Penchant for Cambric Night Gowns—He Didn't Like Cosmetics and Objected to Her Mother—Other Eccentricities—The Divorce Refused.

The divorce proceedings in the case of Mrs. Mamie I. Rumsey vs. Wm. C. Rumsey were heard in court room No. 4 this morning before Judge Dillon. It will be remembered that the suit of Mr. Rumsey last spring was dismissed with a refusal by Judge Thayer.

On the call of Mrs. Rumsey's case this morning, after the reading of the petition the fair plaintiff took the stand. She is a most attractive lady in face and figure. Her hair is a chestnut brown. The eyebrows are a bit darker and long lashes veil the expressive eyes of violet blue. The lips are rosebuds pouting in a sisterhood of petulant perplexity, and the oval face and luxuriant chin glow with the soft texture of a peach. The prevailing expression of the face is a slight upward movement of the brows, which gather in a look of doubt and give the countenance that appearance of an imminent ween, that clothes the face of the wayward child who sees its toy balloon fading in the distant azure.

The lady was accompanied by her sister, who is much like her in appearance, and Helen, the infant baby of the Rumseys, who piped up her childish treble when things went to suit her in the court-room.

MRS. RUMSEY

testified that she had married the defendant in January, 1884, and lived with him until the filing of his application in January, 1886. His unreasonable jealousy manifested itself two hours after their marriage, and had for its object a gentleman who wrote a newspaper description of the wedding. Mr. Rumsey's mania, according to the witness, seemed to be an ever-present impression that she was seeking the admiration of strange gentlemen. On their wedding trip, while alighting from the cars at a place called Milan, he jerked her from the platform of the sleeper and clear over the step which the porter had placed for the passengers because he said she was looking back into the car at some young fellows in it. While living on Dayton street at No. 2903 he was constantly accusing her of flirting with a young man who boarded at 2901, and with another who lived at 2903 Dayton street. In the presence of her sister he had said: "For God's sake stop looking at that fellow." In the summer of 1885 the husband had asked her to explain why gentlemen alway drove so slowly past their house, a custom for which she was in nowise responsible. While living on Thomas street he had accused her of flirting with two men who lived opposite. She had remarked that one was rather good-looking and upon that provocation he had offered to bribe the gentleman over and allow her to spend an evening with him. He had then laughed. The witness said that there was something the matter with the defendant's throat which made his laugh inimitable and irritating, and that he took advantage of his affliction to lend a repulsiveness to his exclamations. Witness' sister Kitty was usually present on these occasions as Mr. Rumsey objected to the plaintiff's holding their baby and sister "Kit" was acting as nurse. Rumsey was mean and hateful and horrid. He was jealous of a young man who sat near his wife in a street-car. When she once looked into a saloon they were passing he held her by the arm and made her stand and gaze until she had what he called 'enough.' He had quarreled with her for taking

THE LANDLORD

of their house into her room to show him the wall-paper. He had refused to go down town with her because she painted her cheeks and had left her alone and unprotected in a street-car on Trade's procession night, while he went off with sister Kit. He refused to allow the witness to visit her mother and when she had carried her mother some bags and a few articles of clothing he reminded her that charity began at home. He had been jealous and quarrelled with her because she saw the doctor, who called to tell her of her mother's condition. His antipathy to her mother and her family with the exception of Kit was so great that he called them "hoodlums" and "Kerry patch vagrants." He had objected to her visiting her mother during that lady's last illness, and when he had been requested by witness to attend her mother's funeral with her he had "laughed his queer laugh and said business before pleasure," and had gone to his office and allowed her, the witness, to attend the funeral alone. She had done so on a sleety day, and been obliged to take the undertaker's arm for support up a steep grade in the cemetery.

After baby was born he had been unusually unkind to witness because of his disappointment at baby's sex. Baby was a girl. Defendant was angry at that and had held witness responsible for it, regarding it as an unwarrantable expression of personal preferences. He had whipped baby and had made it sleep in another room. When it cried, witness, who was not in good health, had been obliged to go into the room to nurse it with no wrap upon her but a cambric nightgown. Defendant wouldn't allow her to wear any other night clothes, and this exposure had brought upon her a difficulty which the doctor called "Hay fever." In this airy garb Mrs. Rumsey said she had often, on cold nights, to get up eight or nine times and go into baby's room.

During her illness after baby's birth Rumsey, she said was cruelly neglectful of her and would eat his meals with the nurse before seeing that his wife was served. When she had remonstrated with him he had received her comments with his exasperating grin. Once when she had been asking him for money, and had remarked that he lied when he submitted certain statements regarding the household appropriations, he had lifted his foot to kick her, and would have done so had she not evaded it by rising quickly.

Since the filing of this petition defendant had not deigned to speak to plaintiff on the street. Indeed, when he saw her approaching, he began to whistle or issued his

OLD STYLE GRIN

and passed her in silence. Once she had seen him in a drug store buying soda water for some ladies. He had his arm around one of their children. The sight exasperated her and she had gone in with her baby and asked him to hug it. On this occasion too he sprung the non-committal grin. She expressed her opinion of him then and a friend of his had offered to kick her out of the store. She had told him that she objected to such language, and went out.

After baby's birth witness said that her husband had pretended that she was afflicted with a loathsome disease and would never allow her to come near him. At this point Mrs. Rumsey's story closed and court adjourned until 2:30 p. m.

AFTER RECESS.

When the case was resumed at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon Mrs. Rumsey was called. She testified that the meeting with her husband in the drug store occured about August 1. Nothing further took place between them after the dismissal of the first suit. "He told me that he did not want to see me at his place of business or home, but I tried several times to place myself in his way. I wanted him to see me and to speak to me, and laid several traps to catch him, but failed," said Mrs. Rumsey.

Judge Dillon stated that he thought that Mrs. Rumsey should have gone to Mr. Rumsey's place of business and stated her position squarely—ask him to live with her or obtain some positive answer from him. "Under the circumstances," said he "I see no reason why the divorce should be granted. Mr. Rumsey by his absence indicates that he has no decided objection to the granting of the divorce, and Mrs. Rumsey is desirous of obtaining it; but that alone does not justify me in granting the divorce."

THE DIVORCE REFUSED.

In conclusion Judge Dillon stated that the case should be dismissed, but that the plaintiff's attorney might elect to take a non-suit if he wished.

MEN'S Union cassimere pants reduced to 95 cents; fine cassimere $5 pants reduced to $3 and $3.50 in the great reduction sale at the

GLOBE, 705 to 713 Franklin avenue.

CHARLES JONES, colored, was fined $10 today by Judge Cady for beating his sister, Mrs. Caroline Park.

ALL dealers in stoves and ranges should see the Charter Oak Range with wire gauze door in operation at 411 North Fourth street.

AMONG THE BROKERS.

Excitement Over Decline in Sheridan—A Weak Market—Mining Gossip.

Cotton Oil Trusts were quoted at 63@63½.

* * *

Laclede Bank stock was bid 104 ex-dividend.

* * *

The stock market was weak to-day. The decline in Sheridan affected all the other stocks but Granite and Mexican Improvement.

* * *

On call $47 was bid for 50 shares of Granite Mountain with offers at $50. A telegram from the Superintendent gave the weekly shipment as 28 bars, valued at $27,000. There are twelve tons of shipping ore ready for shipment.

* * *

The Yavapai report was not in this morning. A telegram from the Superintendent said that he was not dangerously ill. It is expected that Mr. Hayden will leave for the mine to-morrow morning.

* * *

The Directors of the Bremen Mining Company will probably meet to-morrow to elect officers. Since the organization of the company some of the stock has sold at 40 cents, which is double the subscription price.

* * *

No report has been received from the Ideal in some time, and last evening Secretary Slaughter wrote the foreman to send on some sort of a report of the work done. The superintendent is absent from the mine. Secretary Slaughter will leave for Leadville December 5.

* * *

The Stock Call Committee did not meet today and will probably not meet for some time. Secretary Morgan has written to San Francisco for the rules of the Mining Exchange there, and until these are received and examined the committee will not endeavor to formulate the revised rules for the mining stock call here.

* * *

The stockholders of the Dinero Mining Co. will meet this afternoon to organize. The deed to the property has not been received and the company is not incorporated yet, but a temporary organization will be completed to-day. The following will probably be the constitution of the Directory: John W. Kauffman, J. C. Ewald, Thos. B. Carter, Jas. Langhorn, Moses Fraley, E. O. Stanard and H. B. Slaughter. The officers will be John W. Kauffman, President; J. C. Ewald, Vice-President, and T. B. Carter, Secretary and Treasurer.

* * *

Peacock stock has been very weak for two or three days. To-day it was offered at $2.25, with $2 bid, but there was no trading. "I cannot assign any reason for the decline," said Secretary Ross. "The reports from the mine are as favorable as they ever were. If I should assign a reason I would say that this was an attempt on the part of brokers to bear the stock."

* * *

Mexican Improvement was the strongest stock on the street to-day and the only stock that advanced on call. Saturday evening $3 was bid. There were offers at that price this morning. On the call it was bid up to $1.95, at which Goldman sold 100 to G. W. Campbell. Then $1.90 was bid and at that price Brentano sold 100 to Cozzens. Goldman sold 500 at $1.95 to McNair and bought back 300 of it from Milliken at the same rate. At the close $1.95 was bid with offers at $2. After the call the stock sold at $2.05 on the street.

* * *

Ideal was a little weaker on call to-day but did not see any great decline. It started offered at $1.50 with bids of $1.25 up to $1.32½. At that rate McMorrow sold 100 to Donaldson. He then sold 200 to Boyd and 300 to Goldman at $1.30 and Clifton sold 100 to Goldman at the same figure. $1.30 remained the price all through the call, and the following blocks of stock changed hands: Bought by Tom Carter, 200 from Wernse & Dieckman, 100 from Taylor, 400 from McMorrow, 200 from Mullally, and 150 from Martin; bought by McMorrow, 100 from Clifton. At the close, $1.30 was bid.

* * *

Wm. Anderson of Denver, Col., was on the floor of the Exchange this morning. Mr. Anderson is a miner and railroad man. He has just been down in Arkansas examining some lead mines near Hot Springs, and reports that the properties look well. He thinks several of them have true fissure veins, and the ore assays very high. The Arkansas country has the reputation of being a "pocket" country. Mr. Anderson represents a syndicate of Colorado investors.

* * *

Speaking of the peculiarity of the Bremen property noticed in Saturday's POST DISPATCH, John Desloge, a mining expert, said this morning: "Slate carrying silver is uncommon, but I think it has been known outside of the Bremen mine. Slate carrying gold is very common, particularly in the quartz gold ledges of California. Frequently, however, miners mistake schist for slate. In the Franklin mine in Georgia the fine gold is found in the hornblende slates, which are not true slate formations, but are of a schistose character."

* * *

The decline in price of Sheridan stock was the most exciting event in mining or commercial circles to-day. It set the whole Exchange talking. The stock was offered at $4.75 on the street early in the day. Then sales were made down to $4.25. There were selling orders in every broker's office, and not a buyer to be found. All sorts of wild stories found circulation. One broker stated that Bent the former superintendent of the mine, who is in this city, had said that an assay of the Sheridan ore had shown it to be almost valueless. Mr. Cleary, one of the "big four," hearing this story, demanded the broker's authority, and the broker claimed that it was one of the employes of the Exchange. When the broker made the claim before him the gentleman accused denied absolutely that he had made any such remark, or that Mr. Bent had said anything of the kind to him. Mr. Bent also denied the truth of the report. One broker said: "The trouble with the stock is this. You cannot make a mining expert out of a rent collector. The superintendent of the Sheridan does not know his business. The mine may be a good one but it is very badly managed. Even the big stockholders and the officers of the company know nothing about mining."

President Huse, when asked to explain the decline, said: "I think it is due to the delays. We started the mill on low grade ore, expecting to get on high grade ore by the 15th. When the 21st came we had not yet got on a high-grade ore. The Superintendent's report was discouraging in that it told of further delay and a good many people have wanted to sell on that account. It may have been a mistake to hire a new superintendent on the starting of the mill, but I had good reasons for discharging Mr. Bent. We have every confidence in Mr. George. He is a good manager and miner. His recommendations are principally from California. Like any new man, however, he cannot take hold just where his predecessor stopped."

On call Sheridan was bid from $3 to $4.50 at which Goldman sold 100 to C. H. Meyer, Rickart, 100, and Mullally 300 to Fraley, and Mullally 100 to Little. Fraley then offered the stock at $4.40 and bid $4.30 at which Matthews & Whittaker sold him 100. The same firm sold Meyer 100 at $4.25 and Wernse & Dieckman 100 at $4.20 to Fraley. The call closed at $4.10 bid.

MEN'S heavy melton overcoats reduced to $1.65; men's good chinchilla and fur beaver reduced to $4 and $4.75 in the great reduction sale at the

GLOBE, 705 to 713 Franklin avenue.

He Disturbed the Peace.

Louis Lephenthal was locked up at the Four Courts this afternoon for disturbing the peace. Lephenthal engaged in a quarrel with a man and woman in the ante-room of the Court of Criminal Correction, who desired to swear out a warrant against him for defrauding them of $2,200. He was ordered out of the room and afterwards attempted to make himself prominent by loud talk. He was quieted, however, by Deputy Sheriff Gardner and afterwards arrested. The man and woman departed without the warrant.

500 DOZEN children's flannel waists reduced to 25 cents; 1,000 pairs knee pants reduced to 20 cents, in the great reduction sale at the

GLOBE, 705 to 713 Franklin avenue.

THERE was no session of the Court of Criminal Correction to-day on account of the illness of both Judge Noonan and Acting-Judge Harvey. Neither put in an appearance.

COME early in the morning if you wish to avoid the rush; the great reduction sale at the

GLOBE, 705 to 713 Franklin avenue.

ELECTION FRAUDS.

HOW THEY ARE EXPOSED IN KLEIN'S NOTICE OF CONTEST.

An Interesting Document Which Was Served on Judge Valliant To-Day—Klein Claims 1,000 Majority—The Court Asked to Open the Ballot-Boxes—Dead Men and Myths Voted—Interesting Developments About the Last Election.

Mr. Jacob Kline, who last week announced his intention to contest the election of Hon. Leroy B. Valliant as Judge of the St. Louis Circuit Court, served Mr. Valliant with notice of the contest this afternoon. Mr. Valliant is at present filling the unexpired term of the late Judge Wm. Horner, for which Mr. Klein was also a candidate, but as will be seen from the notice of contest, Mr. Klein questions Mr. Valliant's right only to the full term of office beginning January 1. The notice is as follows:

To the Hon. Leroy B. Valliant:

You will please take notice that I herewith serve you with a copy of my petition contesting your election to the office of Judge of the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, Mo., for the term of six years, beginning on the first Monday in January, 1887, and you are further notified that on the —— day of December, 1886, at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon, or as near thereafter as counsel may be heard, I shall present the said petition at the Court-house in the town of Clayton, County of St. Louis, to the Circuit Court of said county, if the same be in session, and if not, then at said time and place to the Hon. W. W. Edwards, Circuit Judge of the Nineteenth Judicial Circuit of Missouri, when and where you may appear and take such action as shall seem meet to you.

Dyer, Lee & Ellis, attorneys for Jacob Klein.

In the petition which accompanied the notice of the contest and which will be presented to Judge Edwards December 10, the grounds of the contest are briefly and clearly set forth. Mr. Klein claims that he received a majority of the votes cast, or offered to be cast, by the qualified voters of the city for Circuit Judge. Notwithstanding this, the Recorder of Voters, he alleges, did wrongfully and unlawfully declare that Mr. Valliant received the highest number of ballots and issued to him the certificate of election. Among the frauds which Mr. Klein claims were committed at the election for Circuit Judge were the counting of unlawful votes for Mr. Valliant in the following precincts:

Precinct.	Votes.	Precinct.	Votes.
No. 3	24	No. 119	41
No. 12	25	No. 120	63
No. 13	60	No. 123	143
No. 22	24	No. 124	156
No. 24	63	No. 125	91
No. 27	47	No. 127	76
No. 32	59	No. 139	91
No. 37	90	No. 141	18
No. 40	43	No. 151	84
No. 45	83	No. 153	104
No. 49	83	No. 180	61
No. 50	87	No. 185	187
No. 58	89	No. 194	179
No. 73	86	No. 195	95
No. 75	129	No. 202	102
No. 88	39	No. 208	158
No. 89	26	No. 216	61
No. 91	60	No. 217	99
No. 98	39	No. 235	99
No. 99	26		
No. 100	128		

This makes a total of 3,324 votes, all of which Mr. Klein claims should not have been counted for Mr. Valliant, for the reason that the judges and clerks of election failed to note on the poll-books the order in which the ballots were cast, or the number of the ballots, as required by the law.

The petition gives the names of forty-two unlawful voters in the Fourth, Thirteenth, Twenty-second, Twenty-fourth, Twenty-ninth, Ninety-fifth and Ninety-eighth precincts, accompanied by the statement that their ballots were unlawfully rejected by the judges of election, although their names appeared in regular order upon the poll-books. Mr. Klein alleges that in each of the 244 election precincts of the city ten legally qualified voters offered their ballots for him, but their votes were rejected by the Judges of Election. One hundred and thirty-five persons are named who, it is claimed, were unlawfully stricken off the registration lists by the Board of Registration Revisers, and thereby deprived of the right of franchise. In the First, Second, Third, Fourth, Tenth, Twelfth, Seventeenth, Twentieth, Twenty-third, Twenty-fourth, Twenty-seventh and Twenty-eighth Wards, Mr. Klein claims that ten persons in each ward, whose names were not registered and who had no right to vote, impersonated other persons whose names were on the poll-books and cast illegal ballots under assumed names.

In conclusion Mr. Klein claims to have received a majority of 1,000 votes over Mr. Valliant. He asks the Court to issue a writ to the Recorder of Voters compelling him to open the ballot boxes and examine and count the ballots cast for Circuit Judge; also that an order be issued on Mr. Valliant compelling him to give up the office.

The Glover Reception.

The Tilden Club of the Tenth Ward will meet at Eckert's Hall, Twenty-second and Franklin avenue, this evening. Invitations to the Glover parade and reception, next Wednesday evening, will be distributed, and friends of Mr. Glover are requested by the club to be present.

THE looms do not weave, the artist does not design, the skilled workman does not construct finer, more fashionable, better fitting, or better made garments than are exhibited in the young men's department of the When Clothing Store. Our own manufacture, and we save you one profit.

The King of Coventry.

There was a King of Coventry,
Elected by the people;
So very great he grew to be,
He overtopped the steeple.

This seemed to him the proper thing,
What else could be expected?
For he alone was chosen King.
And all the rest rejected.

The monarch grew so very tall,
He couldn't see below him,
And scarcely caught a glimpse of all
The folks who used to know him.

To reach his ear, the men below
Built up a lofty ladder;
But larger yet he seemed to grow,
While they were getting madder.

They thought they might without a fuss
Reduce him vertically
By sawing off his legs, and thus
Get at him gradually.

To this an ancient sage said "No!
His case is past all mending,
Just let his Royal Tallness grow
And still keep on ascending.

"When food he lacks from day to day,
His lofty frame to nourish,
He cannot help but fade away,
While we live on and flourish."

As higher still he rose and rose,
The people all said "Go it!"
And when another King they chose,
That monarch didn't know it.

—[New York Sun.

DON'T miss the great reduction this week at the

GLOBE, 705 to 713 Franklin avenue.

About an Even Thing.

A Detroiter who was working across one of the northern counties with a horse and buggy this summer met a farmer on foot and asked him how far it was to Greenville.

"Which one?" was the query after half a minute spent in reflection.

"Why, I didn't know that there was but one Greenville."

"Didn't you? There's one in South Carolina, a second in Kansas, a third in Ohio and a fourth in Iowa. Which one do you want to go to?"

"The nearest one."

"Well, that's about seven miles off. Next time you inquire for Greenville you'd better name the State. Got any tobacco."

"Which tobacco do you want?"

"Why, I didn't know as there was more'n one tobacco."

"Oh, yes there is. There's plug tobacco, fine-cut, short and smoking. Which did you want?"

"Wall, I'll take plug."

"I haven't got any. Next time you inquire for tobacco you'd better mention the kind."

The two looked each other over for a minute and then separated for life.

"WHAT SHALL I BUY"

CORNER 4th & Locust "For a Present" CORNER 4th & Locust

FOR MY LADY FRIENDS?

!!Read This List Carefully. It Will Tell You!!

☞ Please remember that to obtain full value for the money you desire to spend in any of the goods herein specified, you should purchase of the

MERMOD & JACCARD JEWELRY CO., Cor. 4th & Locust.

Whose Magnificent Stock and Low Prices are Unapproachable.

Presents for Ladies.

Albums at $2, $3, $4, $5, $6, $8, $10, $12, $15.
Book-Holders, brass and ebony, $4 to $10.
Bon-Bon Boxes, $2.50, $3.50 to $10.
Bags (Hand), $1.50, $2, $2.50, $3, $4, $5 and $6.
Bisque Figures, $1.50, $2.50, $3.50, $5, $7.50, $10, $12, $15, $18, $20, $25, $30, $35.
Bracelets, gold, $5, $6, $7.50, $9, $10, $12, $15, $18, $20, $25, $30, $35, $40, $50.
Bangle Bracelets, gold, $5, $6, $7.50, $9, $10, $12, $15, $18, $20, $25.
Bangle Bracelets, silver, $1.50, $2, $2.50, $3, $3.50, $4 and $5.
Bangle Bracelets, rolled gold, $1.50, $2, $3, $4, $5, $6, $7, $8.
Brass Busts and Figures, great variety, $2 to $200.
Candlesticks, brass and copper, $1.50, $2, $3, $4, $5, $6, $7, $8, $9 and $10.
Card Cases, solid silver, $7, $8, $10, $12 and $15.
Card Cases, leather, $1, $1.25, $1.50, $2, $2.50, $3.
Card Receivers, brass and bronze, $5 to $20.
Card Tables, brass, $12, $15, $18, $20, $25, $30, $40 and $50.
Casters, individual, silver-plated, $3, $3.50, $4, $4.50, $5.
Chains, gold guard, $18, $20, $22, $25, $30, $35, $40, $50, $60, $75.
Chains, gold vest, $8, $10, $12, $15, $18, $20, $22, $25, $30.
Chains, gold fancy fob, $7, $7.50, $8, $9, $10, $12, $15, $18, $20.
Chains, silver, fancy vest and chatelaine, $3, $4, $5, $6, $7 and $8.
Chains, rolled gold, fancy vest and chatelaine, $2.50, $3, $3.50, $4, $5 and $6.
Chains, rolled gold, guard, $8, $9, $10 and $12.
Collar Buttons, gold, $1, $1.50, $2, $2.50, $3, $4, $5.
Crosses, gold, $2, $2.50, $3, $3.50, $4, $5, $6, $8, $10.
Crosses, rolled gold, $1, $1.50, $2, $2.50.
Cup and Saucer, porcelain, in case, $5, $6, $7, $10, $12.
Diamond Collar Buttons, $5, $6, $7.50, $9, $10, $12, $15, $20, $25, $30, $35, $40.
Diamond Crosses, $50, $75, $100, $150, $200, $300.
Diamond Ear-rings, $15, $18, $20, $25, $30, $35, $40, $45, $50, $60, $75, $100, $150.
Diamond Finger Rings, $15, $18, $20, $25, $30, $35, $40, $50, $60, $75, $85, $100.
Diamond Lace Pins,

I BUY"

CORNER 4th & Locust

FRIENDS?

Will Tell You!!

obtain full value in any of the purchase of the

& GARD CO.,

8, $20, $25, $30, $35.
30, $35, $40, $50.
0, $25.
$8, $9 and $10.
$75.
and $8.
.50, $4, $5 and $6.
, $25, $30, $35, $40.
, $60, $75, $85, $100, $150.
80, $75, $85, $100.
80, $75, $100, $150.
$5,000.
0, $12 $15.
$9, $10, $15, $20.
35, $40, $45, $50.
20, $25.
, $7, $8, $10, $12.
$50, $75, $100.
, $2.50, $2.75, $3, $3.50, $4.
1.75, $2.
$8, $9, $10, $11, $12.
$2.50, $3, $4, $5, $6, $8.
$6, $7, $8, $9, $10.
$3.50, $4, $5, $6.
nd $1.50.
$9, $10, $12, $15, $18.
$7.50.
$50.
$50.
, $15, $18, $20.
, $3, $4, $5, $6, $8, $10.
$50, $65, $75, $85.
, $8, $10, $12 and $15.
$15, $18, $20, $25.
and $10.
9, $10, $12, $15, $20.
and bring your visiting
nd Silverware.
lied Free.
COME EARLY TO
LOCUST
Gifts.

Ho! for the Opera.

Dress Suits to Hire.

Full Dress Suits!

Fine Prince Albert Coats and Vests, The choicest line of Neckwear, the finest stock of Gloves, in fact we keep everything that goes to make up a gentleman's Full Dress Suit for the Opera. Our line of Neck Dressings is simply grand and no young gent who wants real stylish things for the opera can well afford to pass us by.

POLACK'S

HEADQUARTERS FOR OPERA CLOTHING AND FINE GLOVES.

Knocked Down and Robbed.

M. M. Fairchild, residing at Wentzville, St. Charles County, Mo., called at the Fourth District Police Station at Tenth and North Market streets this morning and reported that while coming along Eleventh street, near Spruce, at 6:30 last evening he was knocked down and robbed of a silver watch and a pocket-book containing $11. He says one of the young men was neatly dressed, but can give no description of the other two. Mr. Fairchild is 60 years old and came to St. Louis to serve on the United States Grand-jury.

TORLINA & WEBER'S bankrupt stock of boots and shoes—twenty-five cents off on every dollar to-morrow at the GLOBE, 705 to 713 Franklin avenue.

The Weather.

The cold wave flag was run up this morning for an anticipated fall of 15 degrees in 24 hours. The temperature was then 33 deg. The cold this morning was due north of here, St. Paul reporting 2 deg. below. In the Northwest it was worse, as Fort Custer the mercury standing at 43. The local snow is from the north where there was quite a fall last night. Inasmuch as there is no cold wave in the north west it is possible for this region to escape any marked chilliness. The wave is expected to get in its work late to-night.

Horsford's Acid Phosphate

FOR IMPAIRED VITALITY.

Dr. F. SKILLEN, Pulaski, Tenn., says: "I think it is a reliable medicine for impaired vitality."

A Bad Move.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

NEVADA, Mo., November 29.—Saturday night Butler Scott, a bar tender at Wolfe's saloon in this city, shot Ben Lindlay, colored. The bullet took effect in the left arm and lodged between two bones near the elbow. Lindlay was creating a disturbance in Wolfe's saloon, and when ordered out put his hand to his hip pocket as if he intended to draw a weapon, whereupon Scott shot him.

DON'T hawk, hawk, and blow, blow, disgusting everybody, but use Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy.

A Runaway Boy.

Chief of Police J. Ebersold of Chicago telegraphs Chief Huebler that he has Otto Krans, a runaway boy from St. Louis, whose parents reside at No. 271 Monroe street, and wants to know if the boy will be sent for. There is no Kranz living at the number given, and Chief Huebler has so far been unable to locate the boy's parents.

St. Louis Art Company's Great Sacrifice.

Provident Savings Bank's pictures, 715 Olive, to make room for our large, elegant new stock of pictures, artists' materials, etc.

Change of Judges.

To-morrow will be Judge Van Wagoner's last day on the bench of the Criminal Court, Judge-elect Normile taking his seat Thursday morning. It is not likely, however, that any business will be transacted by Judge Van Wagoner to-morrow. He will resume the practice of law and has already rented and fitted up offices in the new Roe building, on Fifth and Pine streets. With Judge Normile's assumption of the duties a new term of court will be commenced—the December term.

PLANKED shad are acknowledged to be the best. You can get the same flavor by broiling them in the oven of Charter Oak, with gauze oven door. Call and see the operation at 411 North Fourth street.

New Letter Carriers.

To-day Postmaster Hyde promoted the following sub-carriers to the rank of carriers: Stephen J. Ikemeier, Wm. H. Krenning, Wm. J. H. Daffern, Patrick O'Keeffe, Patrick J. Carroll, John T. Boles, Herman Frick, Leo Walton, Geo. Hunt, John J. Gallagher, James Woodruff, E. J. Grace, Dan B. Riordan, Chas. J. Walsh, Jos. A. Morrison, Wm. J. Gallagher, Fred J. Schleich, Pat J. Hannon. They will begin their duties to-morrow, Superintendent Kiernan having redistricted the beats.

The Whirligig of Time

throws out the dull, old-style porous plasters and brings in Benson's, one of the best products of modern medical science. Prompt to act, powerful to cure. Refuse imitations under similar sounding names. Ask for Benson's.

Christmas Cards.

Finest line ever opened in the city. Buy early and get a choice selection. Prices range from 5c to $10.

E. JACCARD JEWELRY CO., 307 N. Fourth st.

"We are not on the corner."

A DAY'S DISASTERS.

MEMBERS OF THE POINT SAUBLE LIFE SAVING CREW DROWNED.

Attempt to Aid a Schooner Supposed to Be in Distress—Blown to Pieces by a Dynamite Explosion—A Farmer Drowned While Saving a Wrecked Crew—Casualties.

DETROIT, Mich., November 29.—A special to the Journal from Ludington says: At daylight this morning a schooner passed Ludington, and when off Point Sauble she hoisted a flag at half mast. The Point Sauble lifeboat went out, but when 500 yards out the flag went to the masthead. The life-boat attempted to turn and was capsized. The crew clung to the boat, which did not regain an upright position, but drifted ashore. Three of the crew lost their lives. Capt. Flynn and Orrin Hatch died from exposure, and John Smith was caught under the boat and was drowned. The schooner kept on her course.

A Rescuer Drowned.

WATERTOWN, N. Y., November 29.—On Saturday the schooner Comanche, owned in Oswego, laden with 21,000 bushels of corn, from Chicago, for Ogdensburg, ran on a shoal about three quarters of a mile from the west side of Point Peninsula, on Lake Ontario, and sunk. The schooner was commanded by Captain Decker of Oswego, who with Albert Quince of the same city, owned the vessel. In rescuing the crew, which consisted of eight persons, Fred Tucker, a farmer aged 36 years, was drowned by the capsizing of his boat.

A Fatal Dynamite Explosion.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., November 29.—A horrible accident occurred on Point Lookout Mountain this morning. A young man named Bryant was preparing to make a blast, but found his dynamite frozen. He placed it on a fire to thaw and a terrible explosion followed. Both his legs were torn off, and another man was injured.

Killed by a Tow-Line.

OSWEGO, N. Y., November 29.—The schooner Lem Ellsworth is ashore at Carlton Island. A large tug has tried unsuccessfully to release her. Charles W. Vorce, one of the crew, was caught in the tow-line, and killed. The Ellsworth had on board 23,000 bushels of corn for Ogdensburg.

TORLINA & WEBER'S bankrupt stock of boots and shoes—twenty-five cents off on every dollar to-morrow at the GLOBE, 705 to 713 Franklin avenue.

The Bridal Bulletin.

Name and Age.	Residence.
Thos. Burns, 26	Ellendale
Emily Lupton, 25	City
Geo. Leichtweis, 31	812 Chambers st
Anna Winter, 20	2809 Washington av
Frederick Roughcan, 34	1221 Clark av
Mary Grannover, 19	City
Ira Hasenfluler, 28	Decatur, Ill
Almyra Bryant, 33	2040 Pine st.
Theodore E. Honig	2945 Sheridan av
Josephine C. Morse	2337 Wash st

PURE 18-KT. gold wedding rings at Wedding Invitations, the finest at *Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Co., Cor. 4th & Locust.*

Alton Atoms.

Mr. John Herman is in St. Louis on business to-day.

The hospital on Walnut street is nearing completion.

Dr. F. A. Ulrich, who has been seriously ill for several days, is improving.

The remains of Loehr, who was drowned last week, have not been found yet.

Forty business men have signed the subscription list for an electric light which will be put up here before long.

Nothing is being done in regard to the bridge to be built here. The men are in readiness to go to work at a moment's notice.

Next to Nothing.

3,000 men's heavy Melton overcoats reduced to $1.65; 2,000 men's heavy fur beaver and chinchilla overcoats reduced to $4 and $4.75 in the great reduction sale at the GLOBE, 705 to 713 Franklin avenue.

Carondelet Jottings.

The Park Social Club gave their third annual ball last Saturday evening at Turner Hall, which proved a success. Carondelet Lodge, No. 114, I. O. O. F., this evening at Druid's Hall on the "Principles of Odd-Fellowship."

Mrs. George Lehr, residing with two small children at 7305 Weber street, were found yesterday afternoon by Officer Frank Kelsey to be in a very destitute condition. Mr. Lehr, the woman explains, left the house some two weeks ago to procure work, and she has neither seen nor heard from him since.

The sports of Carondelet will undoubtedly be sorry to learn that the hotel and saloon at Fish Lake, Ill., was burned to the ground last Saturday evening, inflicting a damage of nearly $1,000. This well-known house was the resort of a number of Carondelet boys, and was constructed by the Zeller brothers.

A one-horse lumber wagon, driven by Scott Corning took fright late Saturday evening, while standing on Broadway near Robert avenue, and ran away, colliding with several wagons, belonging to A. Watkins and F. Poupeney doing serious damage to both vehicles and badly demolishing that to which he was attached.

MONEY.

New York Stock Quotations.

Corrected daily by Matthews & Whitaker, banker and brokers, 121 North Third street, St. Louis, Mo

STOCKS.	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.
Canada Southern	66⅞	67	66⅜	67
Canadian Pacific	70	70	69¾	69¾
Central New Jersey	50½	53	50¼	52¾
Central Pacific	47⅝	48	47⅛	48
C., St. P., M. & O.	53¾	53⅝	53⅛	53⅜
do pfd	114¼			114¼
C., R. I. & P.	127	127⅛	127	127⅛
C., B. & Q.	138⅛			138¼
C., M. & St. P.	93⅝	94⅛	93⅝	93⅝
C. & N. W.	115¾	116	115	115⅝
Del., Lack. & West.	142	142⅜	141½	142⅜
Del. & Hudson	106	106⅜	105⅝	106⅜
Denver & Rio Grande	35	35⅜	34⅝	34⅝
East Tenn. com	33	33⅜	32⅝	32⅝
East Tenn. pfd	77	77	76½	76½
Erie com	27⅞	27⅞	27⅝	27⅞
Erie pfd	77⅞	78⅛	77⅞	78⅛
Erie 2d mtg. bond	103¼	103⅜	103¼	103⅜
Houston & Texas	40			40
Illinois Central				
Ind., B. & West	17⅛	18⅛	17⅛	18⅛
Lake Shore	96⅜	96⅝	96⅛	96⅜
Louisville & Nashville	62⅝	64	62⅝	63⅝
Michigan Central	97⅞	98⅛	97⅝	97⅝
Missouri Pacific	115⅜	116⅜	115⅜	116⅜
Mo., K. & T.	36⅝	37⅛	36⅝	37⅛
Manhattan Elevated	164⅜			164⅜
N. Y. & New Erie	62⅜	62⅝	60⅜	60⅜
New York Central	114⅜	115	114½	115
N. Pacific com	28⅝	29⅛	28¼	29⅛
do pfd	65⅜	66⅛	65⅜	66⅛
Ohio Southern	20	20¼	20	20¼
Oregon Trans	36⅞	36⅞	35⅝	36⅜
O. N. & Trans. Co	106⅜			106⅜
Ohio & M. com	34½	34½	34½	34⅝
Pacific Mail	54½	55⅜	54½	55⅛
Phila. & Reading	49	49⅝	47⅝	51¼
Pullman Palace Car				
St. Paul & Duluth com	62½	63⅜	62½	63
do pfd	111⅜	111⅜	111⅜	111⅜
St. L. & S. F. com				
St. L. & S. F. 1st pfd				
St. L. & S. F. 2d pfd	69	69	68½	68⅝
St. P. M. & Man				
Texas & Pacific	25⅛	27⅜	25	27⅜
Texas & Pacific Income	85½			85½
Union Pacific	61⅜	63⅜	61⅜	63⅜
Wab., St. L. & P. com	30⅛	30⅝	30¼	30⅝
do pfd	57⅜	57⅜	57⅜	57⅜
Western U. T. Co	76⅝	80	76⅝	79⅝
West Shore Bonds	105⅜			105⅜

ENGLISH CONSOLS—Cash—Opening, 102 3-16; closing, 102 3-16.

Wall Street.

NEW YORK, November 29, 11 a. m.—The stock market opened very irregular this morning, changes from Saturday's final prices ranging from ⅛ per cent below to ⅛ per cent above generally, while Richmond & West Point was up ½ per cent. There was extreme activity in Reading and Western Union, other prominent stocks being Lake Shore, Texas Pacific and Jersey Central. Prices were weak in the early trading, and Reading, after opening ½ per cent lower, dropped 1¼ per cent further, and West Points lost 1⅛. The market soon rallied, however, and the early losses were generally recovered, and Western Union and Jersey Central displayed great strength, their gains being 1½ and 1⅛ per cent respectively. The market again sagged off toward 11 o'clock, and at that hour is active but heavy.

NEW YORK, November 29, noon.—Money is active at 6 per cent. Bar silver, 100⅝. The stock market after 11 o'clock was active and prices strong, especially in the coal stocks, Jersey Central advancing 1⅛@, and Lackawanna, 1⅜@. New England, after a further loss of ⅜@, advanced 1⅛ per cent, and considerable strength was shown in Texas & Pacific. After a slight recession, the market remained comparatively steady until noon, at which time it is active and firm. Government securities: United States 2s, 100⅜; do 4s, coupons, 125¾; do 4½s, coupons, 111⅝; Pacific 6s of '95, 126¾.

NEW YORK, November 29, 2 p. m.—The stock market, after 12 o'clock, remained very active. Kansas & Texas, Pacific Mail and Union Pacific were specially prominent in the dealings. The market was decidedly stronger, and Texas & Pacific and Union Pacific advanced 1¼ per cent each, while the grangers, Kansas & Texas and Oregon & Transcontinental were all conspicuously strong. During the last hour Reading was very prominent. The market closed strong at the best figures of the day.

BOSTON, November 29.—Mexican bonds, 4s 82 bid; 7s, nothing said; scrip, 80@83; common, 13@13¼.

LONDON, November 29, 12:30 p. m.—Consols opened at 102 3-16 for both money and the account.

4 p. m.—Consols at 102 3-16 for money and the account.

Local Bonds.

Corrected daily by James Campbell, Banker and Broker, 307 Pine street.

U. S. BONDS.

	WHEN DUE.	INTEREST PAYABLE	BID.	ASK.
2 ⅌ cent bonds				
4½ ⅌ cent bonds	.....	M. A. N. & F.	100½	100⅝
4 ⅌ cent bonds	1891	J. & D. & M.	111⅜	112
	1907	J. A. J. & O.	128	128½

ST. LOUIS CITY AND COUNTY BONDS.

City 4s sterling, 10-20s	1902	May and Nov.	101½	103
City 4s sterling, 10-20s	1903	Jan. and July	102⅜	103½
City 5s sterling	1900	June and Dec	103⅜	104½
City 6s currency	1886	Jan. and July	109	110
City 6s currency	1886—87	Various	101⅛	102
City 6s water	1892—93	Various	104½	105
City 6s sterling	1898	June and Dec	117	118
City 6s water	1887	June and Dec	101⅛	102
City 6s water	1892	June and Dec	104⅛	104⅝
City 6s water	1892	Apr. and Oct.	110¾	111
City 6s bridge approaches	1892	June and Dec	110⅜	111½
County 6s gold	1895—96	Jan. and July	114½	116
County Park	1905	Apr. and Oct.	123	125

RAILWAY BONDS.

Mo. Pac. 1st m 6s	1888	Feb. and Aug	104⅜	104⅝
Mo. Pac. Consol	1920	May and Nov.	115⅜	116
Mo. Pac. 2d m 7s	1891	Jan. and July	111	112
Mo. Pac. 3d	1905	May and Nov.	122⅜	123
Mo. Pac. 1st m 5s	1895	May and Nov.	108	109
K. P. 1st m 6s	1896	Feb. and Aug	108	113½
K. P. 1st m 6s	1896	June and Dec	106	111½
K. P. Ex. 1st m 6s	1895	May and Nov.	104	104⅜
K. P. Consols	1910	May and Nov.	96½	99
St. L. & M. 1st 7s	1892	Feb. and Aug	113	113½

CLEARING-HOUSE STATEMENT.

Clearings	$2,823,261
Balances	420,111

Mining Stocks.

Name.	Bid.	Asked.
Granite	$48 00	$50 00
Small Hopes	6 00	6 25
Adams	6 00	6 25
Sheridan	4 00	4 25
Bonanza	2 25	2 50
Yavapai	1 10	1 15
Mexican Improvement	2 00	2 05
Ideal	1 90	1 95
Laclede		65
Quincy		10
West Granite		1 25
Hope	48 00	

COMMERCE.

A BULL DAY.

Everything Indulges in a Boom and the Market Closes Strong at Advance.

By Telegraph from Jones, McCormick & Kennett, Chicago, to the POST-DISPATCH.

CHICAGO, November 29, 1 p. m.—The curb for wheat this morning was ⅛c above the closing on Saturday. The loss of three quarters of a million bu. of wheat in Duluth by fire and the strong feeling at the close last week made the shorts very nervous. The opening was notable for the large transactions and for the large covering by shorts and realizing by longs. The latter, however, had more than was wanted, and a decline of a half cent was rapid. For the greater part of the morning the trading was without special feature and confined to the scalpers. Later, the offerings were well taken at the bottom, and the crowd seemed baled out. All bids for wheat found nothing for sale. The result was a general selling and very strong feeling. There was no prominent trading, and what was done was of a general character. We, perhaps, bought the largest amount.

Corn has shown a strong undertone all the morning. The trading has been light, but no one seems disposed to sell, and, in sympathy with pork, shows a better feeling.

We are not surprised at the advance in pork as we have advocated the long side for several days. The business in pork has been limited, and as in corn we see no disposition to sell short. The close is very buoyant, and aided by the strong wheat market shows a decidedly bullish tendency.

Closing Prices—3 P. M.

Reported daily by S. W. COBB & CO., 317 and 319 Chamber of Commerce, St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS:

	Closing Saturday.	Highest To-day.	Lowest To-day.	Closing To-day.
WHEAT.				
Nov.	76⅛	78⅛	76⅜	78⅛
Dec.	76⅝	78⅝	76⅜	78⅜
Jan.	77⅛	79⅜	78⅝	80⅛
Feb.	80	80⅝	80	81⅛ b
May	84⅞	86½	85⅛@84	86½
CORN.				
Nov.	34⅝		35¼	35⅛ b
Dec.	35¼	35⅜	35¼	35⅜ b
Jan.	35⅛	35⅜	35⅛	35⅜ b
May	36¼	37⅛	36⅜@37	36⅝ b
	39⅝	40	39½	40 b
OATS.				
Dec.	27	27⅛	27	27 b
May	30¼	30¾	30¼	30⅜ b
CHICAGO:				
WHEAT.				
Dec.	75	76⅜	75¼	76⅜ b
Jan.	75⅜	77⅛	75⅜@76	77⅛ b
May	82⅜	83⅝	82¼	83⅝
CORN.				
Dec.	37⅛	37⅝	37	37⅛
Jan.	37⅜@37⅝	37⅝	37⅛@37⅜	37⅜
May	42⅜@42⅝	42⅝	42¼@42⅜	42⅝ a
OATS.				
Dec.	26⅜	27	26⅜	27
Jan.	26⅜	27⅛	26⅜	27⅛
May	30⅜	31	30⅜@30⅝	31⅞
PORK.				
Dec.	9.75	10.25	9.90	10.25 b
Jan.	10.55	11.00	10.57	10.95
Feb.	10.70	11.10	10.67	11.05 a
May	10.90	11.32	10.92	11.30 a
LARD.				
Dec.	5.95	6.05	5.97	6.05
Jan.	6.02	6.12	6.05	6.12
Feb.	6.12	6.22	6.12	6.82
SHORT RIBS.				
Jan.	5.35	5.57	5.40	5.57
Feb.	5.37	5.60	5.42	5.57@60

NEW YORK—Wheat—November, 86⅜c; December, 86⅜c b; January, 88⅝c b; February, 90½c b; May, 94⅛c b; Corn—November, 47¼c; December, 47¼c a; January, 48½c a.; February, 49¼c; May, 51⅝c. Oats—November, 23⅛c; December, 34c; January, 34⅜c; May, 36⅝c a.

TOLEDO—Wheat—December, 80c; January, 81¼c; May, 87½c.

DULUTH—Wheat—December, 76⅜c; January, 77½c; May, 86c.

Stocks of Grain in St. Louis Elevators.

	Wheat bu.	Corn bu.	Oats bu.	Rye bu.	Barley bu.
To-day	4,589,165	800,865	542,432	27,457	109,019
Sat'dy	4,579,341	759,148	542,418	27,457	110,358
	No. 2 Red.	No. 2.	No. 2.	No 3	No. 2.
To-day	3,936,195	468,962	440,734	20,668	.....
Sat'dy	3,928,380	453,283	440,700	20,668	.....

Visible Supply of Grain.

	Nov. 27, '86.	Nov. 20, '86.	Nov. 28, '85.
Wheat	59,572,078	59,551,351	55,509,993
Corn	11,123,038	12,280,478	3,572,229
Oats	5,526,000	5,650,747	2,343,000
Rye	606,943	606,625	660,588
Barley	2,652,880	2,666,573	2,596,284

Movements of Wheat and Corn To-Day.

PORTS.	RECEIPTS.		SHIPMENTS.	
	Wheat.	Corn.	Wheat.	Corn.
St. Louis	31,742	52,250	500	177,981
Chicago	95,720	104,024	8,950	97,224
Milwaukee	13,915	460	40,511	2,000
Baltimore	43,629	73,449	52,461	.....
Toledo	21,001	5,240	2,204	4,791
New York	214,670	166,700	80,738	46,883
Detroit	10,792	8,817	2,975	3,104
Minneapolis	244,300	.....	67,650	.....
Duluth	158,962	.....	2,036	.....
Kansas City	16,500	34,500	14,500	1,000
Philadelphia	80,198	2,619	11,627	21,523

St. Louis Markets.

FORENOON SESSION, CLOSING 1 P. M.

Wheat took almost too great an upward leap at the opening, on the strength of firm cables and the heavy destruction by fire of wheat in Duluth, and the market fell back almost immediately. The selling was active and large at the advance, a good many longs realizing, and nearly all the buying was by shorts, so that it was impossible to maintain the first up-shoot in prices. This gain early in the day amounted to ⅜c in May, from which there was a relapse of ¼@⅜c, but subsequently was firm. Late came advices of strong and some of better cables and heavy export purchases, the latest report at 1 p. m. placing the amount at 60 loads or 480,000 bu. This news put the market right up to the top and the close was firm at ⅛@⅜c above Saturday. Ben Barnes came in late and sold between 350,000 and 400,000 May at 85⅛@⅜c and 85⅝c, but the crowd took all this and bid for more. Tom Woods alone buying 200,000 and Sid Francis 100,000. Spot grades were higher and sold readily to the extent of the offerings. No. 2 red was chiefly taken by speculators at ⅛c advance, a round lot selling to millers. No. 2 red, 77c regular, 77⅛c in St. L.; No. 3 red, 74c in A., 74⅛c this side; No. 4, 70c asked for E. side and bid for St. L. and C.; No. 2 Mediterranean, 75c bid; No. 3 do 73c bid; rejected 58c bid for St. L.

Corn was bettered by the strong wheat market, the continued light receipts and expectations of a change in the weather helping to strengthen the tone also. When the visible supply report came in showing 1,189,000 bu decrease it added its quota of strength to the market, too, and the close was ¼c above Saturday. Trading was fair, the demand readily taking in all that was offered for sale. Spot grades were higher and the demand showed more snap, principally coming from the order trade, though city millers took white grades, and No. 2 sold to shorts at ⅜c advance. No. 2, 35¼c regular, 35½c in A., 35¾c in C., 36c in So. L.; No. 3 35c in N., 35¾c in C., 36c in So. L.; No. 4 33c bid this side; No. 2 white, 37c in St. L. and U. and later 37½c bid St. L.; No. 3 do, 36c in E. and U., 36¼c bid St. L.; No grade, 32c bid this side.

Oats were strong and the December option was a little better, owing to the strength and advance in cash, but May unchanged. Spot grades were in better request at higher rates, offerings still small limiting trade. No. 2, 27½c in U., 27¾c in St. L.; No. 3, 26c bid for St. L., 26½c for C. and M.

Rye—Nothing done, as buyers and sellers were apart. Grade No. 2 offered regular at 52c with 51¾c bid for St. L.; No. 3 this side had 50c bid.

Barley—Dull, as the principal brewers are well supplied from large purchases they lately made and demand is now very slack. Quotations are as follows: Common and rejected, 30@35c; No. 3, 40@45c; prime, 50@55c; choice, 60@62c; fancy, 65@67c.

Flour was firmer, the strength in wheat helping to improve the feeling, but a better demand being the chief cause for the stronger tone. Patent, $4.00@4.35; straights, $3.50@3.70; clears, $3.10@3.50; mediums, $2.30@2.65; low grades, $1.90@2.20. Quotations of the St. Louis Flour Dealers' Association were: XX, $2.10@2.30; XXX, $2.35@2.50; family, $2.55@2.70; choice, $3.05@3.15; fancy, $3.40@3.50; extra do, $3.60@3.80; patents at $4.00@4.35. These prices are for lots of average at the depots or levees; order lots higher.

Rye Flour—Quiet at $3.10@3.20 per bbl.

Cornmeal—Dull at $2.00@2.05 for city on orders del; pearl meal, $2.50; grits and hominy, $2.60@2.70.

Buckwheat Flour—New York—pure, $5@5.25; patent, $4.50@4.45; Wisconsin, $4.25@4.50; Western, $4@4.25.

Bran scarce and wanted, sacked 59c East track, 60c at mill, 62c f. o. b this side.

Hay—The best grades of prairie and timothy were in such urgent demand that higher prices were realized, but lower qualities unchanged and quiet. Sales ranged as follows: This side—Prairie, $7@9 for Iowa and $8@10.50 for Kansas; slough grass, $6@6.50; mixed timothy, $7.50@10; prime to fancy timothy, $9.50@11. East track stock sells about $1@2 per ton below the above rates.

Provisions were firmer, but quiet, and only the usual moderate order business done. There was some working on large lots, but not ended, the trades falling through, and up country lots were neglected, as there were none offering and no bids for them. Standard mess pork could be bought at $10.12½, but some sellers asked $10.25. Prime steam lard nominally worth 5.90c. Loose 20-day dry salt longs sold at 5¾c and c'ribs at 5.35c, both f. o. b., and boxed longs at 5¼c, c'rib at 5.40c, and shorts at 5½c. Packed bacon—Shoulders sold at 5¾c, longs at 8¾c, c'ribs at 6.60@6¾c and shorts at 6¾@6.90c; loose c'ribs at 6.40@6½c. Country lard, 5@5½c per lb. for small lots in irregular pkgs. C. s. c. hams, 9½@11½c. Breakfast bacon 8½@9½c. Beef—Family, $6.50@8 per bbl; on orders higher, $4.25@4.75 per ½-bbl; dried, 11@12c; selected, 14c per lb; smoked tongues, $4.25@5 per doz. Tallow—Prime summer rendered, 3¾@4c in oil bbls; No. 2, 3¼@3½c; in irregular packages, ¼c less. Grease—Brown and yellow, 2½@3½c; white, 3½@4c; straight lots held higher. Salt—Domestic, 90c ₩ bbl. on east and 95c this side. Ground Alum, $1.10 ₩ sack—small way higher.

Highwines steady at $1.18 in St. Louis and Cincinnati, $1.14 in Peoria and Chicago.

Lead firm and fully worth $4.12½@4.15. Late Saturday 5 cars refined sold E. side at $4.12½, and to-day 100 tons was reported at $4.15, which was asked for more and $4.12½ bid; common was to be had at $4.12½.

The St. Louis Afternoon Board.

Wheat excited, advancing boyantly until ⅝c above 1 o'clock and closing strong, with buyers at the top. Corn higher and firm and demand active, especially for May. Oats firm. Latest on export purchases of wheat at the Atlantic seaboard was that about 100 loads (800,000 bu) had been taken.

Cotton.

There was little change in to-day's market. Liverpool spots were easier, but unchanged and a moderate business done, and futures closed about the same as Saturday, December, January, and February options closing a point. New York were quiet at 9 3-16c for middling, but futures fluctuated within a slightly higher range, closing with the near months 1@4 points higher, but all else unchanged from Saturday. The local market was firm, and 4,389 bales reported sold, but 3,780 bales of this changed hands late Saturday.

LOCAL SPOT QUOTATIONS—Low ordinary 6¼c, ordinary 6¾c; good ordinary, 7¼c; low middling, 8 5-16c; middling, 8¾c; good middling, 8 15-16c; middling fair, 9¼c.

RECEIPTS, SHIPMENTS AND STOCKS—Gross receipts to-day, 4,045 bales, against 7,355 bales last year; since September 1, 1886, 182,492 bales, against 232,864 same time last year; shipments to-day, 2,361 bales, against 5,631 bales last year; since Sept. 1, 1886, 138,891 bales, against 167,397 bales same time last year; stocks in compresses and warehouses to-day, 55,617 bales, against 67,066 bales.

CLOSING PRICES, 3 P. M.

LIVERPOOL—Uplands, 5¾d; Orleans, 5 5-16d. Sales, 10,000 bales. Futures closed quiet and steady; November and December, 5 9-64d; December and January, 5d; January and February, 5d; February and March, 5 1-64d; March and April, 5 3-64d; April and May, 5 5-64d; May and June, 5 7-64d; June and July, 5 10-64d.

NEW YORK—Futures closed barely steady. November, 9.07c; December, 9.08c; January, 9.15c; February, 9.25c; March, 9.35c; April, 9.45c; May, 9.55c; June, 9.65c; July, 9.74c; August, 9.81c. Sales, 33,800 bales.

Country Produce.

APPLES—Offerings small, demand good and prices moving upward. Genetins, $1.50@1.85; winesap, $1.75@2.15; romanite, $1.25@1.75; Roman beauty, $2@2.50; Ben Davis, $2.25@2.50; willow twig, $1.25@2.50; Eastern and Michigan assorted varieties, $1.50@2.25 per bbl.

DRIED FRUITS—Very firm and in demand, especially apples; sun-dried apples at 3½@3¾c for dark and poor; 3@3¼c for fair to good quarters, and 3½@3¾c for choice bright quarters; peelings and cores, 1@1½c. Evaporated at 6@7c for quarters and slices, and 8@9c for rings. Peaches—Quarters, 3½@3¾c, and halves, 3½@4¼c for old and 4½@5c for new; evaporated 10@12c for unpeeled and 12@18c for peeled. Blackberries, 7¼@8c.

POTATOES—Good demand and market better. We quote at 35@40c for rose and Ohio at 45@50c for peerless and Eastern burbanks 55@60c, rose 30c and peerless 32@35c per bu; poor stock less.

ONIONS—Firm and in demand at 92½@95c for prime yellow and $1@1.05 red ₩ bu.

GRASS SEEDS—Little doing. Timothy ranges at $1.60@1.70; clover at $4.25@4.35; red top at $2@3.

COTTON SEED—Selling at $9.25 per ton.

HEMPSEED—Steady at 85c, pure test.

FLAXSEED—Salable at 92c, pure test.

DRESSED POULTRY—The old stock, which is nearly cleaned up, is dull and weak. Receipts, 45,634 lbs. Limited local demand and ample supply. We quote: Creamery—Choice to fancy, 24@26c; selections, 27c; Elgin higher. Dairy—Choice 20@23c; selections, 24@25c; fair to medium, 15@18c; near-by country make at 8@12c, according to quality. Roll—Near-by at 13½@15c; choice Northern 18@20c.

CHEESE—Wisconsin full cream, 11½@12c; Illinois do do, 10@11c; skims, 7@8½c; Young America, 12½c.

EGGS—Receipts, 460 pkgs. Firm and good stock in demand at 18½@19c, while limed, salted and otherwise preserved dull at much less.

GAME—Demand brisk at firm rates. We quote: Deer carcasses, 5@6c; venison saddles, 9@10c ₩ lb; wild turkeys, 6@7c ₩ lb; grouse, $5.00; quail, $1.75; pheasants, $3; woodcock, $3.50; opossum, 5@15c each; rabbits, $1.25; jack rabbits, $3; squirrels, 60c; snipe, $1.50. Ducks—Wood and mixed, $1.@1.75; teal, 33; mallard, $2.25@2.40; red head, $3; canvas back, $4; plover, 50c@$1; sandpipers, 25c.

DRESSED POULTRY — Market entirely cleaned up of old stock, and offerings small of fresh stock, which caused a healthy feeling for all descriptions. Choice turkeys sold at 9c per lb, and ducks and geese at 5@6½c. Fancy large chickens in better request, and sold at $2@2.25, but thin and poor stock dull as ever, ranging at $1@1.50, while good-sized sold fairly at $1.75. Ducks quiet at $3@3 and geese at $3@7 per dozen.

LIVE POULTRY — Neglected. Chickens quotable at $1.25@1.50 per dozen for mixed young and old; $1.75 for fancy large springs, and heavy old hens; $1@1.25 for small springs. Turkeys sell fairly at 6@6½c ₩ lb. Ducks at $1.50@2.25 and geese at $3@4.

BROOM CORN—Firm and in demand. Quote: Inside and covers, 3@4½c, self working, 3@4½c; hurl, 4½@5c.

LAMBS—Sales at $1.50@3.25 per head, top rate for fat.

VEALS—Small fat, 5½c

St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

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THE DISPATCH PUBLISHING CO.,
JOSEPH PULITZER, President.

[Entered at the Post-Office at St. Louis, Mo., as second-class mail matter.]

TERMS OF THE DAILY.

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Six months	4 00
Three months	2 00
One month	65
One month (delivered by carrier)	65
By the week (delivered by carrier)	15

Subscribers who fail to receive their paper regularly will confer a favor upon us by reporting the same to this office by postal card.

THE WEEKLY.

One year, postage paid	$1 00
Six months, postage paid	50

All business or news letters or telegrams should be addressed
POST-DISPATCH,
515 and 517 Market street.

TELEPHONE NUMBERS.

Editorial Rooms	587
Business Office	358

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 29, 1886.

AMUSEMENTS TO-NIGHT.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE—Downing in "Spartacus."
OLYMPIC—Clara Morris.
POPE'S—Carleton Opera Company.
PEOPLE'S—"Lights o' London."
STANDARD—"The Planter's Wife."
PALACE MUSEUM—Daily from 1 p. m. to 10 p. m.

THE cruiser Atlanta broke down several times on her trial trip. It is clear that somebody is determined to ruin JOHN ROACH.

SAM JONES is now preaching in Nebraska. When he finishes his labors in that part of the country, he should go to Kansas and hold meetings for the especial benefit of the druggists.

WHEN the Prohibitionists get ready to capture another town they should lay siege to the City of Mexico. Perhaps Secretary BAYARD would contribute something to the campaign fund.

THE moral status of the Kansas drug store has become one of the burning questions of the hour. In the face of the contradictory testimony elicited up to date, we are unable to reach a final decision on the case.

THE managers of the drowsy LOGAN boom have circulated the report that Senator LOGAN has made $250,000 in a real estate speculation. The Republican leaders seem unable to surrender the idea that a Presidential candidate should carry a "bar'l."

THE city authorities of Vienna are sustaining the Emperor in his stand against poker and have forbidden the playing of that game at the clubs and cafes. It is manifest that the suspended *entente cordiale* between Vienna and Washington has not been restored.

THE anarchist leaders are making a characteristic mistake in affirming that the granting of the supersedeas in favor of their condemned friends in Chicago was due to the formidable proportions of the Henry George movement in New York. This view is not very flattering to the men who voted for GEORGE.

WHILE Mr. BLAINE is artfully angling for the labor vote, Master Workman POWDERLY has felt called upon to make this observation: "I consider Mr. JAMES G. BLAINE the greatest fraud on earth." Mr. BLAINE is a great national showman, but he should not attempt to crowd too many inharmonious animals into the same cage.

THE Committee on Foreign Affairs will recommend that several second-class missions be raised to the first rank. It is more necessary to raise several second-class ministers to the first rank; the missions can be attended to later. There is generally a lack of smoothness when a second-class minister is forced in a first-class mission.

IT is reported that Secretary WHITNEY presented each employe of the Navy Department with a turkey on Thanksgiving Day. There would have been some display of patriotic symbolism in presenting each one with a carefully picked American eagle; but when it comes to practical politics and solid benevolence, the turkey easily distances the eagle.

THE Chicago Socialists are opposed to the scheme of a co-operative slaughter-house, like that recently proposed by the strikers. What's the use of having a slaughter-house in which people have to work, just as they do in the slaughter-houses of bloated millionaires? What the Socialists want is an automatic slaughter-house that will do its own work while the employes smoke cigars.

A NODAWAY COUNTY horsethief was killed by an officer a few days ago. The danger incurred in committing a theft is by no means proportional to the value of the thing stolen. The man who appropriates his neighbor's horse or chickens runs as great risk of bodily harm as the man who carries off the contents of an express car, or the corporation that steals a valuable franchise.

HENRY GEORGE intends to start a weekly newspaper. This evident determination to become a millionaire in the shortest possible time creates a suspicion that Mr. GEORGE is losing some of his sympathy for the horny-handed toilers and acquiring an affinity for the bloated wealthy classes. The proposed paper will be published "in the interest of all who work with hand or "head," which shuts out anarchists, tramps and dudes.

A LOOK AHEAD.

Is it victory or defeat when success at the polls develops in a party marked symptoms of dissolution?

That was a rare spectacle exhibited at the recent New York City election. With Democratic administrations in control of the patronage of Nation, State and city for the first time in twenty-five years, fifty thousand voters who had adhered to the Democratic party through twenty-five years of defeat left that party in a body to rally around the banner of a new party, whose policy is yet to be formulated, and of which nothing can be predicated except that it is intended to be more Democratic than the old party, more opposed to plutocracy, and more earnest in keeping the Government in close communion with the hearts of the masses.

It will not do to say that the 50,000 Democrats who broke away from the party in a single city under such circumstances were sore-headed spoils-seekers, or that they can be propitiated by rearranging the slate of subordinate office-holders. The unwavering ranks of New York City Democracy during a quarter of a century of party defeat had shown that no manipulation of the spoils could seduce them from the faithful support of their principles. It is, therefore, but reasonable to credit them with continued fidelity to their own honest convictions, and doing this we must, perforce, ascribe their secession to the disappointment of finding in a Democratic Administration a continuation of what they had most objected to in Republican Administrations.

They objected to the apparent control of the Treasury by the bankers of the East, and they find no change there.

They looked for an Administration that would vigorously enter into the struggle of the people against law-defying and land-grabbing corporations, but have found an Administration as inert and as cold on that trail as any of its predecessors.

They looked for an Administration that would raise the civil service standard by vigorous and genuine reforms, but have seen a majority of the Republican machine men retained, Democratic machine men displacing those turned out and the same old bossism continued in the parceling out of the patronage, while Pan-Electric scandals halo the Cabinet.

They expected an Administration closer to the people in all its methods and policies, in its whole tone and bearing. They have found it hand and glove with Wall street, but distant, cold and haughty in its attitude towards the masses.

The organs that belittle these causes of dissatisfaction cannot belittle the signs of a great and wide-spread disgust among the laboring masses with the results of a Democratic victory from which they expected fruits so different. If nothing is done to check this gathering storm where will the old Democratic party be at the close of the election in 1888?

FICKLE LOVE AND FORTUNE.

Colored society in Washington City has been stirred to its profoundest depths by a romantic and sensational elopement, which tends to show the capacity of the once down-trodden race for acquiring the arts of civilization and keeping step with the "white trash" in the march of progress. Miss LULU FRANCIS, a colored maiden, had been wooed and almost won by GEORGE M. SNEED, a popular mulatto who ranked as the perfumed Adonis of the colored society at the Capital. Miss LULU is the daughter of a wealthy negro named RICHARD FRANCIS who owns seventy houses in Washington. The love was mutual between GEORGE and LULU. They were engaged and preparations were being made for a magnificent wedding. Cards had been sent out, and the 22d of December, when the days are very short, was the time appointed for the happy consummation. GEORGE M. SNEED, the lucky man, was steeped in dreams of coming happiness as he neatly tossed plates and dishes at the Arlington hotel, and was figuring skilfully on Miss LULU's bank account, not to mention the acceptable "unearned increment" that was to come to him in the shape of a gift in real estate from the bride's father.

While the preparations for the grand wedding were in full swing, there appeared upon the scene a lean and hungry vagrant from Virginia, named CASSIUS HARRISON, who was once a devoted but unsuccessful lover of Miss LULU, and who had wandered in wretchedness through distant regions in order to assuage his grief with change of scene. CASSIUS reappeared in Washington in circumstances of sorrow and misery, wearing a woe-begone expression of countenance and a pair of trousers that were literally on their last legs and owed their availability to a friendly coat-tail. It would seem that the lucky GEORGE SNEED, from the dazzling heights of happiness and good fortune to which he had climbed, would have looked with compassion upon such a creeping worm of the valley as the cast-off and knocked-out CASSIUS; but it was not so. GEORGE'S sudden elevation had disturbed his equilibrium and dried up his sympathy for the miserable and unfortunate. At this stage of the proceedings he sought to aggravate the unhappiness of the vagrant CASSIUS by sending him a card with a sarcastic memorandum soliciting his attendance at the wedding. This harsh sarcasm produced a result very different from what was intended. When CASSIUS received the tinted missive he roused himself like a recumbent mule when violently prodded, he "braced up," borrowed a suit of clothes, called on Miss LULU, renewed his vows of devotion with startling success, eloped with her last Thursday to New York and it is thought that they were immediately married in that city. In the meantime, the amazed and dumfounded GEORGE M. SNEED has fallen in a heap from his fairy visions of houses and lots, bank account, and "unearned increment." He has resumed his acquaintance with plates and dishes, with much gloomy pondering over the uncertainty of the female mind and the instability of human grandeur.

No circumspect sportsman will hereafter bet on a New York jury.

"MR. BLAINE was right. A man ought to be very select in shaking hands."—[STEVE DORSEY.

QUEEN VICTORIA has thirty grandchildren, and still the British tax-payers are not satisfied.

THE Germans have been proving their high educational standard by getting rid of Russian bonds.

THE French are ready to assure their Muscovite friends that the Crimean war was waged in a Pickwickian sense.

QUEEN VICTORIA'S new grandson ought to be named GEORGE WASHINGTON as a mark of esteem for Uncle SAM.

"IT will be a cold day when I put any more faith in the mugwump estimate of civil-service reform."—[Mr. STONE of Pennsylvania.

BOB INGERSOLL is a Henry George man, but he is opposed to a minute subdivision of big ranches or the abolition of ownership therein.

DON'T refuse to shake a man's hand at a funeral; wait till he solicits your vote with a proffered couple of fingers, and then squelch him.

THE Chicago people are beginning to find out where Duluth is located. Geographical knowledge sticks best when imparted under favorable conditions.

SOME of the Pennsylvania iron men were so profoundly impressed with Mr. BLAINE'S campaign sketch of North Alabama that they are moving their furnaces into that region.

CONGRESS should make an appropriation to pay the kind-hearted Socialistic tramps from Europe who spend their time in instructing Americans in the science of government.

THE METROPOLITAN PRESS.

What the Editors of the New York Journals Are Saying this Morning.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, November 29.—The WORLD says: "That able disciple of protection, Mr. Wm. D. Kelley, commonly called 'Pig Iron Kelley,' is now sojourning in the South for the purpose of broadening his mind. He has publicly declared that he finds, after investigation, that the negro laborers in Alabama and Tennessee are so much better paid than the laborers of Pennsylvania, where they are protected up to their eyes. This is an interesting statement, but where does it leave Mr. Blaine?"

THE SUN.

The Sun says: "Turn out the Republicans. Turn out the Pan-Electric Attorney-General. That is the only way for Mr. Cleveland to make his Administration turn out well. That is the only way in which the Democratic voters can be induced to turn out for the primaries in 1888 and elect Cleveland delegates. That is the only way whereby Mr. Cleveland can help being turned out himself. Now is the day and now the hour. The Stone letter is the first clear mile-stone outside the mugwump slough and on the road to success. If the President keep straight ahead or struggle off again and flounder, fooled by Chinese Jack o' Lanterns? Wait and see. A little mixture of brain sauce with the beef might prove a popular dish."

THE TRIBUNE.

The Tribune says: "The report of the Comptroller of the Currency has much to say about the national banks, but it is without plain suggestions as to the basis upon which they can be continued. Mr. Trenholm seems to be principally, and very properly, impressed with the necessity of defending the banks against the hostile attitude of the Democratic majority in Congress. The problem, he declares, is how to remodel the currency features of the system so as to obtain popular approval for the banks. Then he points out that these corporations will not exist, as they can only do so as places of discount and deposit; that they must be allowed to make a profit on the money they handle, and that it does not matter to whom the Government pays interest on bonds. The inference from all this is that the Comptroller thinks the present system a good one, and that any substitute for it should be as nearly like the original."

THE TIMES.

The Times says: "Admiral Porter's views concerning the need and practicability of procuring really fast vessels for our navy will be read with unconcealable disgust by newspaper experts, who contend that a cruiser, which makes thirteen knots an hour at her trial time lost in repairing defective crank-pins, is good enough for this country. We know of no motive, save partisanship and a desire to break down the fairest ship-builders of past Administrations, to which the opponents of the present Administration can attribute the Admiral's unblushing declarations that the navy needs vessels of 6,000 tons capable of making 19½ knots an hour, and others of 5,000 tons able to maintain a speed of 19 knots for a few hours, and that such vessels could be had if the art of engine building for naval vessels were not retarded by indifference and ignorance on the part of the designers of vessels for the navy."

ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

EXCHANGE.—The largest attendance at the Fair was 128,000.

F. J. V.—There are about thirty building and loan associations in this city.

AN OLD SUBSCRIBER.—The eldest hand can order up a trump without holding one.

X. Y. Z.—The 6th of next January will be the 48th anniversary of Ed. Butler's birthday.

SUBSCRIBER.—The Browns won three games from Patterson's team last week.

A BEAUTY.—Mr. Edward Eisbach of the Thalia Company is 33 years old. He is not married.

YOUNG AND HANDSOME.—Mr. Ferdinand Schultz of the Thalia Company is 32 years old. He is not married.

ENDYMION.—Dr. Hardaway, Twenty-second and Olive streets, or Dr. Ohmann-Dumesnil, Pope's Theater Building.

A. L. JORDAN.—The dealer's partner does not order the dealer up, but assists. The dealer can then go alone.

EUCHRE.—When the dealer deals five cards to the others and four to himself and turns up a trump he misdeals and loses his deal.

BETTER.—Eugene Field, the alleged humorist, is now living in Chicago. In his earlier and better days he was a resident of St. Louis.

A READER, Adrian, Mo.—(1) The engagement ring is worn upon the index finger of either hand. (2) It is usually a solitaire diamond or pearl ring.

A THEATER GOER.—1. Lizzie Evans will not play a return engagement. 2. Wilson Barrett and Mrs. Langtry appear here this winter. 3. The eyes of the lady you refer to are perfectly straight. 4. Mr. John Webster is the husband of Nellie McHenry.

A Celestial Alderman.

From the Baltimore American.

Sirius is coming toward the earth at the rate of twenty miles a second. It has probably helped to sell out a franchise in the Milky Way and is making for Canada.

MR. W. C. STEIGERS
Will call on merchants wishing to contract for advertising in POST-DISPATCH. Telephone 556.

A SCOUNDREL EXPOSED.

PROF. JOHN S. DE LEON, AN ASTROLOGER, AND HIS NEFARIOUS TRADE.

Sending Girls to Panama to Suffer Dishonor and Almost Certain Death—The "Professor" Cleverly Entrapped and Unmasked by a Reporter—"Dead Girls Tell No Tales"—Self-Criminating Letters—Mrs. Bowes' Case.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, November 29.—After Prof. de Leon, the astrologer of East Fourth street, had, Saturday night, related to a WORLD reporter the details of the nefarious trade by which he sent girls from this city to suffer dishonor and almost certain death in Panama, he made an appointment with the reporter to meet him at a late hour. When the expose of the villainous traffic, published in the WORLD yesterday, had been prepared, the reporter returned to the professor's house, joined the singularly unsophisticated astrologist, and then accompanied him for a stroll. At the professor's invitation the couple visited a number of saloons which, situated on Sixth avenue between Twenty-third and Twenty-fourth streets, are a resort for flashily dressed women. The professor seemed everywhere well known and he was familiarly greeted by the women, one of whom, bolder than the rest, said to him: "I think you are the devil." Seated in a well-known restaurant at an early hour in the morning, with a sirloin steak before him and plenty of ale at his elbow, the professor waxed garrulous.

DISCLOSING HIS VILLAINY.

"This business of sending supplies to Panama, Lima and Valparaiso," he said, "is the very neatest one I have ever fallen into. You see there is not a particle of danger in the whole matter. Dead girls tell no tales, and what with the life and climate, these girls have just about six months of life. Of this party of fifty girls that I have sent to Mme. De Bien during the past three years, not one has ever turned up in New York again. For several months I hear from them, and when the correspondence stops, I suppose it is the result of yellow fever. The girls are all silly and unsophisticated, and so the madame has no difficulty in managing them."

"How do you induce them to go to such a miserable climate?"

"By a variety of methods. A great many women come to me in my practice. I study their characteristics and when I see one whom I should like to send away I adopt the trick which I think will fool her easiest. Many young girls who are unhappy in their home relations come to me; they want money to amuse themselves and sometimes I advance the money. They spend the money quickly and then I put the screws on. I tell them how they may make money. Of course, at first, they are indignant. They spurn my proposition. After I tell them repeatedly that if they will only consent to go to Panama for a few months they would be enabled to pay me off, save a lot of money, and come back wearing sealskin sacques, why they generally conclude to go. 'What fools these mortals be.'

TWO VICTIMS.

"I have two girls whom I will soon send to the madame," he continued. "One is a French girl, who was engaged as a model in a Broadway mantle maker's. She had a quarrel with the man she was engaged to. She came to see me. I told her it would be a good scheme to go to Panama and revenge herself on her former lover by going to the dogs. Funny, is it not?

"The other is a well-known actress who was up here for her health, and who called for help on one or two of her friends. They refused and then she came to me. I told her she had better go to Panama. She is a level-headed woman and I could not work the seasoned dog on her. I told her the truth. At first she was very indignant, but when I showed her that she would not be recognized there and would, in a few months, be able to return very rich, she decided to go. She will make a good howl, for she plays on the banjo and dances. The poor girl, she will never come back. She is one of the weak and willowy kind."

FIXING HIS REPORTER SOLID.

During his recital of these incidents the astrologer had been looking deep into his glass and his tongue began to wag faster. After a moment's reflection he exclaimed: "You know what I'll do for you, my boy? Well, listen, I will fix you solid with all the girls." He then called for paper and pencil and wrote a letter of which the following is an exact copy:

My Dear Friend Lilly:

Mr. Harry Leigh, the bearer of this note, is my personal friend, whom I take great pleasure in introducing to you. Now I want you to look upon him as a friend and a friend of your friend. With best wishes for your good health and success I am yours in true friendship, JOHN S. DELEON.

1 o'clock, a. m., Sunday.

P. S.—Please excuse pen and pencil as I could get nothing else to write this nasty note with. Mr. Leigh goes on to Baltimore to-night and I will not have another chance of seeing him again before he starts for Panama. LEON.

To Miss Lilly Odell, care of Mrs. de Bien, Panama, present.

EFFECT OF THE INTERVIEW.

By the time the reporter left Leon the Sunday WORLD was being sold like hot cakes in all the uptown resorts. Another reporter of the WORLD called at Prof. de Leon's house last evening and was told by the servant that he had been ill all day and could see no one. When the reporter made known his errand, however, he was invited into the astrologer's consulting room. The professor began by explaining the interview with him printed in yesterday's WORLD.

"In the early part of August," he continued, "this Bowes girl (or rather woman, for she's at least 35 years old) came into my office selling books. She told me she had been abandoned by her husband, who had run away to California with another woman. I sympathized with her and tried to guide her. She wanted a situation and her idea was to get to California in some way and compel her husband to support her. Her father and mother were not willing to give her the money to go on and she was willing to do anything if I would help her, Mme. de Bien, the lady in Panama, was here one day and wanted a seamstress. I recommended Mrs. Bowes because I knew she was respectable and quiet. I believe Mme. de Bien to be a respectable woman. I knew her in Paris. She's wealthy and married. She may be a little queer, but she does not keep a disorderly house. The Bowes woman was delighted with the idea of going away and her father and mother came down to the landing to see her off. She introduced me to them. When she got out there she was disappointed because she could not go right on to California. I received a letter from Mme. de Bien to that effect."

The reporter called the professor's attention to the following letter, which appeared in yesterday's WORLD, and the original manuscripts of which is still in the WORLD'S possession:

THE "GOVE AWAY" LETTER.

Mme. de Bien, Panama:

MY DEAR MADAM—The bearer of this letter you will find a very submissive and quiet girl. I think you can do what you like with her, but you must not expect this as a sample of what I will send you. I am bound to make you rich, but you must live on Long Island, not in Panama. I have told her to ask whatever she wants from the steward and that you will settle it on arrival of the steamer City of Para at Aspinwall. Yours,

PROF. DE LEON, Astrologer,
East Fourth street.

A GOOD SAMARITAN.

"That letter," said De Leon, "is made up. I never wrote it. I gave her a letter of introduction to Mme. de Bien, simply stating that I believed her to be honest and took pleasure in recommending her. It was only because I pitied her. I tell you an astrologer has it in his power to do a great deal of good if he wants to. My place here is almost an intelligence office. You see, I know some very good people here, and when I find deserving persons in need of an occupation I go to these friends and I get them work. It saves them the fees of agents, for I don't charge for my services. One thing I would not do is to recommend a decent girl to a disreputable person. Intelligent ones frequently come here to learn what is in store for them, and I've saved plenty of them from suicide. I sometimes have women come here who have been led astray, oftentimes by young men of good families, and it is only recently I got one of this class a situation on Sixth avenue. I sent a couple of circus people down into Panama the other day, and I am expecting a theatrical company of eight or ten Castilians to follow them shortly. I was interested in this Santo Domingo rebellion not long ago, and had three large vessels at my disposal to send out filibusters. The rebels offered me a fabulous sum, and I could betray some of them if I wished and get their necks stretched.

A VERY GOOD MAN.

"As for inducing young girls to go to Panama, I never do it. There are plenty who will go without it. I had a woman come down here and offer me her diamonds the other day as security if I would pay her passage to Panama, but I would not do it. There is a class of women in New York who would go anywhere you send them."

"Do you ever forward any of this class?" was asked.

"If a woman comes to me," was the reply, "trying to better her condition, I must in sympathy aid her. I have friends in Panama, and I sometimes give people letters of introduction to them. Of those whom I aid there are occasionally those whose characters might be questioned, but it's not my business to ask them what they are going to do when they get there."

"Now," said De Leon as the reporter was leaving, "I don't want to influence you in writing up your story, but do the best you can for me, and if you will call in to-morrow, I will make you a nice present."

"The WORLD supplies me with all that I care for," replied the reporter.

"Right my boy" said the professor gazing on his interviewer with a look of fatherly pride. "You're an honest youngman and a credit to your mother."

MRS. BOWES' CASE.

The Pacific Mail steamer City of Mexico, on which Mrs. Bowes sailed for Panama, is now in this port. Second Officer Benedict said yesterday: "The case of Mrs. Bowes excited a good deal of sympathy, and I am glad to see that old demon has been exposed. We discovered another case of the same kind about a year ago. A young woman was sent from this city to be a waiter in a hotel at Colon, and on her arrival she found that she was expected to enter a disreputable house. The company brought her back to this country. There is no knowing how many girls are brought to Colon in the same way. Young women are being sent down nearly every trip we make, but we have no means, ordinarily, of knowing anything about them."

De Leon's neighbors were very much surprised at the story and united in thanking the WORLD for exposing him. One of the tenants of No. 38 said: "I have lived in the house three years and I never saw the man. He used to call himself Dr. De Leon, but one day I heard one of his neighbors threaten him with arrest if he did not drop the title. I know there were hosts of persons who called to see him."

Charles Upham, who lives opposite Prof. de Leon's office, remarked the large number of people who visited the astrologist. "There are crowds of them at times," he said, "and they include all classes. Most of them are women, and a good many of them dress flashily. There are many respectable people, however, and often there will be two or three private carriages in front of the house at the same time."

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

Senator Beck ridicules the idea of contesting Carlisle's election.

The Life Saving Service last year saved 2,899 persons out of 2,726 cast adrift.

Two Italian torpedo boats collided off the Spanish coast and one was sunk.

A new French gunboat made nineteen and one-fifth knots for several hours.

Miss Sadie Allen, aged 20, went through the Niagara rapids yesterday in a barrel.

P. P. Snodgrass of Emporia, Kas., accidentally shot and killed himself Saturday.

A monument to the Manchester martyrs was unveiled yesterday at Ennis, Ireland.

Simon Cameron, Wilson, Mayor of Harrisburg, Pa., died of heart disease last night.

Granville Brown, aged 14, was burned to death in a barn at Mount Vernon, Ky., Saturday.

Frank Davis, a prisoner in San Francisco jail, suicided by butting out his brains Saturday.

A Boston fire yesterday damaged the Lockwood Manufacturing Co., to the extent of $200,000.

Prince Nicholas of Mingrella, mentioned for the Bulgarian throne, is a broken-down debauchee.

A 6-year-old daughter of Mr. George Turley of McLean County, Indiana, was burned to death Saturday.

Lewis Smith, a roustabout, shot and killed Postmaster James of Woodbine, Ky., on Saturday evening.

A fire in Pittsburg yesterday damaged the Peoples Natural Gas Co. to the tune of $70,000, and threw 100 men out of employment.

Admiral Prather in his annual report urges the necessity of home defense, and lays stress upon the value of torpedoes.

Henry Seitz, late President of the First National Bank of Glen Ellen, Pa., was arrested Saturday for embezzling $50,000.

The Property Defense Association of Ireland is arranging a plan to compel tenants to pay rents held by tenants' trustees.

R. F. B. Warehelme, a farmer of Mechanicsville, Ind., shot and killed Thos. Calleyder, a blacksmith, in a wrestling match.

Frank Kerner of Reading, Pa., a peddler, is under arrest charged with the murder of his wife and the burning of his home.

Abbe Roussel, in charge of a female orphan asylum in Paris, is in the toils on a charge of seducing one of the girls of the school.

Paris anarchists yesterday stormed the platform of a radical meeting, and a fierce fight ensued, the police finally being called in.

Arthur Francis Flower Ellis of Widmore, Bromley, Kent, England, suicided Saturday evening in San Francisco. He was short of funds.

The Ostend (Belgium) mail car was entered Saturday morning and from the English mail bags were stolen, $250,000 in money and diamonds.

The French Consul has been ordered by the French Government to relinquish the protection of Russians in Bulgaria to the German Consul.

The body of an actress named Douglass, was found yesterday near Sandusky, O., with a bottle of chloroform by her side. Foul play is suspected.

The St. Paul and Duluth Elevator and Elevator A at Duluth, Minn., were consumed by fire Saturday night. The loss was about $1,000,000. Over 800,000 bushels of wheat went up in smoke.

The friends of a German druggist, who had been imprisoned eleven years for poisoning his wife, had her remains exhumed last week, and, experts finding no poison, the prisoner was released.

Merlatti, the Italian, has been urged by his physicians to quit his fast, as his blood is liable to decompose. Succi, the other faster, is under a shadow, as he will not reveal the ingredients of the liquor he uses.

A freight-train collision occurred at Anderson, O., on the Cincinnati Southern Railway yesterday. Edward Drohan, John Maher and Frank Beckwood were killed. Drohan saved his two boys, aged 5 and 7, by throwing them through the cab window.

Much excitement prevails at Corydon, Ind., over the attempt of Henry Wright, the defeated candidate, to keep J. M. Bealey out of the office of Recorder. Saturday morning Bealey was assaulted by Wright and his gang, and the records taken from him. Wright was jailed.

A MEXICAN RUSE.

Using the Rio Grande to Gobble Up American Land.

EL PASO, November 29.—A force of more than a hundred Mexicans were found at work yesterday on the estate of Judge Leahy, at Concordia, four miles below El Paso, excavating a channel to turn the current of the Rio Grande and throw, upon the Mexican side of the river, a large tract of land now upon this American side. After remonstrating in vain, Judge Leahy entered a formal protest to the Jefe Politico across the river. If this fails Judge Leahy will appeal to the American State Department. The land which the Mexicans are trying to gobble is the result of slow accretions to the American bank. The treaty of 1884 provides that such accretions shall belong to the side of the river on which they are made.

Tossed by the Cars.

At an early hour yesterday morning Edward Volker and Rusben Arnold attempted to cross the Vandalia track on St. Clair avenue, in East St. Louis, in a milk wagon. They had not noticed the approach of a train, and the result was that the engine struck the coach and demolished it. The horse was killed instantly and both Volker and Arnold were thrown several feet in the air. Both sustained fatal injuries, Arnold dying at 11 o'clock yesterday no hopes of Volker's recovery being entertained, although he was still alive this morning. Arnold was a single man and Volker has a wife and three children.

REDUCING TAXES.

SENATOR WHITTHORNE THINKS A GREAT DEAL DEPENDS UPON THE PRESIDENT.

A Party Leader Needed—The President and the District Real Estate Ring—Minister Jarvis and the North Carolina Senatorship—The Punishment of Geronimo and His Gang—The Indian Supply Depot.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

WASHINGTON, D. C., November 29.—Senator Whitthorne of Pennsylvania is here with his family. The Senator said this evening he did not think Congress could do anything last winter more than pass the appropriation bills. The only thing possible outside of these was a compromise of the interstate commerce bill, which is now in a conference committee. The Senator was asked if he did not think some legislation should be prepared by the House Democrats in the direction of reducing taxes. His attention was called to the fact that the close of the present fiscal year will show another hundred million surplus in the Treasury. The Senator said, in reply: "A great deal depends upon what the President says. His recommendations on this subject should have great weight. I think he has before him the greatest opportunity of his life. The heaping up of needless taxes in the Treasury in time of peace amounts to a crime. The trouble with both parties, for some time, has been the fact that there have been no leaders. What we need to-day is a practical statesman—some one who can give us a solution of the financial problem in the Treasury. If he does, he will become the great leader of his party and his future will be assured. What we need to-day is positive, affirmative acts. The President must have some plan prepared when Congress meets for a satisfactory reduction of taxes. If he takes a bold stand in the advocacy of such a plan, then he will have the country back of him."

Mr. Whitthorne did not think it would be possible to accomplish anything in the way of reducing taxes this winter. But if the President should present a plan and the Democratic House should act upon it favorably, then the failure to reduce taxation could not be charged to the Democratic party. If taxation should not be reduced during the coming winter, Mr. Whitthorne thinks the President should call the Fiftieth Congress together in a special session immediately after the 4th of March. A bold proclamation to the country that the President desired to put an end to the heaping up of the millions of taxes in the Treasury and that Congress should be held here until it reduced the burdens, would outline a grand policy for the Democrats to follow. The Republicans then would have to devise some affirmative policy of their own, or internal improvements for the benefit of the surplus in the Treasury, but they would have to have some plan. At present neither party has any definite policy."

Senator Whitthorne is a member of the Fiftieth Congress. He, personally, has very friendly feelings towards the Administration. He regards this winter, however, as the crucial period in which its success and popularity are to be put to a test. The President, last winter, stood back, and did not seek to direct the policy of his party in Congress. This year it is believed Mr. Cleveland will be in a different frame of mind, and that he will outline a policy. The Secretary of the Treasury's report will be in the same vein as the President's message, favoring the reduction of taxes. But whether the Administration will be able to submit a practical plan for this reduction is a question which very much interests all public men now on their way to Washington for the meeting of Congress, one week from to-morrow.

The District Real Estate Ring.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

WASHINGTON, D. C., November 29.—A party of gentlemen familiar with District affairs called upon the President Saturday and volunteered some startling information regarding the alleged real estate ring and the apparent connection with it of several District officials, intimating to the President that proof could be furnished him showing that Register of Wills Claggett and members of the District Commission, with other officials, were owners of real estate purchased near his country place by the pool. Mr. Cleveland was very much surprised, and could hardly believe such was the case. He remarked in reply that the charges were too serious to be made unless positive proof could be found in support of them. The proof could be produced, the President was assured, the gentlemen going so far as to say that an examination of the public records and other written evidence would disclose the position occupied by the officials. The President expressed a desire that he be furnished proof as soon as possible, adding that if there was no other means to get it he would institute upon a Congressional inquiry. It is true the President has had carried to him all kinds of rumors, much of which found their authorship with those who had personal grievances. It is now said the President will favor a Congressional investigation.

Additional information is also promised in the police scandal. Friends of Maj. Walker, the recently deposed Chief of Police, threaten to come out with a true statement of the origin of the scandal, which will be that the question of keeping an espionage upon Congressmen was first suggested by the District Commissioners. As Walker was asked to resign upon the request of the President, Walker naturally feels he has been unjustly sacrificed, and, in order to retaliate, he will make disclosures which will necessitate the President calling for the resignation of the Commissioners. Walker realizes he has been made to suffer more than all the others, and thinks it due him that others equally as guilty should come in for their share of the disgrace.

Minister Jarvis.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 29.—Ex-Gov. Jarvis, our present minister to Brazil, has sailed from Rio Janeiro to North Carolina on a long leave of absence. He is coming home to exercise "pernicious activity" in contesting with Matt Ransom for a seat in the Senate. The senatorial election takes place this winter. Mr. Ransom has been elected to the Senate for three terms. This is a very long period for a Senator from North Carolina. The people down there are beginning to think there should be a change. Mr. Ransom feared Mr. Jarvis' candidacy and was, therefore, one of his most enthusiastic supporters for a foreign mission. He used the full amount of influence with the President and Secretary Bayard to obtain Jarvis' appointment. The friends of Jarvis say the Senator's influence was not needed: that Jarvis had strongly presented to Mr. Cleveland by the entire delegation for a place in the Cabinet, and that the President was so well pleased with him after an interview, that he determined to give him a mission when he found that he could not take him into his Cabinets. It is probable, however, that Mr. Ransom will complain at Jarvis' being given permission to come home to fight for another office. In the newly elected Legislature of North Carolina the Independents hold the balance of power. The ablest man among these is Richmond Pearson, son of the late Chief Justice Pearson of North Carolina. He went through one or two American colleges and the university at Heidelberg with honor. He is a brother-in-law of Mrs. Calderon Carlisle of this city. The Democrats have concluded to make Mr. Pearson, who was selected as an independent Democrat Speaker of the next House, because he had it in his power to control the vote of his independent confreres. In return for this compliment, Mr. Pearson is expected to carry the Independents with the Democrats on all important measures.

Geronimo and His Gang.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

WASHINGTON, D. C., November 29.—The fate of the Indians captured in the Miles campaign is practically settled. It was not decided when they first went East whether any of them would be tried for their crimes or not. The President has examined very carefully and has concluded that life confinement for all these Indians in Florida, where they can do no harm, will be the most thorough punishment which can be visited on them. It is the only practical way by which they can be punished. If the criminals among them were to be singled out no military commission would have any authority to try them. It would be a travesty on justice to have these Indians tried in Arizona or New Mexico. There is not a white man in either of these Territories who could sit in a case involving the rights of an Indian with any kind of fairness. The conviction of the criminals would leave their families untouched. These families would train up children to revenge the deaths of their fathers, and the result would be a continuation of the outlawry which for years has made life and property so insecure in the two Territories. The removal of the Indians to Florida takes away nearly all of the families and leaves no stock to breed robbers and assassins for the future. As a matter of fact, the 500 Indians transferred to Florida have been sentenced to a lingering death. They have been brought up in the mountain countries, accustomed to freedom in the pure cold air of high latitudes. Their transfer to, and confinement in, the warm climate of Florida will simply result in their dying off like so many sheep. Experienced army officers do not think there will be one of them alive at the end of the next five years.

The Indian Supply Depot.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

WASHINGTON, D. C., November 29.—The depot for Indian supplies has been located in New York for many years. The opening of bids and annual letting of contracts have been made in New York for a long time. Western people are urging before the Indian Commissioner that this depot should be moved farther West. Chicago, St. Louis and Kansas City are competing for the removal of the depot West. Representatives of New York will be heard here next Wednesday.

Mrs. Gen. Hunt.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

WASHINGTON, D. C., November 29.—A sensation was created in fashionable circles by the announcement that the widow of ex-Minister Hunt had joined the Catholic Church. She has been under instructions for several months, and has just been admitted. She is the widow of our former Minister to St. Petersburg, who was Secretary of the Navy in Garfield's Cabinet.

AMUSEMENTS.

Downing in "Spartacus"—Other Attractions—"Faust" To-Night—Notes.

"Spartacus" is one of those athletic and war-like plays in which a nicely balanced combination of beef, brawn and brains is required. It selection had to be made as to which should predominate the chances are that the first two would be chosen, because a big brain without much brawn would feel lonely and desolate in the arena or in the sword slugging matches of the battle-field.

The "Spartacus" production of Mr. Joseph H. Mack, which was presented at the Grand last night, may, therefore, be regarded as a success, particularly from a pictorial and athletic standpoint. While the cast is for the most part made up of actors of experience, it has been selected largely with a view to physical fitness, and the ensemble in this view would give a promising outlook in a ring or a football field.

Mr. Robert Downing, the star, is himself built on a massive mould and what is lacking in himself and his support in muscle or shape is supplied by Wm. Muldoon who appears in the combat scene as the fighting Gaul. Mr. Downing is under-trained to a certain extent and has rather too much fat on him to make the best appearance, but he bears his weight well and in armor makes an heroic figure.

Mr. Downing is not original either in his methods or his conception of the character of Spartacus, nor is he capable of powerful intensity as yet. He follows the models which have been made of the part. He is a big, full-blooded, brawny man in an athletic part always commands attention from these very qualities which appeal to everyone more or less, but outside of them Mr. Downing in some of his quieter scenes is impressive and in some of the scenes which demand power he is strong. Several times, however, last night he anticipated and failed to reach his proper climax and showed a disposition to rant which only taxed his voice and failed of effect. His work received the approval of the audience and he was called before the curtain several times after the arena scene and after other acts.

The tendency to rant was manifest in several members of the cast. Mr. Henry Aveling as Phasarius marred one of his best pieces of work by raising his voice, but he accomplished some excellent work. Mr. Frank Lane made a competent Crassus, while Miss Mittens Willett as Sonona, and Miss Gail Forrest as Julia made fair types of gentle and suffering women.

The production was handsomely mounted and staged. The scenes were treated accurately and with impressive grandeur. The arenas and arches of Rome, the arena scene and the cam

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...se. The combat was fai
... a pretty sight, but it mi
...re so. The scenery throughou
...e. As an illustration of the
...y and the times, it was an
...s.

...NON" AT POPE'S.

...e recent comic opera pro-
...de the favorable impression
...anon" has gained. Its action
...ht and entertaining and its
...trancing melody. The waltz
... Rapture I Come to Thee,"
... its sensuous melody. The
...ompany made a decided hit
...tion of it last year and with
... people in the organization
... of the company at Pope's
...n better than before from
... of the chorus and cast. A
...was introduced in Miss Ray
...been heard here before with
...y. Her voice last night was
...ld true, but she, nevertheless
...ght, vivacious Nanon, and
...ss. Mr. Carleton, although
... made a fine D'Aubigne
... usual spirit, although his
...d showed weakness in some
... Mr. Jay Taylor's Hector
...k, but the cast, while not
...y strong, was excellent in
...ram corps was picturesque
...stumes were rich and beau-
...ery was fine, the salon of
...d act being an exquisite bit
...anon" will run for the week
...Saturday and Sunday. The
...ngagement have been in-
... over regular prices.

...PEOPLE'S.

...strong melo-drama "Lights
...out an excellent audience to
...ght. The play was hand-
...tely staged, the scenes all
...and striking while the com-
...etent for the work. The
... drama were admirably de-
...ith the strong approval of
...ull run for the week with

...STANDARD.

...audience gathered at this
...witness the performance
...on it has had so far this
...ter's Wife" has been in
...nes and it is a strong, clean
...owerful situations, and yet
...vein of comedy running
...y Lacy was the Col. Gra-
...roughout was capable. It
... Carey as Edith, Miss Kate
...gle Gordon, Mr. Mason
... Mr. Macready as Living-
...per as Simcoe, and others.

...CAN OPERA.

...formance of the operatic
...l to-night will be Gounod's
...ill be given for the first
...merican Opera Company.
...y and a strong cast
...he cast will include
... Faust; William Ludwig,
...o Stoddard as Valentine;
...s as Siebel; Joseph Silvers
...e Phillips as Martha, and
...erville.
...orps of ninety-two dancers
...he waltzes in the Kermess
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...re will be the dance of
...le dance, jewel dance, and
...es arranged in gorgeous
...o-morrow night will be
...roduced for the first time
...th Mme. Fursch-Madi as

...Notes.

...er attractions at the Pal-
...it a popular resort this

...of specialties will be given
...t at the opening for the

...ra Company, numbering
...arrived in the city last

...usband, F. C. Marriott,
... Frank L. Goodwin, ar-
... this morning and are
...thern. To-night Miss
...as the Olympic in her
..."L'Article 47."

...promise an unusually in-
... for their engagement as
..., Opening with "Merry
..., "Comedy of Errors"
...esday and Friday nights
... Conquer" on Saturday

GOTHAM'S GREAT CONTEST

MR. THEODORE ROOSEVELT INTERVIEWED IN LONDON ON HIS RECENT DEFEAT.

The Composition of Henry George's Vote a Great Surprise—A Wide Distinction Between the Socialist and Workingman—Success Would Have Smashed the Labor Party—Reforms Needed in New York—A Tribute to Mayor Hewitt.

Special Cablegram to the Post-Dispatch.

LONDON, November 29.—[Copyright 1886.]—I called on Theodore Roosevelt at his hotel yesterday morning, to ask him if he would give the POST-DISPATCH his views on certain phases of the recent mayoralty contest in New York, in which he was so prominent a participant. He met me with characteristic frankness and cordiality. In answer to the question whether he believed at any time that Mr. George would be elected he said: "No; I thought Mr. George would get from 60,000 to 70,000 votes. I never believed that he would be elected, but I knew that there was a strong movement for him. The only matter in which I was deceived was the composition of his vote. I thought that nine-tenths of it would come from the Democrats, whereas only three-fourths, or at the outside, four-fifths did. I was surprised that so many Republicans went to him."

"Do you think that his vote was representative of Socialism in New York?"

"I do not. I draw a very wide distinction between the Socialist and workingman. The great mass of men who supported Mr. George were perfectly honest. Indeed, I think the George vote was a singularly conscientious one. Many of his supporters came from the classes that usually make up the venal vote in New York City, but on this occasion they voted exactly as they thought right. I think them utterly mistaken and foolish in their views, but the fact remains that they honestly looked at Mr. George as the apostle of certain theories of political economy which thousands of voters, who had read his books, wanted to see practically demonstrated. They thought that the best way to do this was to elect him Mayor and see what he could do as a real reformer."

"Suppose he had been elected?"

A COMPLETE PARTY SMASH-UP.

"It would have resulted in the complete smash-up of his party and would have been a misfortune to himself. Having been supported both by a large class of honest workingmen, who are as much attached to a stable order of things as anybody else, and, also, by the socialists proper, whose mission is simply to pull down and destroy, there would have been an immediate conflict and Mr. George would have gone down between two factions of his own following."

"Yet you do not think, therefore, that the George movement means a new party that is to have an important bearing in National politics?"

"No, not a new party, but, unfortunately, a new element to be bid for by the old parties. There was, as I have said, no cohesiveness in the George following. It was an aggregation of people without settled principles, discipline or definite aim. It was largely a movement instigated by the classes or caste feeling that exists in the Old World, and therefore, it was distinctly un-American. Our country is not a country of castes. The theory of our Constitution is that all men are to have an equal chance, as far as may be, in the struggle for life, but you can not by legislation make all men take equal advantage of their chances. According to our theory there are no distinctions of race, creed or condition. In the eyes of the law each man has the right to pursue happiness in his own way, not wronging others nor being wronged by them, and neither helped nor hindered by the State. He must work out his own salvation for himself, and if he is a true American he will ask nothing from the Government except that it shall see that his rights are not interfered with.

CLASS ANTAGONISMS

are the most dangerous that can arise in a country. They mean, in the end, dissolution. There is no place in America for Socialism. It is a despotism and quite as repugnant to our Constitution as would be the despotism of an oligarchy or of an autocracy. It belongs to a country like Russia, where the tyranny of the few creates what would be the tyranny of the many if there were opportunity for it. The George vote was only a somewhat abnormal incident in the general labor demonstrations that have recently occurred all over the country."

"Had you in mind any special reforms to accomplish if you had been elected? Do the workingmen of New York bear wrongs which you would have tried to redress?"

"The changes which I would have tried to make would have been mainly in the working of the city government. That is what I would have been elected for. I should be working quite as much for the workingman as for anybody in putting our municipal civil service on a purely business basis, in doing away with all sinecures, cutting down expenses, and using the knife with merciless energy against all office-holders who were either corrupt themselves or, what is far more common and quite as dangerous, who connived at corruption in others. Yes, I think the workingmen, as such, have wrongs that I should have tried to see redressed. I should have tried to have the

CONSTRUCTION OF THE TENEMENT HOUSES

improved. There is a great deal to be done in the way of improved buildings for workingmen; but, after all, the main thing is to guarantee redress to the workingman, to every other American citizen; indeed, according to my experience almost every man citizen is a workingman of one kind or other. A higher rate of wages cannot be secured by legislation. The best we can do in America is to see that every man has a fair chance. After that he must take care of himself. Our free American does not want to be put in leading strings. We can never remove all suffering from the world. Laws will no more prevent some men from being poor than they will prevent me from being near sighted. The law gives to each the right of life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness. It only gives us the opportunity. The rest remains to be accomplished by every man, according to the best of his ability."

Mr. Roosevelt paid a high tribute to the honesty and ability of Mr. Hewitt. He said that he was compelled to enter the race against Mr. Hewitt because, since he was selected, it was necessary that he should make a sacrifice for the sake of maintaining his party organization.

A Suggestion.

100 of our elegantly engraved visiting cards with copper plate for $1.50. Will make a desirable Christmas gift. Order early and don't be disappointed.

Fine line of card cases.

E. JACCARD JEWELRY CO.,
307 N. Fourth st.

"We are not on the corner."

ARTHUR AND ROOSEVELT.

The Ex-President's Support of the Young Candidate for Mayor.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

WASHINGTON, D. C., November 29.—The Capital, in speaking of Mr. Arthur yesterday, said: "The ex-President was much interested in the recent election for Mayor of New York, and although Mr. Roosevelt had opposed his nomination at Chicago in 1884, and done as much as any other man to defeat it, Mr. Arthur was aware that the young leader regretted his course, and had none but the kindliest feelings towards him. He sent for several of his friends, who were active in politics and asked them to make it known that he earnestly wished the election of Mr. Roosevelt. As he could not get out to vote on election day he asked his friend, Mr. R. G. Dun, who is a Democrat, to pair with him. Mr. Dun was one of his pall-bearers. The day Mr. Roosevelt sailed from New York for Europe he wrote Gen. Arthur the following note:

"MY DEAR SIR—I wish to thank you very heartily for the way in which you have supported me in this election, and can assure you that I deeply appreciate and can never forget your kindness and generosity. With the highest respect, I am very truly yours,

"THEODORE ROOSEVELT."

THE looms do not weave, the artist does not design, the skilled workman does not construct finer, more fashionable, better fitting, or better made garments than are exhibited in the young men's department of the When Clothing Store. Our own manufacture, and we save you one profit.

XMAS
MDCCC
LXXXVI

SANTA CLAUS OPENS AT BARR'S

TO-DAY---MONDAY,

And the Great Popular Procession of 1886 will then begin to move toward the Basement Shrine of the Good Old Saint. ☞OUR ADVICE: Be amongst the first to pay your respects and SECURE FIRST CHOICE from the Extraordinary Display that will be made.

JANSEN'S SECRET.

Attempt to Assassinate a Witness—Fire in a Factory—Illinois Items.

CHICAGO, November 29.—Henry Jansen, who murderously assaulted his wife on Friday, is a member of the North Side Group of Anarchists. His wife states that he told her on one occasion that he stood next to the bomb-thrower the night of the police tragedy, and that he knew the man. It is reported that an attempt was made on Thursday night to assassinate Henry Gilmer, a witness at the trial of the anarchists. A bullet whizzed past his head as he entered his front door. He had expressed himself freely during the day on the granting of a stay of execution. Charles Fitch, a vaudeville actor known as Texas Charley, died at the County Hospital yesterday. He had been wounded in a shooting affray at Texarkana and an effort was made to extract two bullets from his breast. The Rothschild furniture factory was damaged by fire yesterday to the extent of $50,000.

FAIRFIELD, November 29.—The Hayward Collegiate Institute was dedicated yesterday in the presence of a numerous company.

CENTRALIA, November 29.—The M. E. Church South is holding a series of revivals here.

GALENA, November 29.—The hay and grain barns belonging to J. M. Ryan were destroyed by fire during the night.

Low Prices.

The extremely low prices that Burrell, Comstock & Co. have marked their entire furniture stock has paralyzed all competition, and they are justly doing the furniture trade of the city and country. Stylish goods and low prices win the trade. Buy furniture at

BURRELL, COMSTOCK & CO.'s,
402-404 North Fourth street.

A stable owned by Alexander Pushart, in the rear of 2841 Wisconsin avenue, caught fire last night and was destroyed with its contents. Total loss, $450.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This Powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall St., N. Y.

DIED.

DEHLENDORF—Sunday, November 28, at 11:45 p. m., WILLIAM DEHLENDORF, after a lingering illness, aged 62 years, 8 months and 24 days.

The funeral will take place Tuesday, at 2 p. m., from his late residence, 1851 Madison street. Friends of the family are invited to attend.

HEROLD—ALVINA, wife of F. F. Herold, Saturday night, November 27.

Funeral from residence, 2406 Buena Vista st., at 2 o'clock Tuesday afternoon, November 30.

WALSH—Sunday, November 28, 1886, at 4:30 p. m., ULICK J. WALSH.

Funeral will take place Tuesday, November 30, at 2 p. m., from family residence, 614 Chouteau avenue, to Annunciation Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery. Friends are invited to attend.

WHITSETT, UNDERTAKER.

Satisfaction or no pay. 1304 Olive st. Opposite Exposition. Reasonable charges. Telephone 473.

COR. OF 4TH & LOCUST.

REPAIRING

WATCHES,
CLOCKS,
MUSIC-BOXES,
JEWELRY,
SPECTACLES; also
RESETTING DIAMONDS,
CAREFULLY DONE
AT THE LOWEST PRICES

MERMOD & JACCARD
JEWELRY CO.,
4th & Locust. 4th & Locust.

Engravers, Stationers and Medal-Makers.
☞ Wedding and Visiting Cards finely executed. Correct forms, lowest prices!

FOR RENT,

For the HOLIDAY SEASON, the Elegant Store, No.

513 OLIVE STREET,

Formerly occupied by the
PROVIDENT SAVINGS.
Apply at Office of
Post-Dispatch,
515 and 517 Market St.

LADIES' PENNYROYAL PILLS.

"CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH." The Original and only Genuine. Ask your Druggist for Chichester's English (take no other, or send 4c (stamps) for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return mail. CHICHESTER CHEMICAL CO., Philadelphia, Pa. Sold by Druggists everywhere.

AMUSEMENTS.

PEOPLE'S THEATER!

TO-NIGHT, During the Week, Matinees Wednesday, Saturday and Sunday.

GLORIOUS REVIVAL OF THE PEERLESS DRAMATIC SENSATION,

LIGHTS O' LONDON.

PRESENTED BY A SPLENDID COMPANY,

—WITH THE—

MARVELOUS MECHANISMS and GRANDLY REALISTIC SCENERY

AND ACCESSORIES, WHICH HAVE NOT BEEN SURPASSED ON EITHER CONTINENT.

☞Sunday Night, Dec. 5—DAN SULLY in his new play, "DADDY NOLAN."

Your Lunch
COSTS YOU
10 or 15 Cents.

DELICATESSEN

118 N. Fourth Street.
712 Olive Street.
718 North Broadway.
TRY IT.

OLYMPIC

Commencing to-night. Special limited engagement.
5—EVENING PERFORMANCES—5
1—MATINEE—1,
OF AMERICA'S GREATEST ACTRESS,

CLARA MORRIS!

Under the Management of
MR. FRANK L. GOODWIN.
Supported by HENRY MILLER and and EXCELLENT COMPANY in the following
REPERTOIRE:
Mon., Tues. and Wed. evenings ..."L'ARTICLE 47"
Thursday and Friday evenings..."MISS MULTON"
Saturday Matinee ..."CAMILLE"
Clara Morris Positively Appears at Every Performance!

"This remarkable actress has never played here with such mental and bodily vigor as at present."—[Chicago Times, Nov. 23.

Last St. Louis Engagement this Season.

SPECIAL:
Wed. Matinee and Saturday Night....."CAMILLE"
By Frank L. Goodwin's Dramatic Com'y.

Next Week—"The Main Line," an Idyl of the Railroad.

THE LORGNETTE.

No Lady is in Style Without It.

The Largest Assortment, Latest Designs, AND Lenses Accurately Fitted to Any Eye, AT

ALOE'S

Optical Establishment,
Cor. 4th & Olive Sts.

"THE MAIN LINE,"

A Beautiful Romance of the Rail and Telegraph.

With the most novel and realistic effect ever seen on the modern stage.

Without Any Blood and Thunder or Sensation.

OLYMPIC, SUNDAY, DEC. 5.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE

America's Brilliant Young Tragedian,

ROBT. DOWNING!

As Spartacus, the Gladiator,

Under the management of Mr. Jas. H. Mack. Historical scenery, gorgeous costumes, strong company, and the world's famous athlete, WM. MULDOON, as the FIGHTING GAUL. Every evening at 8. Matinees Wednesday and Saturday.

December 6—Robson and Crane.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE—EXTRA.

Commencing MONDAY, DEC. 6.

The Comedians,

ROBSON AND CRANE.

Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday Nights and at the Saturday Matinee,

MERRY WIVES OF WINDSOR.

Thursday and Friday Nights,

COMEDY OF ERRORS.

Saturday Night—SHAKSPEARIAN CONCERT.

Sale of seats commences Thursday, Dec. 2.

AMUSEMENTS.

One Week Only. Reduced Railroad Fare.

AMERICAN OPERA.

MUSIC HALL,
EXPOSITION BUILDING.

1 1-3 FARE Round Trip.

Seats at Box Office, Exposition Building, and at Balmer & Weber's, 311 N. Broadway.

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 29,

FAUST

(GOUNOD.)

Faust, Chas. Bassett; Mephistopheles, Wm. Ludwig; Valentine, Alonzo Stoddard; Siebel, Jessie Bartlett Davis; Brander, Joseph Silvers; Martha, Mathilda Phillips; Marguerite, Emma Juch. Ballet—First act, Kirmess; fourth act (Walpurgis night), Grand Bacchanal Ballet.

Tuesday, THE HUGUENOTS; Wednesday, LAKME; Thursday, AIDA; Friday, FLYING DUTCHMAN; Saturday Matinee, THE MERRY WIVES OF WINDSOR; Saturday Evening, LOHENGRIN.

CHAS. E. LOCKE.....General Manager
THEODORE THOMAS.....Musical Director

STANDARD THEATER.

Every Night, Wednesday, Saturday & Sunday Matinees

Special Engagement of the Talented Young American Actor,

MR. HARRY LACY,

Supported by MISS EDNA CAREY and a company of sterling merit in the finest American comedy-drama ever written,

THE PLANTER'S WIFE

A Record of 400 Performances. But One Verdict.

A GREAT PLAY BEAUTIFULLY WRITTEN.

Next week, commencing Sunday, December 5—REILLY & WOODS' GREAT COMEDY COMPANY.

POPE'S. TO-NIGHT.

Matinees Wednesday and Saturday.

THE CARLETON OPERA COMPANY

In a grand spectacular production of

NANON.

Mr. Wm. T. Carleton and old favorites; new, special scenery by Hoyt of New York; new and elegant costumes. A grand company of 60.

Next Week—Rhea & Anyon's Minstrels.

CASINO THEATER,

Fourth street, opposite Southern Hotel.

A. C. FECHAN, Jr.....Proprietor
JAS. A. CHESMOND.....Manager

The only first-class sensational and nerve ly feature in the city. Monday, Nov. 29, one week only.

May Adams' Burlesque Company and Japanese Minstrels.

25 STARS.

Admission—Reserved, 35c and 50c. Matinees Tues., Thurs., Saturday and Sunday, admission only 25c.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALES.

Clerks and Salesmen.

WANTED—Situation by drug clerk; one year experience; with privilege of attending the lectures. Address N 27, this office. 37

Boys.

WANTED—Situation by boy of 15 in grocery store or office; can speak English and German; can give references. Address 4112 N. 11th st. 42

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—Situation by a young man in a private family who can make himself useful about the house; good recommendation. Ad. 714 CARR st. 43

WANTED—Situation by a German and his wife, middle-age, for kitchen and general housework, in private residence. Address F 28, this office. 43

HELP WANTED—MALE.

Clerks and Salesmen.

GARDNER'S shorthand and type-writing school, 319 Olive st.; day and evening sessions. 54

Short-hand.

THE MACHINE AND PENCIL SYSTEMS of shorthand are both taught by practical short-hand writers and reporters at PRACTICAL COLLEGE, corner of Broadway and Market st. Our methods of teaching will save from one-third to one-half the usual time and expense of learning short-hand.

Type-writing, business penmanship and correspondence, book-keeping, arithmetic, English branches, etc., are also taught by thorough and accomplished teachers. Students are successful in getting employment. For circulars, address DR. W. G. CRAIG, President proprietor Bryant & Stratton College, corner Market st. and Broadway. 54

Stenographers.

WANTED—Young man for stenographer and typewriter; must be able to do general office work also. Address with references and wages expected, P. O., Station B, Carondelet. 60

The Trades.

WANTED—Pattern-maker. Apply to 1902 Walnut st. 58

WANTED—Two wood carpenters to put up finish. Apply at Compton and Park av. 58

WANTED—A good jobbing house carpenter. Call this evening at 1436 N. Grand av. 58

WANTED—A butcher; German Catholic preferred. 2014 Market st.; call 8 to 9 p. m. 58

WANTED—A first-class watchmaker and jeweler to work in country town. Address, giving reference, J. L. Clevlen, Poplar Bluff, Mo. 58

WANTED—Molders; ten first-rate men to go to Marshall, Texas; good wages, steady work and good accommodations. Call at 201 S. 4th st., corner of Elm, between 9 and 10 o'clock to-morrow. 58

Boys.

WANTED—A boy that has had some experience in a shoe store. 616 N. Broadway. 61

WANTED—White boy, with reference, for general work in country. Apply 824 Washington av. 61

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—Dec. 1, on our lines, four young men to learn telegraphing, to qualify for situations paying $60 to $90. Apply immediately to Union Telegraph Superintendent, 102 N. 3d st.; take elevator.

WANTED—An honest young man located outside principal cities, to represent, in his own State, an old established wholesale house; $900 monthly; references. MANUFACTURER, Sup't, Lock Box 1585, N. Y.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

Dressmakers and Seamstresses.

WANTED—Situation to do general housework, cooking, washing, by a small family. 1200 Wash st., up stairs. 46

WANTED—By seamstress, sewing to do in a few more private families; terms reasonable. Address R 27, this office. 46

WANTED—By dressmaker who cuts, fits and drapes, sewing in families. Call or address 1812 Market st., second floor. Reasonable prices. 46

WANTED—First-class dressmaker, cutter and fitter, wishes to engage at forewoman in some large establishment, East or West; best references. Address D 27, this office. 46

Teachers, Companions, etc.

WANTED—A situation as companion by an intelligent, well-educated young lady. Address W 26, this office. 77

Housekeepers.

WANTED—A situation by American lady as housekeeper; has no objection to one or two children. Address L. J., 306 S. Broadway. 47

General Housework.

WANTED—By a young girl, situation to do light housework. Call or ad. 1011 N. 12th st., 2d floor.

WANTED—Girl wishes situation for housework or general housework in small family. Call 2832 Papin st. 48

WANTED—Situation by a young, experienced woman in a small family; reference given if required. Call at 115 S. 14th st. 48

FAMILIES will be provided with good servants; only such will be recommended. Call 1610 Park av. 48

STOVE REPAIRS!

For every stove or range made in the United States to be had at A. G. Brauer's, 219 Locust st. 48

Cooks, etc.

WANTED—Situation by three German girls as cook, house-girl and nurse; best refs. Call at 204 N. Jefferson av. 49

WANTED—Situation by a good girl to cook, wash and iron and do general housework. Address Girl, Chouteau av. 49

WANTED—Situation by a No. 1 cook for city or country; good ref. Call at Woman's Exchange, 617 Locust st., on Tuesday. 49

Nurses.

WANTED—Situation to nurse and do housework by experienced girl with reference. 3666 Clark av.

Laundresses.

WANTED—Washing, to take home; terms reasonable. 2834 Division st. 51

WANTED—First-class laundress wishes washing to take home or rooms to clean. 1833 Orange st. 51

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—Situations for four girls; upstairs work or in small family; two nurse girls. 2901 E. Ball st. 52

WANTED—Situation in a first-class family by a strong and experienced young woman. Please call at 115 S. 14th st. 52

WANTED—A good woman wants situation to do dining-room or up-stairs work or in small family. Call at 107 S. 15th st. 52

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

Clerks and Saleswomen.

WANTED—An active, well educated young lady; should not be under 20; disposed to learn our business and ambitious to rise in it; salary moderate with semi-annual increase. Call after 10 a. m., S. KLEES, 600 Olive st., up-stairs. 63

General Housework.

WANTED—Good house girl; reference required. 2632 Locust st. 66

WANTED—Good woman to do general housework. Call 402 S. 15th st. 66

WANTED—Girl for general housework at 836 S. 8th st.; call at once. 66

WANTED—A German girl for general housework. Apply 3086 Franklin av. 66

WANTED—Girl for general housework; German preferred. 2128 Chestnut st. 66

WANTED—A girl 13 to 16 years for light housework and nurse. 1126 N. 7th st. 66

WANTED—German girl for general housework. 1220 Marsh st., between Page and Cook. 66

WANTED—A good German girl for general housework in small family; ref. req. 2610 Dickson st.

WANTED—A German girl about 15 or 16 years old to assist in housework in a family of two. Apply at 2706 S. Jefferson av. 66

WANTED—Respectable girl, German or Swede, in American family for general housework; no washing. Apply at 1727 California av. 66

WANTED—A neat girl for general housework; must be good cook, washer and ironer; reference required. Apply 3416 Franklin av. 66

Laundresses.

WANTED—White woman to wash and iron two days in week; steady work. Apply 3809 Washington av. 67

Cooks.

WANTED—Girl to cook, wash and iron; small family; Protestant preferred; must have good reference. 3904 Washington av. 68

Nurses.

WANTED—Nurse girl at 1811 Olive st. 70

WANTED—A neat girl to nurse and assist with housework. Apply 3416 Franklin av. 70

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—Dec. 1, on our lines, four young ladies to learn telegraphing, to qualify for situations paying $60 to $90. Apply immediately to Union Telegraph Superintendent, 102 N. 3d st.; take elevator.

WANTED—Ladies and gentlemen in city or country to take light work at their homes; $1 to $3 a day easily made; work sent by mail, no canvassing. We have a good demand for our work, and furnish steady employment. Address, with stamp, CROWN M'F'G CO., 294 Vine st., Cincinnati, O. 71

WANTED—AGENTS.

WANTED—First-class canvassers for the new Chicago corset. Call 2227 Pine st.

WANTED—Ladies to canvass for the Ladies' Favorite Bustle. Call at Mrs. Moser's, 902 Franklin av, up-stairs. 73

WANTED—Agents or canvassers to handle a quick selling article needed in every household. Thousands already sold. To responsible, active parties, exclusive rights will be given. Address A. L. B., 1020 21st st., San Francisco, Cal. 78

ALL SORTS.

DON'T abuse your horse, because he is a dumb animal. If he could speak, he would exclaim, "Take me to the only reliable horse-shoeing shop and have me shod at Alfen J. Hord's, 914 Chestnut st., successor to John Mullery. 32

HIGHEST prices paid for cast-off clothing. Send postal. M. B. Cohn, 624 Morgan st. 32

FINANCIAL.

A GENTLEMAN wishing to invest some surplus funds will lend $25 and upward on household furniture and other security; parties wishing advances will be treated fairly and can secure loans on satisfactory terms. Call at 1015 Morgan st. 31

LOANS on furniture in residence, city real estate and all good securities; low and reasonable terms. Porter & Williams, room 3, 304 Chestnut st. 31

MONEY loaned on furniture without removal; any amt.; lowest rates; sup. cred. 813 Morgan st. 31

MONEY TO LOAN—$50,000, $10,000, $15,000, $5,000 at 5 per cent on city real estate; 305 Olive st. John Lay. 56

MONEY LOANED on clothing, diamonds, watches, chains, guns, pistols, pianos, instruments, etc., at Dunn's Loan Office, 912 Franklin av. 31

MONEY LOANED on furniture in residence; business confidential; no charge for making loan; Brolaski & Voorhis, 111 N. 6th st. 31

TO LOAN—$10,000, $8,000, $7,000, $5,000, $2,500, $2,000, $1,500, $1,000 and $500 at 6 per cent on city real estate. Porter & Co., 705 Pine st.

$25 TO $400 loaned on furniture, pianos, without removal; also on horses and wagons; weekly payments taken and interest reduced in proportion; no commission. F. W. Peters & Co., 813 Chestnut st.

FURNITURE LOANS.

$25 and upward to loan on furniture at residence without removal; lowest rates; business strictly confidential. C. F. Betts, 208 N. 8th st. 31

BUSINESS WANTED.

WANTED—To buy a restaurant, central location, that will bear investigation. Address T 26, this office. 3

BUSINESS FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A well located saloon, inquire Hyde Park Brewery Co., 16th and Salisbury sts. 40

FOR SALE—$65 will buy cigar and stationery store; place will invoice $100; reason, other business. 102 S. 7th st. 4

$3,000.—On account of sickness will sell for cash my grocery store. Ad. C 25, this office.

FOR SALE VERY CHEAP.

A DAIRY, ESTABLISHED 35 YEARS, doing a first-class profitable business, situated about 3 miles from the Court-house; a No. 1 route, with two good milk wagons, two block wagons, four horses, twenty-two healthy cows (all good milkers), milk cans, good pasturage and water, and all other conveniences for carrying on a profitable dairy business. Most of place, only $65 per month, including large and comfortable six-room house. Poor health only reason for selling. Will sell for half its value if sold at once. Address O 45, this office. 4

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

COAL—10 bushels, $1; 21 bushels, $2; by the load, 18c. T. F. Carroll, 2021 Franklin av. Send postal.

COAL—10 bushels, $1; 21 bushels, $2; by the load, 18c. Jas. F. Dockery, 811 N. 8th st.; send postal. 5

FOR SALE—Dog. Black and tan pup. Apply 1812 Olive st.

FOLDING-BEDS on payments; the celebrated Union beds. Staley's, 307 Franklin av. 5

FOR SALE—Bedstead and mattress, almost new; cost $18; will sell for $10. 2822 N. 21st st. 8

FOR SALE—Two seats in dress circle American Opera, for Tuesday, Saturday and matinee. Address M 27, this office. 5

HALL'S Reliable Coal Market, 2137 Morgan st.; sold in quantities to suit from $1 up. Send postal.

HEATING stoves; hard and soft coal-burner; both square and round. Call to see the Charlotte stove heater; no coal; no ashes. Staley, 307 Franklin av. 5

ON payment, something new in a heater; no coal; no ashes; no dirt; call and examine. Staley, 307 Franklin av.

SINGER Sewing Machines from $5 to $12, all in perfect order at Dunn's Loan Office, 912 Franklin av 5

SMYRNA rugs, lace curtains, carpets, furniture and everything for housekeeping on payments. Staley's, 307 Franklin av. 5

UNDER our installment plan prices are cheapest; terms the easiest; everything for housekeeping. Staley, 307 Franklin av 5

O. K. COAL dealer delivers nine bushels of good coal to any part of building for $1; sells 3 and 4-horse loads at lowest market price. Office, 922 N. 12th st.; C. F. Wuesteney, Prop. 5

ON TIME PAYMENTS,

At cash prices; no charges, no interest; everything to furnish a house. People's Furniture, Carpet and Stove Co., 208, 210 and 212 N. 7th st., near Olive.

OUR $9.50 NO. 7 COOK STOVE

"Takes the cake" and "bakes it" as well as any stove in St. Louis. Cook stoves, ranges and heating stoves. People's, 208, 210 and 212 N. Seventh st. 5

FINE MASTIFF DOGS,

A whole kennel of them for sale cheap from the well-known Flora. Apply forthwith. 1205 Chouteau av.

The Easiest Time Payment House in the City,

GEO. J. FRITSCH

FURNITURE, STOVE AND CARPET CO.

Parlor Suit, bedroom sets, bed lounges, springs, mattresses, cooking and heating stoves, hanging lamps, carpets, oil cloths, rugs, curtains, oil paintings and everything to housekeeping in great varieties always on hand. Special bargains to parties going to housekeeping. Largest stock and lowest prices. Give us a call and don't forget the Nos.

1509 to 1515 S. Broadway.

HORSES AND VEHICLES.

For Sale.

CARRIAGES for fall and winter.—W. J. Russell, 1514 and 1516 Olive st., general agent for Columbus Buggy Co.; Perry Road Cart and Hitchcock Sleigh Co.; families desiring to purchase fine carriages are invited to visit my repository and examine the work; latest designs and superior quality at very reasonable prices; will trade or sell on monthly payments. 12

I HAVE two new and two second-hand Storm wagons I will sell at low price; call and get your carriages or buggy repaired and repainted at John King's Carriage Factory, 2611 Market st.

STORAGE.

BEST storage for furniture; clean, dry and lowest rates. Brolaski & Voorhis, 111 N. 6th st. 8

FURNITURE, pianos, etc., stored; money advanced when desired; packing and shipping a specialty; moving with care. C. F. Betts, 208 N. 8th st. 4

STORAGE—For furniture, pianos, carriages, trunks etc.; inspection solicited; reduced rates; careful moving, packing, shipping, etc. E. U. Leonori, Jr., & Co., 1005 Olive st. 81

STORAGE.

Furniture, Pianos, Trunks, Boxes, Etc.

Stored on the best terms; cheapest, safest, best and most convenient in city; an itemized warehouse receipt given; money advanced if desired; packing and shipping pianos, pictures, glass and queensware a specialty; moving done at low rates, with care, at our large fire-proof warehouse.

WM. O. LANGAN & CO., 1008 and 1009 Morgan st. 81

BOOKS.

WANTED—Books—All kinds bought for cash. Call or send address. Book Exchange, 309 N. 9th. 28

PROFESSIONAL.

DR. J. L. FITZPORTER—Office and residence No. 206 S. 14th st. Female complaints a specialty.

WANTED—All dyspeptics, incurable, preferred. Address J. J. F. POFF, Philadelphia, Pa.

PERSONAL.

Advertisements under the head of "Personal" are received subject to revision or rejection entirely. The money paid for rejected advertisements will be refunded when address is given, or by calling at this office with ticket. All personals not of a business nature, ten cents a line; nothing less than two lines.

PERSONAL—Miss Ida S.: Years of September to S, miscarried; letter in Post-office for you. 1

PERSONAL—Wanted, by a quiet lady of 35, the acquaintance of an elderly gentleman who can assist her financially. Address G 27, this office. 1

PERSONAL—Rose Bud: I did not get your note in time to be at place mentioned; will be there Tuesday at 4 p. m.; answer. Address W 24, this office. 1

PERSONAL—A lonely lady would like to form the acquaintance of some nice gentleman of honor; object, social amusement. Address A 27, this office. 1

PERSONAL—If the party who wrote letter October 27 from gentleman in Atlanta, Ga., concerning some hotel matters will send true name and address, they will confer a favor on the gentleman. Please address L 26, this office. 1

PERSONAL—A quiet widower wishes the acquaintance of a respectable lady between 20 and 30 years, who is needed during the day; references exchanged; communications confidential. Address, giving name and place of interview, P 25 this office. 1

PERSONAL—A little gentleman (American), height 5 feet, weight 100 pounds, age 25, of taste and refinement and highest connections socially, of an even, quiet and affectionate disposition, strictly temperate, does not indulge in any form, a great admirer of music, flowers and the attractions of a cosy little home, and who, above all things, could appreciate and prize the love and affection of a true woman, would be pleased to correspond with a lady of refinement and wealth, and, if perfectly agreeable, with a view to matrimony. Address, in strict confidence, J 27, this office. 1

PERSONAL—Rebecca L. Ady, M.D., 1422 Olive st., electro-magnetic hand baths, and bath cabinets for ladies and gentlemen. Baths are a necessity and a luxury. Patrons can have choice of male or female assistants. 1

PERSONAL SUNDRIES.

BEAUTIFUL complexion; begin treatment now for Christmas. Madam Beaux, 2713 Howard st. 74

CARD and consult Mme. Cabral, the New Orleans fortune teller, 12 S. 14th st. 74

IF you need a suit of clothes call and see the fine tailors at Dunn's Loan Office. 74

PERSONAL—Mrs. Dessen, practical and competent nurse; ladies strictly confidential; attended to, with board; charges reasonable. 115 S. 14th st.

SELL your cast-off clothing to H. Jacobs. Address postal card, 213 Locust st. 74

TAKE home to your wife an oyster loaf—25c. W. G. Milford, 209 N. 6th. 54

I. JOCKLYN of Colton Dental Association, who introduced the use of gas in St. Louis for the painless extraction of teeth, gives it his personal attention. Gas always pure, operations safe and sure. All branches of dentistry practiced at lowest prices. Office 517 Olive st. 74

1,000 BUSINESS CARDS, $1.

H. B. Crole & Co., printers, 925 Olive st.

ROMALIA! THE WONDERFUL HEALER!

Is located at 2624 Olive street. Delay not a single hour, but come and be healed. Romalia, the Healer whose name is constantly upon the lips of thousands of grateful patients. Romalia, the friend of the poor, who daily bless her. Romalia, the healer of the wealthy, who richly reward her. Romalia's treatment the old power, youth and vigor to the confirmed invalid, whose life for years has been intolerable, regains health and strength, and life to them again is but a joy. No surgical operation performed and no medicine given by Romalia. From the "Loving Father" comes this miraculous gift of healing. This magnetic power or influence first became apparent to Romalia when she was only about 11 years of age. Then, not knowing the meaning of the God-given power within her, she exercised a wonderful effect upon her mates, and not until years afterward was the consciousness of the great good she was destined to bring for mankind. After its discovery, cure after cure resulted, and Romalia became known as the Magic Healer, the poor patients not knowing or even caring the power that cured them. Romalia breathes upon her patients, and the pain immediately vanishes. Under the soothing touch of Romalia's hand the ages of disease are stayed and the cure then and there begins. Chronic diseases cured. Romalia guarantees absolute cure of rheumatism, gout, dyspepsia, neuralgia, kidney disease, piles and general debility, etc. Ladies afflicted with any disease peculiar to their sex absolutely cured. To all who are afflicted with the various diseases that flesh is heir to Romalia extends a cordial invitation to come and be healed. Parlors, 2624 Olive st. Office hours, 10 a. m. to 7 p. m. 74

PERSONAL—Mme. E. Montgomery, the great European fortune-teller. 1128 N. 7th st. 74

PROF. LAREDO, the great and phenomenal astrologer and fortune-teller, is unsurpassed in his profession. His advice insures success in all private or business affairs; gives luck in speculations, lottery, races, cards, cyprian-dens, etc.; causes the perverted will, jealousy, etc.; unites those separated, causes speedy marriages, finds lost, stolen or buried property; prevents all accidents. Tells all things spiritually. Send for his infallible cure for drunkenness, Indian-healing balm and Complexion solution. Numerous medals from the crowned heads of Europe. 915 N. 16th, bet. Franklin av and Wash.

MRS. G. LUBY, the Great Fortune Teller, mother of Mrs. Wilcus, can be consulted on business, love and matrimony; tells exact age of a wedded pair and future husband; removes family troubles. 502 N. 15th st., between St. Charles and Washington av. 74

MRS. ROSINE SABINE, the great and unequalled fortune-teller, clairvoyant, astrologer and psychic, positively successful advice in all matters of love, matrimony, business, lucky numbers, journeys, lawsuits, contested wills, divorces, secret matters, she unites friends and lovers; causes speedy marriages, removes family trouble, recovers stolen, missing or buried property; treats all diseases; female complaints a specialty; positive cure of drunkenness guaranteed. 811 N. 15th st., near Franklin av. 74

FOUND AT LAST!

One who is above all challenged fortune-tellers. The greatest of all fortune-tellers, Mrs. C. Wilcus of 1400 Olive, can be consulted daily (Sunday excepted) on matters of business, love and matrimony. Separated lovers brought together in in nine days. Mrs. Wilcus has polite attendants to wait upon her patrons, and once her customer the patron never desires to go elsewhere. If you wish to see the truest and to secure the services of the ablest fortune-teller, go direct to Mrs. C. Wilcus. These facts are worthy of the utmost consideration by all thoughtful people, and to demonstrate the above facts to the visitor of her excellence, she will call and be interviewed. Mrs. Wilcus uses no cards. Send for her new 32-page book, as also her medicine catalogue prepared by C. Janes. Sent free. 74

THEATRICAL.

WANTED—Young lady to play the piano on the road with comedy company. Address P 26, this office. 78

MUSICAL.

MISS GRETTA HITCHCOCK, teacher of guitar, 3029 Thomas st. 27

HOUSES, ROOMS, ETC., WANTED.

WANTED—Two nice unfurnished rooms in good locality. Address E 27, this office. 21

WANTED—Three rooms; two partly furnished, one unfurnished; answer immediately. Address E 27, this office. 21

WANTED—I wish to buy a house of from 6 to 8 rooms, with large lot, in western part of city or suburbs. Must be a bargain. Address W. B., care Samuel O. Davis & Co., city. 11

REAL ESTATE.

JAMES CUMMISKEY,
—REAL ESTATE,—
No. 12 North Eighth st.....ST. LOUIS, MO.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—On Locust st., shoe, November 19. Please leave at barber shop, 6th and Locust, and get reward. 80

IMP'D CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE.

FOR sales and rents of real estate get KEELEY & CO.'S REAL ESTATE BULLETIN for November at the Real Estate Exchange, or 709 Pine st. The list contains some improved property that pays from 10 to 15 per cent interest. 7

FOR SALE—Southeast corner Chambers and Blair av., five two-story brick dwellings, all in good order and well rented; lot 80x110. This property can be bought very cheap as parties want to divide their interests. E. L. CORNET & CO., 110 N. 6th st. 7

HOME, SWEET HOME.—Splendid four-room brick cottage, bay window, cistern, etc.; $5 cash, $5 monthly payments; large lot, sewer, water; two lines of cars; Come on Baldwin st., between St. Louis av. and Montgomery; there all day to show you. Henry Feuerbach. 7

FOR SALE OR FOR RENT.

My present residence, 3327 Randolph street, being a well-built double house, as good as new, facing south, warm in winter, cool in summer, situated on the prettiest lawn without exception in the city of St. Louis, 100x185, high and dry, in first-class order, furnace, cemented and grouted basement, new 3-stalled stable, coach house, laundry, servants' room, etc., I will lease to a first-class, gilt-edged tenant for 3 years, or I will dispose of it at 80 cents on the dollar of original cost, on the very easiest and most liberal terms of payment. Parties only who mean business need apply to D. Crawford, Broadway and Franklin av.

IMP'D CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE.

CHOICE CHEAP HOMES.

Some Will Be Sold at Bargains, Owners Wish to Realize at Once. Title Perfect in Every Case.

	ROOMS.	PRICE.
2331 MULLANPHY ST.—	4	$1,650
915 LABEAUME ST.—(Wish to sell at once.)	6	1,700
3712 MANCHESTER ROAD—25 feet; will sell 50 feet and improvements at $3,200.	4	1,700
3114 BRANTNER PLACE.	6	1,900
2332 ADAMS ST.—Will rent for $20 per month.	6	2,000
5592 EASTON AV.— Lot 250x240; 3 rooms; stable. (Between Gay and Clara svs.)		2,100
1909 DODIER ST.—Will rent for $28.	7	2,200
2712 INDIANA AV.—Lot 80x 125 feet.	6	2,250
2420 LEFFINGWELL AV.— 50 feet front.	8	2,500
1501 WEBSTER AV.—Cor. Brantner place; fine location.	7	2,600
2121 OREGON AV.— 30x125; new houses; owner wants to sell in ten days.	5	3,300
2124 CHESTNUT ST.	6	3,700
2922 LACLEDE AV.— Lot 29x126; will rent for $40.	7	3,900
2308 CHESTNUT ST.— With mirrors, chandeliers, etc.; rented for twelve months at $42.50 per month.	8	4,200
3948 FINNEY AV.—50 feet.	6	4,200
2310 PINE ST.— 8 rooms, 3-story; lot 26x109.		4,500
1517 WALNUT ST.—3 stories, lot 50x140; brick stable.	12	4,500
1219 SPRING AV.— Between Cook and Page; 45 feet.	7	5,000
3844 FINNEY AV.— 7 rooms, well built; owner wishes to sell at once.	7	5,100
2851 RUSSELL AV.— stone front; lot 25x128.	7	5,100
2801 CAROLINE ST.— 35 feet, new, modern.	10	5,600
3147 LACLEDE AV.— Lot 25x128; stone-front; 8 rooms.		6,000
3516 CHESTNUT ST.—	9	6,500
3107 LUCAS AVE.— 50 feet.	10	6,250
3681 FINNEY AVE.—	10	7,000

PAYING INVESTMENTS!

8 to 10 Per Cent Int. Net.

Bargains Owners Have Instructed to Sell.

	MONTHLY RENT.	PRICE.
1815 DIVISION ST..6 rooms.	$16	$1,500
2412 ELLIOT AV., 5 rooms and store; new; water, etc.	28	2,400
CHOUTEAU AV.—S. E. Cor. 8th—Little church; lot 38x74.		3,800
107 AND 109 CENTER ST.— Lot 80x140, through to 14th st.	55	4,500
1807 TO 1809½ N. ELLIOT AV.—New, for four families.	49	4,900
407 AND 409 S. TWELFTH ST.—Lot 31x120; building in rear.	46	5,000
1006 AND 1008 N. SEVENTH ST.—12 rooms.	65	5,800
2127 TO 81 BIDDLE ST.— 8 6-room houses.	62	6,200
929 N. SEVENTH ST.—10 rooms.	80	6,500
3426 AND 3428 SCHOOL ST.— New stone fronts; modern.	65	6,500
1735 AND 1737 PRESTON PLACE.—8 rooms each.	70	7,200
721-723-725 S. THIRD ST.— Also building in rear.	90	7,800
3226, 3228, 3230 CHESTNUT ST.—8-room house; modern.	120	12,000
925 OLIVE ST.—22x74.	95	24,000
SOUTHWEST corner of Jefferson ave. and Washington ave., stores, dwellings, hall, etc.; will sell at a price to pay 10 per cent net.	320	

RESIDENCE LOTS.

MORGAN ST., south side, 50 feet east of Pendleton, 122x150.	25
BERLIN AV., north side, 158 feet east of Taylor av.; lot 100x150.	22
MORGAN ST., south side, 130 feet east of Leffingwell av., 25x134; block 981.	65
CHESTNUT ST., southwest corner Leffingwell av.; lot 81x131. Block 990.	73
LINDELL AV., south side, 300 feet west of Vandeventer; 50x212.	70
LINDELL AV., south side, 128 feet east of Boyle av.; 350x123.	75
PINE ST., south side, 625 feet east of Vandeventer av.; 100x212.	100

FISHER & CO.,

714 Chestnut St.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

16 S. 17TH ST.—One elegantly furnished front room; strictly private family; first-class convenience; terms very reasonable. 13

108 S. JEFFERSON AV.—Two rooms suitable for physician's office. Inquire at 104. 13

310 S. 2ND ST.—Three connecting rooms on second floor for housekeeping, unfurnished; $18 per month; water paid. 13

519 FRANKLIN AV.—Two neatly furnished rooms for two gents or light housekeeping. 13

908 CHOUTEAU AV.—Elegantly furnished room without board; fire, gas, etc. 13

912 WASH ST.—Nicely furnished rooms. 13

923 N. 16TH ST.—Room and kitchen, nicely furnished, cheap, with use of parlor. 13

1313 CHOUTEAU AV.—Nicely furnished front parlor; also, back room. 13

1402 ELLIOT AV.—Furnished second story front room for gent and wife or two gents. 13

1413 LUCAS PLACE—Handsomely furnished second-story front, southern exposure. 13

1713 N. 10TH—Nicely furnished rooms, $4 to $6 per month. 24 hour hall service and fire. 13

2225 RANDOLPH ST.—Four elegant rooms on second floor and all conveniences, $18 per month; also three rooms on third floor, $10 per month. 13

2811 MORGAN ST.—Nicely furnished 2d-story suite, so. ex.; every con.; near cable. 13

2811 WASH ST.—Four nice rooms, second floor. 13

2851-2851½ ARSENAL—Three rooms, cellar, garret, front and back yard; $6. A. Reemes, 732 S. 6th st. 13

2916 FRANKLIN AV.—One nicely furnished 2d-story front room; terms reasonable. 13

FOR RENT—Four large rooms with closets suitable for light housekeeping; front and side entrances; reference required. 2748 Sulphur st.

FOR RENT—Handsome furnished second-story front room, with excellent board, for two gents or couple; price $45. Address L 27, this office. 18

FOR RENT—A flat of three rooms on second floor of house No. 522 S. 23d st., near Randolph st.; in neat order; $16. H. L. CORNET & CO., 110 N. 6th st. 18

FOR RENT—Clemens Flats, northwest corner 11th and Howard sts., suite of four rooms on first or second floor, in nice order; water, etc., all paid; at $15. H. L. CORNET & CO., 110 N. 6th st. 13

WANTED—Man and wife without children to keep four unfurnished rooms in a 3-room house and take care of doctor's office. 2603 Hickory from 1 to 3 p. m. 13

FOR RENT—DWELLINGS.

1012 ARSENAL ST.—Five-room brick, $10; nearly new; in repair. Apply 501 N. 4th st.

1018 MISSISSIPPI AV.—Two-story stone front house, mansard roof, containing eight rooms. Inquire at Jos. Schnaider's Brewing Co., office 2000 Chouteau av.

1022 MISSISSIPPI AV.—Two-story stone front house, mansard roof, containing eight rooms. Inquire at Jos. Schnaider's Brewing Co., office 2000 Chouteau av.

1222 VANDEVENTER AV.—6-room house, all conveniences Cavender & Howse, 213 N. 8th.

1315 MADISON ST.—One eight-room house. Inquire 1501 Benton st. 14

2109½ UTAH ST.—Four-room house; water in kitchen; $10 per month. 610 Chestnut st.

2616 PRAIRIE AV.—Three-room cottage and stable; cheap rent. Apply 2441 Spring av.

2925 FRANKLIN AV.—8-room stone front; all con.; first-class order; fur. or unfur. 14

FOR RENT—Cheap, 2944 Clark av. and 413 Monroe av., six room houses; all conveniences. Apply to J. RYAN, 605 Chestnut st.

FOR RENT—807 Clarkson place, just south of Morgan st., on Jefferson av.; modern, new stone fronts; 7 rooms, hall, bath, gas, electric bells, etc.; $500 per annum. JAS. M. CARPENTER & CO., 206 N. 8th.

FURNISHED HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—A gentleman having a furnished house would like to rent part of it to a quiet gent and lady. Address R 26, this office. 15

BOARDING.

902 ST. CHARLES ST.—Room and board and fire $4 per week. 18

1324 OLIVE ST.—Nicely furnished front rooms, with or without board; day boarders accommodated. 18

1927 OLIVE ST.—Nicely furnished front room with board; terms reasonable. 18

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished front rooms, family for one or more gentlemen; board if required. Address N 26, this office. 18

FOR RENT—Boarding—Handsome second-story front room; nicely furnished; bay; gas and fire, with board. Apply at 39 S. Channing av. 18

FOR RENT—Handsome second-story front room, neatly furnished, with board; first-class table; in strictly private family; no other gents to board; terms; price, $40 per month for couple. Address F 27, this office. 18

BOARD AND LODGING WANTED.

WANTED—Day board in private family within five blocks of Union Market. Address O 26, this office. 20

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

FOR RENT—Store No. 420 Washington av.; possession given January 1. Apply to M. D. Dodd, at Brown's shoe factory, 416 Washington av.

FOR RENT—For manufacturing purposes, with steam power, first and second floors and basement of building s. e. cor 8th and Walnut sts., now occupied by my paper bag factory. Apply on premises to James West, Supt. Sam Cuppies. 17

GALLERY for rent, with outfit, northwest corner 11th and Franklin av.; good location. Apply at 619 Franklin av. 17

FOR RENT,

For the HOLIDAY SEASON, the Elegant Store, No.

513 OLIVE STREET,

Formerly occupied by the PROVIDENT SAVINGS.

Apply at Office of

Post-Dispatch,

515 and 517 Market St.

I CURE FITS!

When I say cure I do not mean merely to stop them for a time and then have them return again. I mean a radical cure. I have made the disease of FITS, EPILEPSY or FALLING SICKNESS a life-long study. I warrant my remedy to cure the worst cases. Because others have failed is no reason for not now receiving a cure. Send at once for a treatise and a Free Bottle of my infallible remedy. Give Express and Post Office. It costs you nothing for a trial, and I will cure you. Address Dr. H. G. ROOT, 183 Pearl St., New York.

MANHOOD RESTORED,

A victim of youthful imprudence causing Nervous Debility, Lost Manhood, etc., having tried in vain every known remedy, has discovered a simple self-cure, which he will send FREE to his fellow sufferers. Address, C. J. MASON, Post Office Box 3178, New York City.

A POSITIVE

Cure without Medicine. Patented October 15, 1878. One box will cure the most obstinate case in four days or less.

Allan's Soluble Medicated Bougies.

No Nauseous doses of cubebs, copaiba or oil of sandalwood, that are certain to produce dyspepsia by destroying the coatings of the stomach. Price, $1.50. Sold by all druggists or mailed on receipt of price. For further particulars sent for circular.

P. O. Box 1533.

J. C. ALLAN CO., CURE.

63 John St., New York.

DIVORCE DAY.

CASES OF DEFAULT ON THE DOCKET UNDER THE DOME.

The Circuit Judges Hear and Dispose of a Large Number of Matrimonial Misfits—Drunkenness, Desertion, Infidelity and Brutality—A Potpourri of Domestic History with Peculiar Features.

The hearing of the default divorce docket under the dome brought together to-day a large number of unfortunate people of both sexes who thronged the different court-rooms awaiting their turn to be called up and released from matrimonial fetters. As in all cases of default there were no answers or contests, and the disposition of each case only occupied a few minutes. The applicants belonged to every station in life and the ages ranged from 18 to 50 years. The familiar pleas in support of each prayer were poured into the ear of the Court—drunkenness, desertion, infidelity, failure to support and brutal treatment. Judge Thayer did not call his docket to-day, and Judge Barclay's docket was somewhat delayed by the trial of a damage suit.

HE SOLD HER FARM.

Mary Selbert, who, on the 12th of October, 1874, married John Selbert of the City and County of St. Louis, asks to be relieved of the responsibility so incurred because John has rendered her condition intolerable and failed throughout that time to support her and their two children. Mary owned a small farm in Illinois and she avers that John would take the proceeds of its modest crops and refuse to relinquish the same for family needs. At length she was obliged to sell the land and use the money so procured for her support. John had threatened to kill her and had called her vile and opprobrious names. He had also accused her of being unfaithful to her marriage vow. The two living children, Albert, 9 years old, and Louisa, aged 3 years, she asked be given to her care.

CALLED HER "A HEIFER."

Erie Austin, on the 4th day of April, 1881, became the wife of Edward A. Austin and lived with him—with certain exceptions—until May 1885, when she left her bed and board because of cruel indignities born of ungovernable fits of anger. She alleges that Edward left her for three days at a time; that on one occasion he drew a revolver upon her, and that in April, 1885, he left her for several weeks, and in 1883 absented himself without cause for six weeks, leaving her destitute and without means of support. She says he constantly quarreled with her and once confined in the Work-house for choking her. These facts, with a year's desertion and the statement that he called her vile names, notably "a heifer," she submits should give her a decree of divorce and the restoration of her maiden name, which was Erie Sherman.

PUT OUT HER FIRE.

Minnie Beisheir asks to be divorced from the bonds of matrimony which she contracted with Wm. Beisheir on September 8, 1879, and to be given her maiden name of Minnie Bergman. She says she lived with William as a lawful and dutiful wife until March 10, 1886, but that during that time he failed to support her, called her opprobrious names, threatened to cut her in a thousand pieces, took away

IN THE MUD.

HOW PRINCETON AND YALE PLAYED THE DECIDING FOOT BALL GAME.

The Inter-Collegiate Association Rules that There Will Be No Championship for '86—Princeton's Challenge Rejected—Base Ball News—Cleveland's New Club—Sporting Notes—Diamond Chat—The Ramblers' Great Ride.

NEW YORK, November 29.—The Yale College foot ball team left New York on Saturday night without answering the challenge of Capt. H. S. Savage of the Princeton foot ball team to play at the Polo grounds on Saturday next. Capt. Savage was at the Gilsey House yesterday to receive an answer, but none was received. The Princeton foot ball team returned to Princeton fast evening. Capt. Savage said that Princeton would give Yale till to-day at noon to accept or reject the challenge. If no answer is received, the challenge would be withdrawn. Capt. Corwin of Yale was seen at New Haven last night. He says that Yale will not answer Princeton's challenge, because Yale won the Thanksgiving day game anyway and the convention admitted as much by its resolutions.

The Game.

The Inter-Collegiate Foot Ball Association has decided that there will be no college championship for 1886. The decision was made on the dispute arising from the deciding game on Thanksgiving Day between Princeton and Yale. The decision was that "no official championship shall be awarded for 1886, but according to points made Yale should have the game." The game, which is regarded the foot ball event of the country, was a terrible one Thanksgiving at Princeton was a rainy day, the mud was deep and the grounds slippery. Before the game began the men quarreled over the referee. The Boston Herald, from which the following account of the contest is taken, speaking of the wrangle, says:

Mr. Percy Harris, Princeton '86, had been the choice of the convention, and was a perfectly satisfactory man for Yale. He agreed to serve and the Yale men were therefore considerably astonished when it was announced that he had declined. Princeton offered to substitute Mr. Bird, Princeton '84, but Yale would not listen to the change, and insisted that Mr. Harris should serve. Mr. Harris was hunted up. He held out obstinately for a while, but was finally induced to accept the task in order to save the game from total collapse. This difficulty took over half an hour to adjust. At 3 o'clock the shivering spectators were relieved by the appearance of the Yale team in corduroy trousers and white jerseys. Shortly after the Princeton team followed in similar costume which served to differentiate except the waist, black stockings and orange caps. For five minutes the players kept half a dozen balls in active motion, as they warmed up to their work, and then the game began. The rain had ceased on their appearance, but just after they retired it began again, and the wind blew cold from the northeast. Five thousand people shivered and got wet and put up their umbrellas. After another dismal wait the kickers again ran into the enclosure.

THE TEAMS

were as follows:

Princeton—Rushers, H. Hodge, Cook, Cowan, George (center), Irvine, Moore and Wagenhurst; quarter back, R. Hodge; half backs, Price and Ames; full back and captain, Savage.

Yale—Rushers, Wallace, Gill, Woodruff, Corbin (center), Carter, Burke and Corwin (captain); quarter back, Beecher; half backs, Watkinson and Morrison; full back, Bull.

The average weight of Princeton's rushers was 172 pounds; of Yale's, 175.

Yale lost the toss and took positions on the side of the field facing the hotel. Each man of the eleven peeled off his white jersey and stood revealed in a corduroy jacket. New Haven had the first chance at the ball. Capt. Corwin gave the signal to kick off, but passed it back to Gill, who darted away toward the Princeton rush line. When he got there he encountered a bulky form in white and orange, and immediately lay down under it. In the mud. Yale kept hold of the ball, and the lines formed for a pass back. Beecher, Yale, '88, at once made himself prominent. He played quarter back, and one would have to go a long way to find a man who could play the position as well. He is a small man, but very agile and strong. His success, however, depends more upon his head work than upon his muscle. He feints, pulses, and time after time gained a few yards for his side by the same maneuvre. In fact, the chief characteristic of Yale's play was clever team work. Princeton depended much upon stalwart and stubborn rush line, and when acting on the defensive was superior in this respect to Yale. But the New Haven men seldom tried to break the rush line of their opponents; they managed to get round it by long runs, or by confusing the Princetons, slip through a break in the line accidentally made. It was frequently accomplished in this way. Corwin, having the ball, would pass back to Beecher, who in his turn would toss to a man who would come running up at full speed, aiming almost straight for the Princeton line; this man having received the ball would immediately hand it to another Yale man going in the opposite direction; the first, however, pretending to have the ball, continuing to rush for the Princeton line; the effect always was that two or more Princetonians would tackle the empty handed man, while the ball was scudding away across the field, or dodging in between them. After several skirmishes of this kind, resulting to the advantage of Yale, Hardy of Princeton got the ball, and by a succession of short rushes forced it into the Yale half of the field. Then it was forced back upon the Princetons, the Yales recovering the ball in a slippery tussle, until it looked as if the Yales might speedily make a touchdown. But the prospect was completely changed by Capt. Savage of Princeton, who had the ball passed back to Hamilton, half-back, who kicked it vigorously. It went sailing with the wind, and landed within

THIRTY YARDS OF A LINE

It was the best opportunity the Princetons had in the entire game. They kept the struggle within this line for fully ten minutes, and once had the ball down less than five yards from the Yale goal. They did not attempt a kick from the field, as they might have done, had not the ground been so slippery, but worked for a touchdown. During this play the best run of the game in Princeton was made by W. Hodges. It was inevitable that the ball should change hands during this close work, and Yale soon had it. Corwin rolled it back to Beecher, who passed it to Morrison. The latter had a chance to make a good run with it, but seeing that Beecher would make a better, he at once returned it to the little man. Beecher set out at a breakneck speed for the Princeton goal, but turned off to the south-eastern corner to avoid meeting some of his opponents. They captured him before he had made the entire length of the field, but not much before. It was the only long run of the game, and almost the only one attempted thereafter. During the rest of the first half the ball did not return to the Yale division of the quadrangle. A close contest of skilful team work against weight resulted finally in forcing the ball to within a few yards of the Princeton goal line.

At this interesting points in the game a Yale rusher and a Princeton rusher exchanged compliments in the shape of several hearty blows in the face. Who began it, it would be impossible to say fairly, but the referee ended it. He ran with upraised cane between the angry players and reprimanded both severely. It was the only serious outbreak of the game, though much unnecessary wrestling and what looked at a distance like slugging was indulged in. Presently the ball somehow or other got over the Princeton line and quickly came back again. Umbrellas ornamented with blue ribbons bobbed up and down all over the field, for it was believed that Princeton had made a safety touchdown, a move that would score two points to Yale. The thing had been done so quickly, however, that Mr. Harris could not see exactly what was done, and refused to rule that a safety had been made. There was no unseemly discontent manifested at the decision and the game proceeded. In a few minutes, just as Yale seemed to be on the point of making a touchdown, time was called, and the first half was over—score, nothing to nothing.

The rain had continued all this time, but the crowd did not budge. Foot-ball excepted, the inducement is unknown that would tempt half as many of the American people to venture out in such a storm to stay a quarter as long.

After the customary rest of fifteen minutes the teams reappeared. Their uniforms were now of the same shade and pattern—single garments of mud, cut bias and crosswise, with puddle trimmings. Princeton took the lower side of the field this time, but the wind had changed somewhat, and didn't blow so as to favor either party. It was evident from the tactics of the Jerseymen at the beginning of this inning, that they were going to try to wear their opponents by main strength. They played a wholly different game from that of Yale. No shrewd maneuvers, but bold, desperate rushes directly at their adversaries. But even superior strength failed them this time. The Yale line seemed invincible. Little by little the ball, instead of going toward the Yale goal, edged along near the Princeton posts. The ball was within fifteen yards of the Princeton goal when a Yale man slipped on the mud and fell, and the Princeton men got the wind bag in their possession. They didn't force it far back, though, a Yale man passed it back to Watkinson, Yale half-back, who attempted a goal from the field. It failed, of course, the ground being too slippery, but the ball went high into the air, and came down in the hands of Savage of Princeton. He muffed, and a vigorous scrimmage ensued, in which Morrison, Yale, got the ball and ran off with it. Somehow he pushed his way through the Jersey rush line with several men at his back, and when he was finally downed, he was within ten yards of the goal. In the struggle that followed his rising,

THE FIRST ACCIDENT

to disable a man occurred, but no limbs were broken or blood spilled. Cowan of the Princetons was the victim. He was wounded erotically in the clothing, and had to run to the club-house hanging on to his garments to don a sound suit. The game was delayed ten minutes waiting for him and a substitute was finally put in in his place, though he eventually resumed play.

By this time it had grown deplorably dark, and the wind, veering suddenly to the west, spilt open the clouds and a flood came down, compared to which the rain of the previous hours had been a mere trickle. One or two rheumatic old gentlemen gave it up and went home, but the ladies and several thousand tough enthusiasts remained. It looked, so far as could see, as if it would end in a zero tie, when suddenly Watkinson of Yale got another chance at a kick. Away went the ball obliquely for the Princeton goal line. Savage ran under it, but could not reach it squarely, and in fumbling it, sent the ball over the line. He ran after it, closely pressed by Beecher and Wallace. The three disappeared in the umbrellas that were crowded together at the end of the field, so that few, except the referee, who went along, too, could tell what happened. Savage was unable to touch the ball down or pick it up. Wallace fell upon it and scooped a touchdown. As if from some mad impulse, the crowd rushed all over the field and surrounded the players. At a distance of twenty feet it was impossible to distinguish players from spectators. Everybody joined in the debate, and nobody seemed to know what the referee had decided. He had allen in the sudden row and was endeavoring to clear the field. The police arrangements were conspicuous by not existing at all, and it was another ten minutes before a space was cleared about the sievens sufficiently big to allow of resuming the game. Then the Yales pretended to kick for a goal, as allowed by the rules, on securing a touchdown. But they knew that a Princeton man would secure the ball, and the game was so close that Yale feared to give her opponents even this slight chance. So Watkinson of Yale, instead of trying for a goal, kicked to one side, purposely sending the ball into the mud, where it was held.

The game thereafter was a farce. Several hundred of the spectators hung about with raised umbrellas, dogging the steps of the players, who could only go very slowly. There remained ten minutes of the stipulated time to play after the kick for a goal. At the end of seven the Princetons insisted that it was growing too dark, and as they were decidedly unwilling to continue the game,

THE REFEREE CALLED TIME

and the players broke for their dressing rooms. Thus ended a contest evidently which, although Princeton had made a splendid fight and kept them down to a four-point score, gained largely by good luck. Yet many seemed to think that the game would be declared a tie, as time was called before the end was out. When the Yale men heard this view of the case expressed they became very indignant, and a good deal of bad blood was exhibited while the crowd was waiting to get away from town.

Foot Ball.

The Shamrock's and Hibernian's second game was played at the Union Park yesterday. There was a very large attendance and the game was well contested throughout. The result was a draw, neither side having scored a goal. Several of the regular Shamrock team were unavoidably absent, but the younger blood proved equal to the occasion and held up their side well.

The Shamrocks having obtained the required number of points in the association will play a game with the team of the Christian Brothers' College on next Sunday.

A WONDERFUL RIDE.

The Ramblers' Great 100-Mile Run—Fifteen Men Finish in Grand Style.

Yesterday, in the gray dawn, sixteen cyclists rolled silently away from the club house a 3205 Olive street. They were members of the celebrated Ramblers' Bicycle Club, who, not being satisfied with their past achievements, which have given them the name of the "road kings of the world," determined to close the riding season of 1886 with a club "century" or 100-mile run. It unfortunately happened that the weather conditions were not only not favorable, but on the contrary were of the most unfavorable character, the streets and roads being in a terrible condition, and a cold, drizzling rain falling almost the entire day. Despite these drawbacks, however, the run was successfully accomplished, and the fifteen men who started from the club house at 6 o'clock returned at 6:20 o'clock, having covered the entire distance in the remarkably short time of 12 hours and 20 minutes. The ride was made on the Olive Street road, and the eastern portion of the St. Charles Rock road being loose macadam, they continued to the Wabash track over the Olive Street road whence they went over the new clay road, very slippery because of the frost, to the St. Charles Rock road when they continued on to the Missouri River which was reached at 8 o'clock, cyclometer measure, 16¼ miles. On the return which was made without delay they lunched at Rinkelville at 9:22. Returning to Forest Park they circled about the King's highway to the Bates monument, and thence to the Olive Street road again. Just before this Miller's wheel "buckled" in a rut, and after several plucky attempts to continue he had to fall out. The Lake House, Creve Cœur, was reached at 11:45; cyclometer register, 46½. Schweickardt's cottage in Forest Park was reached at 1:45, 60¾ miles having then been traversed. After stopping there for dinner 35 minutes they left for the last section, the twenty miles to Ballwin and return at 2:40 o'clock. They went over the King's highway to Christeovel's and on through Benton, Cheltenham and past Barthold's. The ride out proved to be the hardest of all. On reaching the Kirkwood road the wind which had been blowing hard suddenly sprung into a gale from the west blowing clouds of dust in the tired riders' faces and making motion against it nearly impossible. In fact, going down Solomon's hill the most vigorous pedaling was necessary to keep from being blown back up the hill. Ballwin's was reached at 5 o'clock, and there the record-breakers registered. The ride home was made in the dark, the club-house being reached at 8:19; cyclometer, 100¾ miles. During the long ride the entire party had kept bunched and reached the end in close order. Only four falls were taken during the entire ride, and but one of these was a header. Nobody was hurt in the entire trip. Arrived at the club-house refreshments which had been provided by the other members were partaken of, but only for a short time, as the boys were tired enough to soon slip homeward and to bed.

SOME FIGURES.

The full time they consumed in riding and resting was thirteen hours fifty-two minutes. The total resting time was two hours eighteen minutes, leaving the actual riding time 11 hours, 34 minutes. The average speed was, therefore, eight and three-quarter miles per hour. Total number of miles made by the fifteen, 1,500 miles. But the total distance ridden was increased by the mileage of other members of the club who took part in a portion of the ride. A POST-DISPATCH reporter who was unable to make the start joined the party on their way back from St. Charles and rode to Creve Cœur and back and Ballwin and back, registering sixty-two miles. Ed Horn rode to Creve Cœur and back, thirty miles. The mileage of these two thus raises the total figure to 1,592 miles, which is a fair day's journey.

To-day the participants are feeling well and all reported at their business posts this morning a little late and stiff, but still on deck.

The Billiard Match.

Slosson and Schaefer played the first game in their cushion-carrom match Saturday night at the Masonic Hall, before an audience of nearly 1,200 people. Slosson played a studied, careful game, and Schaefer a brilliant one. The Chicago man won, however, and the score at the finish stood: Slosson, 500; Schaefer, 469. Averages—Slosson, 4 80-123; Schaefer, 3 100-123. Best runs—Slosson, 26; Schaefer, 26. Time of game—3 hours and 45 minutes. But little betting was done on the game, and little money, therefore, was won or lost. The next game of the match will be played at Chicago on December 17. The audience seemed thoroughly disgusted at the close of the game, and if the men were to play the remaining game here they would not get a corporal's guard to witness it.

Cleveland's Club.

Says Sunday's Commercial Gazette: Until after the visit of the Association Finance Committee, Messrs. Byrne, Stern and Von der Ahe, to Cleveland to-morrow the new member cannot organize, and of course cannot sign a player. But the latter work will follow the organization rapidly, and by the latter part of the week the new member will have a score of many players under contract. Manager Williams says that he has the names of forty unsigned players who have already made records of more or less prominence in the other Association clubs will, for small considerations, release to the new club a few players of decided abilities, and the other clubs have agreed in all such cases to make no opposition bid for those players' services. The plan is for each club to name any players or player it can spare, and if the Cleveland Club expresses a desire to negotiate the Finance Committee will set the price, a moderate one, for the player's release, and both parties must be governed thereby. The Cincinnati Club will probably name Snyder and Pechiney. The Mets have such men as Reipschaigen, Rosemann and Lynch. The Browns can spare Comiskey, Strauss or Toole. Baltimore might name Sowders, Manning or Scott. Louisville could spare a man or two, and St. Louis could spare a catcher and pitcher at least of last season. Besides this there are such men as Sylvester, Maskrey, Powell, Lewis, Traffley, Macullar, Hotaling, Bradley, Bettman, Gilpa, Quest, Gleason, Strickett and other well-known players still unsigned, as well as a score of the "young blood" family who would come handy in a case of necessity. The club would like to have Charley Snyder and Jack Lynch to help build up and coach the new team. Two better men are not in the profession for that purpose. Snyder would like to make the change, for during all of the last season he has had to submit to the abuse of a few hoodlums who were inspired in their dirty work by the bitter enemies of the club, and who never lost an opportunity of insulting Snyder whenever he appeared in the nine. Charley does not claim to be the great ball player he was some years ago, but his presence in a nine is still worth as much, if not more, than that of the best catcher the Cincinnati Club has on its list, and as to personal worth there is no question about his superiority.

Base-Ball Gossip.

Neither Orr nor Henkinson have signed with the Mets for next season.

It is claimed that Sudbourn of the Boston club receives the highest salary of any man that plays ball.

President Stromberg says he will put $2,000 worth of repairs on the Grand stand at Union Park next February.

The pay-roll of the Detroit Club for next year's team, it is claimed, foots $46,600. This includes Manager Watkins' salary.

The contract with Collender, the Decatur catcher, by which he is to play with the Maroons next season was received by that club this morning.

The League is called the rattlesnake because it gives warning before it stings, while the snake in the Association stings before it gives any warning.—[Mail and Express.

President Stockton of the Maroons received a letter from Secretary Young of the League to-day saying that in case Kansas City is dropped, the Maroons will be given an opportunity to secure Myers, the second baseman, in the approachment of new players.

Those much-talked-of fines imposed on the Chicago players appear to be affairs of a different nature from the first impression given. President Spalding had promised some of the players extra salary if they abstained from liquor during the season. They did not comply with their part of the agreement, and Spalding refused to pay the extra stipulation. That's all there was to it.—[Taylor.

Sporting Notes.

L. E. Myers and H. Fredericks will accompany W. G. George to Australia.

In the $5,000 purse at the Bay District track, San Francisco, Harry Wilkes won. He was entered against Guy Wilkes, Arab, Antevola and Charlie Hilton.

The fall exhibition of the Missouri Gymnastic Society will be given at the Gymnasium Hall on Thursday evening, December 9. The exercises will consist of sparring, club-swinging, ladders, triple horizontal bars, etc.

John White, known in sporting circles in England as "The Duke's Motto," says he is willing to wager £500 or £1,000 that Jem Smith will defeat John Knifton, and after Smith defeats Knifton he will back Smith to fight Sullivan for £5,000 or £10,000 a side and the championship of the world.

We Are Convinced

of the fact, from remarks made by our many customers, that we have the finest line of silk umbrellas in the city and at the lowest prices. They make very desirable Christmas gifts.

E. JACCARD JEWELRY CO.,
307 North Fourth street.

Silver plate and name or monogram free.
We are not on the corner.

FATAL POWDER EXPLOSION.

A Missing Daughter—Shot by a Neighbor—Graham Acquitted—Texas Topics.

GALVESTON, November 29.—J. C. Lynch of New Orleans, agent of the Hazard Powder Company, was killed yesterday by an explosion of some damaged powder on an embankment. He had carelessly applied the match himself.

FORT WORTH, November 29.—Wallace Henderson of Vernon County, Mo., reports the loss of his daughter Nellie, a girl of 17 years. She went to church with a new acquaintance, who called for her in his buggy, and her parents have not seen her since.

DALLAS, November 29.—Steve Fitzhugh, a farmer at Lancaster, was shot in the back yesterday by Beckley, a mill owner, the result of a quarrel concerning the measurement of corn.

WACO, November 29.—Jesse A. Graham, a St. Louis traveling salesman who was on trial for the killing of William Lamb [illegible] a hotel dining-room, was acquitted by the jury late on Saturday night.

SAN ANTONIO, November 29.—R. Sylvester, agent for the Aransas Pass Railroad at Beeville, committed suicide by taking morphine. It was the wind-up of a spree.

1,000 SILK UMBRELLAS, $3.50 to $12,
For ladies and gentlemen.
Finest stock ever shown.
Solid silver-plate free and name engraved on each umbrella.
MEMOD & JACCARD JEWELRY CO.,
CORNER FOURTH AND LOCUST.
Christmas is coming. Buy early.

Mrs. Clara of Madison street will leave for Hot Springs, Ark., to-morrow for the winter, on account of poor health.

DOUBTING DELEGATES.

THEY ARE INVITED TO A SPIRITUALISTIC SEANCE TO ENLIGHTEN THEIR CONDUCT.

The Spirits Invoked to Avert the Threatened Outrage of Taxing Mediums by the Municipal Assembly—A Vacant Office Filled—The Carondelet Investigation—Municipal Notes.

Delegate Wenzlick, who introduced into the House of Delegates a bill taxing professional spiritualists, was specially invited last night to a seance at M. Goettler's residence, No. 1216 South Broadway. In company with Delegate Jno. C. Vogel, who is also open to conviction, and Dr. John A. Hornsby, Clerk of the House of Delegates, Mr. Wenzlick repaired to Mr. Goettler's residence, where the rooms on the parlor floor had been thrown into one for the accommodation of the company of ladies and gentlemen present. Quite a large company of devotees of spiritualism had already arrived and paid their admission fee, when the doubting delegates were dead-headed by the doorkeeper for conversation. During the early part of the evening the subject was generally discussed. The bulk of the sentiment was against the taxation of mediums. "Why," said one earnest advocate of the faith, "it is a monstrous doctrine and I think St. Louis should be ashamed of entertaining such a notion as assessing a license against mediums and including us in the class with fortune tellers and charlatans in this enlightened age. It is as unreasonable to fix a license on mediums as to fix a license on priests and ministers of the gospel. It is in violation of the letter and spirit of the laws of our country. The bill really proposes to set a tax on our religious belief. This is what it amounts to, for spiritualism is a religious belief, and it is as unreasonable to tax us for being spiritualists as they designated us, as it would be to fix a tax on a man for professing Presbyterianism, Episcopalianism or the creeds of any sect." The arrival of Dr. Powell,

A CELEBRATED MEDIUM,

from Philadelphia, put an end to the discussion much to the relief of Delegate Wenzlick at whom the arguments were aimed. Among the other well-known mediums was Mrs. Thomas of Cincinnati, O. Mrs. Goettler, the lady of the house, was the first to pass into the trance state. The fit came on her as she passed to one of the rear rooms. In the passage she was metamorphosed into an Indian chief. It should be stated here, however, that no corresponding external alteration took place and the chief's spirit continued to inhabit bodice and skirt under Mrs. Goettler's form and shape. As she came down the center line of the rooms with her eyes closed, and apparently passing through some slight physical convulsions, her husband surprised the unbelieving portion of the audience by addressing to the medium the pertinent question, "Who are you now?" The lady failed to answer the question when first put, but at once began in a heavy voice, which seemed strangely coming from a woman, to announce her intention to stay. Her wishes were expressed in a broken Indian dialect, which now and then was discarded for a grammatical style of elocution which nobody in the audience

PROFESSED TO UNDERSTAND.

If the speech was intended to convey any exhortatory suggestions to the municipal legislators on the subject of taxing mediums it fell far short of its mark as the delegates sat twirling their thumbs in the most composed manner. Shortly after this Dr. Powell of Philadelphia announced himself ready to show the delegates that there was something in spiritualism and that it was a religious belief. He then instructed the audience to write on slips of paper about the size of a gentleman's visiting card the worldly name of the spirit with whom it was designed to communicate. These slips were then folded and passed to the medium for him to see the contents. The notes were then placed on a slate which lay on the table in full view of the audience under the bright gaslight. Dr. Powell took no notice of the slips where the slips were deposited and could not have read the contents. Delegate Vogel mixed up the notes and the slates were handed over to the medium, among the folded slips was one written by Dr. John A. Hornsby asking the question of Hubert Primm, "Are you satisfied where you are?" After Mr. Hornsby had signed the document by was speaking to a lady and was not paying attention to the medium, who suddenly announced in a voice very like that of the late Hubert Primm, "John, Hubert will speak to you presently." The question written by Dr. Hornsby

LAY IN THE LITTLE HEAP

on the table and were passed to the medium who, however, did not open them but rejected each with a prompt "no" till he reached the note written by Dr. Hornsby when he at once said "yes." Taking a slate he began writing "Lionel's sphere," but stopped without going further. Dr. Hornsby was perfectly familiar with Mr. Primm's handwriting and pronounced the chirography of the slate to be wonderfully similar to that of the deceased. Later the medium without opening the paper or having any opportunity to see its contents announced the question verbatim. Another gentleman present had written a question asking the advice of his deceased wife, Catharine, on some contemplated business changes. This, like the others, remained unopened in full view. The medium calling for a slate covered both sides with writing though he simply passed his hand over it and no pencil or chalk was visible. The message advised the execution of the contemplated plans and regretted that the writer could not communicate at greater length with her husband. The message was signed,

"YOUR DEAR CATHERINE."

The last question reached was that of Mrs. Thomas of Cincinnati, O. As it lay on the slate the medium charged it with being obscure and ungrammatically written. He further charged that the name of the spirit had not been legibly written, and that the questioner had disobeyed the instructions given by signing only her initials instead of her full name. A subsequent examination of the slate corroborated the medium's accusations, though the occurrence shook the faith of the delegates, as Mrs. Thomas a little later became possessed of the spirit of an Indian chief and delivered a lengthy speech after which the enlightened solons retired with the evidence submitted and the seance broke up.

A NEW CONSTABLE.

This morning J. F. C. Friese appeared before Mayor Francis and qualified as Constable of the First District, including the Twenty-sixth and Twenty-seventh wards, vice Edward Glitens. Glitens was a candidate for the place at the last election, but failed to qualify as designated by law. It devolved upon the Mayor to fill the vacancy resulting. Mr. Friese was the only applicant, and to-day Mayor Francis named him. Deputy City Register Woods issued a certificate entitling Constable Friese to enter on the discharge of his duties at once.

THE ELECTRIC ELEVATED BILLS.

The rival electric elevated railroad bills, which propose to run along St. Charles street and continuing alleys, will be the special subjects for consideration at the meeting of the Committee on Railroads of the House of Delegates to-morrow afternoon. Since the introduction of the Quarley bill its advocates have been very active in pushing the claims of the proposed route. The O'Reilly incorporators have not been so energetic. At the meeting to-morrow an organized protest will be presented by property owners along St. Charles street and Washington avenue. The members of the House seem to be very favorably disposed towards the proposition, and it will be necessary for the property owners to present good objections to defeat the proposed bill. The weak points in the ordinance will probably be picked out by the opponents of the bill and presented to the committee at to-morrow's meeting.

THE SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATION.

At 2 o'clock to-morrow afternoon the Ways and Means Committee of the House of Delegates will meet in the committee room to consider the supplemental appropriation bill. Comptroller Campbell will appear before the committee to explain the necessity of immediate action.

THE OFFENSIVE PARTISAN COMMITTEE.

The special committee appointed in the House of Delegates to investigate a series of complaint against the Street Superintendent of the Twenty-fourth Ward, will meet next Thursday morning at 10 o'clock. To facilitate the work of securing witnesses it has been decided to hold the sessions in Carondelet, and thereby save the complainants, who are street laborers, the expense of railroad fare to the City Hall.

DIPHTHERIA.

To-day seven deaths from diphtheria were recorded at the Health Department. This is regarded as a big start, as the total for last week was only nineteen. Chief Sanitary Officer Francis is still keeping his force at work on the disease and hopes to check its spread this week.

BUY your spare hats and bonnets at the C. E. Bleil Millinery Company, 419 North Broadway.

SHERIFF'S SALE

ST. LOUIS, November 27, 1886.

GLOBE CLOTHING COMPANY

Bought of HENRY F. HARRINGTON, Sheriff of the City of St. Louis, at Sheriff's Sale, under and by virtue of Executions and Attachments, December Term, 1886:

Boots, Shoes and Fixtures, as Sold Under Executions and Attachments vs. Torlina & Weber, - - } $5,800.00

Fifty-Eight Hundred ($5,800.00) Dollars.

RECEIVED PAYMENT,

(SEAL.) HENRY F. HARRINGTON, Sheriff,
By JNO. J. FITZWILLIAM, Deputy.

The above stock of Boots and Shoes is now on Sale, and will be sold at 25 per cent of the original price.

GLOBE SHOE AND CLOTHING CO., 705 to 713 FRANKLIN AVENUE

LOCAL NEWS.

The entertainment given by the Landwehr Verein at Central Turner Hall last evening was most pleasing and largely attended.

The annual meeting of the Engineers' Club will be held on Wednesday evening next in the directors' room of the Mercantile Library.

Mr. J. M. Hogg of 1613 Pine street, while walking up Morgan street Saturday evening, fell through a coal hole in front of 1402 and sustained some painful injuries.

A literary entertainment will be given this evening at the Pickwick Theater by Prof. Valiance, F. S. Sc., of London, England. Mr. D. Crawford is chairman of the committee in charge.

Early yesterday morning John Ruck, a German about 60 years old, was found in a vacant lot on the corner of Third and Chouteau avenue sick and partially paralyzed. He was sent to the City Hospital.

About 5 o'clock Saturday evening sneak thieves entered the room of C. G. Ordeman, over H. A. Hesse's tailor shop, 107 North Fifth street, and secured $20 in cash and a great many articles of wearing apparel.

The General Council of the Ancient Order of Hibernians held a meeting yesterday afternoon and extended the time in which the old members of the order can join the fund without a medical examination to January 1.

The residents in the territory bounded by Sarah and Warren streets, the St. Charles Rock road and Finkmand avenue are complaining of the ravages of thieves and small pilferers. They will enter a claim for more police protection.

A conference committee composed of delegates from the councils of the Royal Arcanum, both in the city and State, met at the Mercantile Club rooms Saturday night and decided to give a ball and banquet in the near future. The date will be fixed upon in December.

Charles Langwith went into John Diepenbach's saloon, 4205 Kennerly avenue, yesterday morning and became involved in a quarrel with the proprietor. Diepenbach drew a revolver and fired at Langwith. The bullet entered his leg, making only a flesh wound.

Nora Courteen threw 4 stone at a 9-year-old girl named Annie Holmes on Saturday, while the latter was passing the corner of Fifth and Walnut streets. The missile struck the little girl over the left eye, inflicting a very serious injury. The girl was removed to her home, 200 Ashley street.

David Cole, aged 17 years, was riding a horse, on Easton avenue near Morgan street, last evening, when the animal stumbled and fell and Cole was thrown on his head. He was picked up in an unconscious condition and sent to his home, 2827 Morgan street. A physician who was called stated that his skull was fractured.

A number of young friends of Miss Maude Goodkey tendered her a surprise party last week at her home, 2317 Carr street, which in every way proved very enjoyable. After music and dancing in the early part of the evening the guests sat down to supper, after which dancing was resumed and continued until early morning.

John A. Huefmeier, a single man aged 59 years, and a tailor by trade, committed suicide Saturday evening in his room at No. 1236 North High street, by hanging himself. He had attached a rope to a peg in the wall, and death was caused by strangulation. Huefmeier had been out of work, and was in arrears for his board. His action was probably due to despondency. He had his life insured for $3,000.

Mr. and Mrs. M. Coffey of 3217 Kittenreiner avenue gave a party to friends on last Friday evening. Instrumental and vocal music was given by the Non-Est Guitar Club. Among those present were the Misses Neille and Iola Coffey, Ida Learmont, Josie Grath, Bertha and Lena Kahmann, Lizzie Kirby and L. Haas, Messrs. F. Coffey, G. Lowe, E. Cavender, D. Davies, J. Vossberge, B. Smith, W. Davies, H. Robers and C. Ghio.

L. C. Riggs, formerly proprietor of the New York Restaurant, 714 North Sixth street, has disappeared from the city, and his partner, Mr. L. C. Thompson, makes a serious charge against him. Mr. Thompson says he purchased a half interest in the restaurant for $1,000, and that a few days ago Riggs secured his bill of sale from him under false pretenses and then sold the entire restaurant and stock with the proceeds.

Rudolph Kurtz, a boy 15 years of age, employed at the printing establishment of Hesse & Frederick, at 206 North Second street, was given a check for $35, on the International Bank, Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock, to get it cashed. He failed to return with the money. Yesterday afternoon Sergt Garvin arrested him in the People's Theater. When searched, only $10.80 was found in his pocket, and he said he had spent the rest for clothes.

The members of the Society for Ethical Culture, recently formed here, met Saturday evening at the Pickwick Theater and effected a permanent organization by the election of the following gentlemen as a Board of Trustees: H. Daughaday, Leo Methudy, M. Tredway, James Tansig, Paul F. Coste, Thos. M. Knapp, Felix R. Hunicke, Max Kotany, Ellis Wainwright, Jos. Emmanuel, Alfred Arnstein and Chas. Nagel. Mr. Wm. L. Sheldon was unanimously elected lecturer of the society.

The Ransom Post of the G. A. R. met Saturday night, and initiated Maj.-Gen. Pope of the United States Army, who has lately been retired and has taken up his residence in this city. The following other gentlemen were also received as members: Gen. J. G. Wright, Gen. B. G. Farrar, Gen. T. A. Sappner, Col. C. S. Charlot, Maj. R. M. McDowell, Capt. E. E. B. Thonsen, D. W. Guerney, N. O. Nelson, M. C. Westmore, H. O. Pope, J. N. Jones, T. E. Withrow, C. B. Hutchins, F. M. Campbell, A. R. Francke, S. S. Gould, Jas. L. Baker, W. R. Menzie, Geo. H. Cole of Chicago, Ira C. Terry, V. Kerner, L. Fay, J. C. Sprigg, T. C. Dean, Wm. Godfrey, W. H. Hamilton, Isaac D. Kelly, G. Boland, Henry C. Hopper, S. D. Webster, Maj. C. E. Pearce, F. Walton, C. W. Hequembourg, Col. F. W. Galbraith, E. W. Tanner, Col. J. C. Lawrence and Gen. Freeman Wright. Final arrangements were made for the reception at Armory Hall on next Saturday evening of Gen. Louias Fairchild, Commander-in-Chief of the G. A. R.

Tax-Payers, Attention!

Pay your 1886 taxes and avoid the crowd and delay. Delinquents are urged to pay before December 1, and avoid the additional penalty.

H. CLAY SEXTON, Collector.

Exposition Meeting.

At the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Exposition Saturday evening, President Kennard read his report, showing earnings for the past season of $39,933.99 and an average daily attendance of 13,115. The reports of Treasurer Scruggs and Manager Johnston were also read. The following gentlemen were then nominated for directors at the election December 7: C. H. Sampson, J. C. Richardson, Ben Eiseman, Porter White, Wm. Goidstein, Capt. Fink, August Kern, L. D. Kinsland, L. L. Culwell, Nathan Cole, John Maxon, George D. Barnard, A. B. Howard, W. C. Dale, B. Nugent, John H. Conrades and the thirteen gentlemen constituting the present Board.

The Difference.

It is an easy matter to make statements as to the virtues of remedies for Catarrh: but when such are proven by sworn statements of those who have used them, they attract attention. "Carbolic Smoke Ball" is indorsed under oath by those who have been cured. Free test extended all, southeast corner Broadway and Olive.

OUR NEIGHBORS.

Items of Interest and Gossip from the Adjacent Towns.

Cape Girardeau, Mo., November 27.—The annual visit of the Legislation Committee to the Southeast Normal occurred yesterday. The party was composed of State Senator Downing of Canton (Rep.), Alexander of Gallitin and Mr. Schofield of Canton, as clerk of the committee. They gave the building and campus a thorough examinaton, as well as the books of the institution, and are highly pleased with the condition of the affairs of the school. Thanksgiving day was duly recognized here. Services were held in the Presbyterian Church, and a sermon delivered appropriate to the occasion, officiated, assisted by the Baptist and Presbyterian pastors. Rev. James also held services at the Episcopal Church.—Mrs. H. D. Brenton, daughter, Miss Laura Bierswith, left Wednesday for St. Louis, where they will spend the winter.——Mrs. J. C. Maple of Marshall, Mo., is visiting Mrs. Dr. Wilson.——Mrs. Bland left here last week for St. Louis this week to the bedside of her husband, who was suddenly taken ill while there.——Miss Ceza Gray has been entertaining Miss Laura Gray of Commerce, Mo.——Miss Amanda Elder of Lutesville, Mo., is the guest of Mrs. Dr. Rider.

Joplin, Mo., November 28.—Mrs. T. W., wife of Banker Cunningham, came in yesterday from their country home to do some shopping.—Mrs. S. C. Henderson left last night by the Frisco for Neodesha, Kas., to visit her sister for a few days.——Mr. and Mrs. S. L. Montgomery of Jasper County were visitors here yesterday.——Mrs Amanda Douglas and Mr. A. J. Pratt of Byersville were married yesterday at Carthage.——The office of the gas company and the Joplin Mining & Smelting, with probably other establishments, hung out flags draped in mourning yesterday in honor of ex-Gov. John S. Phelps, deceased.——Miss Jennie Hamner, sister of Prof. H. of the Joplin public schools, has been appointed a teacher here by the Board of Trustees.

A Temperance Week.

The District W. C. T. U. hold their semi-annual convention at Union M. E. Church, December 2 and 3. Mrs. Clara Hoffman, State President, will lecture at same place on Friday night, December 3. Public invited to all meetings.

MAXWELL AND THE CHINESE.

Three Murderers Ask and Get an Extension of Time.

When the Criminal Court opened this morning, Mr. P. W. Fauntleroy, representing W. H. Lennox-Maxwell and the condemned Chinese murderers, Chyo Chiayck and Chyo Goom, asked for an extension of time in preparing the appeals to the State Supreme Court in these cases. He said that Mr. Johnson, the shorthand reporter of the court, was ill and had been unable to do much work in the way of transcribing the testimony, and he would ask sixty days more time to prepare the transcripts.

Circuit Attorney Clover objected to the granting of sixty days time, as it would only be offering an inducement for delay in the matter of preparing the transcript, and accordingly the time was only extended in both cases from January 1 to February 1. There is no significance in this delay or extension of time, it being merely a necessary step to enable the defence to get the testimony before the State Supreme Court, as without a transcript of the testimony their appeal would be worthless. These were the longest tr

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Bargains in old goods. Families Supplied

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CITY NEWS.

D. CRAWFORD & CO. are again in receipt of further enormous purchases (principally at auction) of new seasonable and desirable goods, to which they invite the close and immediate attention of a discerning and appreciative public. 'Tis all they ask. The rest will follow.

MILLS & AVERILL'S
TAILOR-MADE OVERCOATS.
They were all made in St. Louis by St. Louis tailors. They are the best fitting overcoats you have ever had shown you. Prices range from $20 to $50.
MILLS & AVERILL,
S. E. Cor. Broadway and Pine.

Dr. E. C. Chase,
175 Olive street. Set of teeth, $8.

PRIVATE matters skillfully treated, and medicines furnished. Dr. Dinsbeer, 814 Pine street.

DR. WHITTIER, 617 St. Charles, cures diseases of indiscretion, indulgences. Call or write.

VANISHED INTO THIN AIR.

Col. Pat Donan's Dream of Vast Fortunes in Honduras.

NEW YORK, November 29.—A few months ago Col. "Pat" Donan of Dakota was filling the newspapers with lurid and enthusiastic predictions in regard to the vast amount of money awaiting enterprising Americans in Honduras. He has now returned from a trip of inspection in that country, and thinks it is the last place that an American could seek for an investment.

"It has valuable mines," he says, "but they are inaccessible. There are no roads and for many miles the only means of travel is on the back of an Indian carrier, who journeys over a path on the very backbone of the earth, often not wider than two feet, and where, if he were to step aside, it would be over precipices 1,000 feet high. There are telegraph lines through the country, but they belong to the Government and were established for military purposes. The topography is too rough for railroad purposes, and I do not think that foreign investments, however much they may be encouraged by President Bogran, will be liable to be placed in the country. There are Americans there now, but I cannot say how well they are doing."

490 MUSIC-BOXES, 75 CTS. TO $550.00.
One of the World's Greatest Stocks.
If you wish to make your home pleasant buy one of these delightful instruments. *Our low prices and sweet-toned boxes will please and surprise you.*
MERMOD & JACCARD JEWELRY CO.,
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☞ Splendid for Christmas Gifts.
☞ Christmas is coming. Buy early.

COUNTY SEAT WAR.

A Mob of Citizens From La Moure, Dak., Take Possession of Public Records.

FARGO, Dak., November 29.—At the late election the town of La Moure, secured a small majority in favor of removing the county seat from its location at the rival town of Grand Rapids, to La Moure. A few nights later, in pursuance of the usual practice in such cases, a mob went to capture the county records by force. They found the Courthouse in possession of the Sheriff and a posse of twenty armed men, but the latter fled before the fierce assault and the doors were beaten in and the archives captured. This was done knowing that United States Judge Francis of that district had granted an injunction restraining the removal, which had not been served. It is learned now that Judge Francis regards La Moure as in contempt of court, and gives them ten days to get the records back to Grand Rapids and purge themselves of contempt. He refuses to hear their attorneys. It is one of the bitterest of the county seat fights for which Dakota is noted, and there is danger of further violence.

LETTERS received from abroad inform me that owing to the failure of this year's crop, good wines will be scarce and higher in price. On account of my large importations I am able to offer my customers a good, genuine imported wine at the old prices. Call and inspect same. Louis Halle, 508 Broadway. Champagne, Claret, Rhine Wine, Port, Sherry, Madeira, Burgundies and Sauternes.

THE CATTLE CONTAGION.

Slaughter of the Distillery Cattle—An Owner's Strong Protest.

CHICAGO, November 29.—According to the agreement made between the State Commissioners and the owners of the healthy cattle at the Phœnix Distillery the work of slaughtering the animals was commenced yesterday morning at Bridgeport. On Saturday night 173 head belonging to Simon Ryan were driven from the distillery to Bridgeport. Ryan was the principal owner who objected to the arrangement. When he discovered early yesterday morning what had been done he started for the abattoir, vowing that he would get out an injunction and stop the killing. He was too late, however, and now he says he will sue the Commission for the value of the animals, as they were unappraised. One hundred and twenty-four head belonging to Nelson Morris were sent to Bridgeport last night, and will be killed today, while 150 more belonging to that owner will be taken to the slaughter-house to-day.

10,000 CHRISTMAS CARDS, 5 CTS. TO $5.00.
Make your selections early from our choice stock, which is absolutely unparalleled. Come and see it.
MERMOD & JACCARD JEWELRY CO.,
CORNER 4TH AND LOCUST.
☞ Christmas is coming. Buy early.

SURE TO BE LYNCHED.

Two Texas Stockmen Murdered and Robbed by Cotton Pickers.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., November 29.—Henry Jeffries and a companion named Ross, stockmen from Texas, were murdered Friday last at a point between Bastrop, La., and the line of Ashley County, Arkansas. Jeffries and Ross stopped the preceding night at the house of a planter, where there were a number of cotton pickers, and counted a sum of money before retiring, meanwhile inquiring the price of cattle and corn. The next morning they were followed a distance of twelve miles by three men, who had noticed their money the night before, who attacked them with clubs, knocking them from their horses and beating them to death. The assassins then plundered the bodies of their victims, securing about $800, and escaped. It is expected they will be caught and hanged.

1,000 CLOCKS FROM $1.50 TO $100.00.
Finest Stock ever Shown.
If you want to buy a clock for your own use or a wedding present come and see our stock. *Our prices are so very low you will be surprised.*
MERMOD & JACCARD JEWELRY CO.,
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☞ Remember all our clocks are warranted.
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HATE THE AMERICANS.

A NEW YORK GENTLEMAN'S UNPLEASANT EXPERIENCE IN PANAMA.

Feeling at the Isthmus Against People from the States—A Railroad Conductor Kills a Murderous Passenger—Railroad Employes Compel the Authorities to Remove the Conductor from an Unhealthy Prison—Work on the Canal—Red Tape and Extravagance.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, November 29.—"I am very glad to be back again, I can assure you, and I never passed a more heartyThanksgiving than I did Thursday last, when we came steaming up the bay."

So spoke a gentleman who had recently filled a professional post in connection with the Panama Railroad Company, but who has been driven back to the States by the prevalent fever. "I was very glad to see that the WORLD told so well the story of the traffic in womanhood which is going on between this city and the Isthmus. The matter should be ventilated fully, and perhaps something may be done to check it."

THE FOY CASE.

"The topic of special discussion when I left Colon about ten days ago was the Foy case. Foy was a conductor on the railroad. October 20 a native boarded a train at Gatun to go to Aspinwall. The fare to a resident for this distance is 30 cents, but he gave the conductor 10 cents. The full fare was demanded but the passenger told the conductor he would get no more. Foy reached up to pull the bell-rope. The Spanish native drew his dirk, nearly two feet long, and made a slasnat the conductor, who sprang back and, drawing his revolver, sent a bullet through his assailant's head. At Aspinwall Foy gave himself up to the authorities and was taken to a prison a short distance out of the town. This jail is nothing more than a shed put on logs in a swamp over green, stagnant water. In it there are iron cages about seven feet square and six feet high. Inside each cage there is a stock rack into which the feet are placed so the prisoner can not stand up, and then as an additional bit of cruelty, heavy weights are placed across the arms. The railroad company offered any amount of bail for the liberation of the prisoner, but Cespedes, the Chief of Police, who has in a high degree the native contempt for Americans, said that the man should remain where he was. Then the railroad men brought matters to a crisis by refusing to move a train over the road until the man had been put in decent quarters. For three days not a train went out from either Aspinwall or Colon. All this time you must remember there had been no examination, although the case was as clear as could be that the conductor had acted in self-defense. The railroad men were preparing an expedition to take Foy away from that death-hole by force, but they were dissuaded by Mr. Powers, the acting superintendent, and on the afternoon of the third day Cespedes promised that Foy should be conducted into town next morning. At 4:30 a. m. the railroad men were at their posts ready to start out trains as soon as their man appeared. They did not place the least reliance upon the word of the Chief of Police. It was noon before Foy appeared under a guard of fifty soldiers. The trial was set down for November 26, but it is not likely that it will take place for some days. Of course every effort will be made to convict, and with three natives to two Americans on the jury, it will be easy to do so. But the railroad has asked the interference of this Government. The man-of-war Adams has arrived at Panama, and two more vessels from the South Atlantic squadron were expected at Colon when we left. We passed one off the Cuban coast on its way to the Isthmus."

THE CANAL.

The WORLD'S Informant spent much time at Bohio, about seventeen miles up the road from Aspinwall. Here the works of the canal excavation are very extensive. Speaking of them and other subjects which had come under his observation, he said: "About Bohio there is a great deal of blasting of hard, volcanic rock. Salvin & Co. are the contractors for dredging work. The French engineers do the work of excavation, and then, when the water is in the ditch, Salvin & Co. start their dredgers and pour the mixed water and mud into long flues and so get it out of the way. It is impossible, almost, to describe the waste and extravagance which is going on along the canal. Engines, excavators and everything of that sort lie along the line of the canal very much as bones used to line the old wagon track across the prairie. The whole enterprise is covered over with red tape; in the midst of all the circumlocution the money is lost by thousands. There are first, second and third chiefs to each division, and they have a lot of assistants, so that when anything is wanted the order has to be checked and countercheked by a dozen officials who draw big salaries and do nothing. Why, a good active American would do more in a day than these men in a week. All this supervision does not prevent the greatest of blunders. For instance, the carpenter who puts up all the houses for the French officers wanted some nails and there were none of that sort in the store at Colon. He was told to make a sample of what he wanted, and he whittled out a nail from a bit of wood. This was sent to France, and in due time came back $10,000 worth of wooden nails, good for fuel and nothing else. Special trains are ordered by day or night, just as one of the division chiefs takes a notion to have a run to Panama. Recently the work has been very dull, and on the line it is the general feeling that nothing will be done of any consequence until a new loan is made available."

THE MORTALITY.

The death list is something terrible. At each of the fifteen sections of the line there are several deaths each day, and the work is one long graveyard, as the men are buried where they die, without coffins even, unless the dead have friends to watch the burial. Out of Colon a train of baggage cars and a switch engine runs twice a day to Monkey Hill, where the burial place for the town is located. Eight out of ten, it is calculated, die in the French hospital, but the railroad hospital, cared for by Dr. Thornton, manages to save a majority of the patients. The men pass a restless life and the amount of absinthe consumed is enormous. The Americans use rum and brandy. The railroad men are the best cared for of any of the outsiders. There are about four hundred of them and they work together in a compact body. The natives hate the Americans, and have a contempt for them as well, because our Government does not back up her citizens. The French are not liked, but they are respected because there are French men-of-war always about. The British flag is the most respected, and the coming into port of a British man-of-war always creates an excitement of fear, and the natives are very careful about bothering a British subject. Much of our want of consideration in the Spanish American countries is due to the sort of consuls we have. They are men in business there who fear to take any decided stand, or to ask even fair play, for fear of injuring their business. Mr. Adams, the present consul at Panama, does not come under this head, but he has up-hill work.

375 PARLOR AND PIANO LAMPS
FROM $3.50 TO $75.00.
Most beautiful collection in America.
If you want a lamp for your own use, or for a wedding present, come and see our stock. *Our prices are so very low you will be surprised.*
MERMOD & JACCARD JEWELRY CO.,
CORNER 4TH AND LOCUST.
☞ *Christmas is coming. Our lamps will make splendid and useful gifts. Buy early.*

A New Library Building.

At the meeting of the Mercantile Library Association held at the library Saturday evening President Scott reported the total amount collected for the new library building $110,000, with estimates of cost between $150,000 and $200,000. On motion of Ed Wilkerson, the directors were authorized to borrow what money might be necessary to the erection of a new building on the site of the present library building.

Fine Pocket Books.
Ladies and gentlemen in want of choice goods in this line at very low prices, for Christmas gifts, should see our large stock.
E. JACCARD JEWELRY CO.,
307 North Fourth street.
We are not on the corner.

FAMOUS

Is the Recognized Headquarters
—FOR—
MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING!

We won't quote any prices, but simply announce the fact in big type, THAT WE UNDERSELL any house in this country, and give BETTER VALUE FOR THE MONEY EVERY TIME.

FOUR ✦ BEAUTIES!

WE DUPLICATE

Plain London Toe.

French Toe.

These splendid-wearing Shoes for Gents in any of the following styles and prices, all widths and thickness of sole, kid or kangaroo tops:

In Best French Calf, hand-sewed.....$7 00
In Best French Calf, machine-sewed.....5 00
In Best American Calf, hand-sewed....$5 00 to 6 00
In Best American Calf, machine-sewed.$3 50 to 4 50
In Best Tannery Calf.....$2 50 to 3 00

OLD LADIES' Warm-Lined SHOES

German Felt, quilted, leather soles.....$1 50
German Felt, quilted, felt soles.....1 50
Warm-Lined Foxed Slippers, cloth.....$1 00 to 1 25
Warm-Lined Serge Buskins.....60 to 1 00
Warm-Lined High-Cut Front Lace Shoes.....$1 50 to 2 50

Dublin Box Toe.

Acme Toe.

☞ *We have just opened a new lot of Men's Alligator Boots at $5 to $8—just what you want for wet or cold weather.*

UNDERWEAR!

We have a corner on Underwear, and show everything in the market at the Lowest Prices.

☞ We are offering this week several cases Men's All-wool Fancy Stripe and Scarlet Shirts and Drawers at $1; sold in many houses at $1.50. See our specials this week in Gloves, Neckwear and Hosiery. The ladies should see our drives in Boys' Shirt Waists at 50c, just reduced from 75c and $1, to close them out—all fast colors.☜

SANTA CLAUS

Has just opened at Famous a small ship-load of Rubber Toys, consisting of Dolls, Animals and Novelties of every description. The Low Prices on these goods will astonish you. They outlast any ordinary toy, and are instructive as well as amusing. Rubber Department, Second Grand Broadway Entrance, first floor.

☞ Special Drives this week in Men's and Boys' Winter Caps.

☞ Buy your Lap Robes from Famous, Furs from Famous, Cloaks from Famous, Millinery from Famous, LOWEST PRICES IN THE WORLD at

FAMOUS, Broadway and Morgan.

☞ Parties residing out of the city should send for our Illustrated Catalogue. Mailed free to any address.

TO CIVILIZE THE HEATHEN.

A Party of Methodists Preparing to Go to Africa on Missionary Work.

NEW YORK, November 29.—In the Seventh Avenue Methodist Episcopal Church farewell services will be commenced this morning for a party of missionaries who will sail from this city Thursday for Liverpool, on the way to Africa. The party comprises Ellsworth Brown, a carpenter of Miamisburg, O.; Wm. O. White, formerly superintendent of schools at Lacota, Mich.; Henley Wright, a miner, New York; Dr. D. Reed, Mason, Io.; Daniel Williams, physician and farmer, Ironsdale, Ontario, and Wm. Hicks, carpenter, of Massachusetts. The latter is accompanied by his wife and two boys, aged 4 and 5 years. They will sail on the Adriatic and at Liverpool will be joined by Rob Shields, storekeeper, and Thos. Adams, shoemaker, of Newry, Ireland. They will leave Liverpool for Africa December 15. This company has gathered in response to a call signed by Bishop Taylor's society, which is styled "The Transit and Building Fund Society of Bishop Wm. Taylor's Self-Supporting Mission." Each missionary is called to work at his own vocation whereby he will earn his own living, and to labor spiritually among the natives. Each trade asked for has responded except that of a tanner, and if any Methodist wants to tan hides in Central Africa, there still is a chance. The destination of the party is St. Paul de Loanda, where they will report to the Rev. A. E. Whitey, superintendent of Bishop Taylor's operations in Angola, who will distribute them among his six stations, Loanda, Dondo, Nhangne-a-Pepo, Bungo-Andongo, Malange and Ambaca. Most of them will go to the latter place, which is a new station. The society has sent out two other parties this season, and expects to send 100 persons a year to its missions. All its officers and workers are Methodists.

DO YOU WEAR GLASSES?
Steel, $1.00, also finer; gold, $5.00.
Accurately fitted by the best practical opticians in the city
Who are both patient and pleasant.
Come and try our spectacle department and you will remain our permanent patron.
MERMOD & JACCARD JEWELRY CO.,
COR. OF 4TH AND LOCUST.
☞ *Our $5.00 Gold Spectacles for Christmas gifts.*

SHOT WHILE ESCAPING.

Terrible Boiler Explosion—Burst a Blood Vessel—Missouri Matters.

MARYVILLE, November 29.—James Boyle, a horse-thief, was shot and killed by W. J. Nelson, a police officer of Burlington Junction. He was being conveyed to Burlington from Kansas City where the officer arrested him in a gambling-house, and within a mile of Burlington Junction made an attempt to escape, fearing that he would be lynched. He was shot down in a struggle with the officer.

DEARS, November 29.—The boiler at the Helm saw-mill exploded on Saturday night killing Mr. Helm and Henry Bethmeyer, and scalding Martin Helm, Jr., to death.

BISMARCK, November 29.—Bruno Mestet, a young German, recently married, was found dead in bed yesterday morning. It was caused by the bursting of a blood vessel.

EUREKA, November 29.—John Wickersham, a lad of 16, was killed yesterday by the accidental discharge of a gun while out hunting.

JAMES PYLE'S

PEARLINE
THE BEST COMPOUND EVER INVENTED FOR WASHING and CLEANING
IN HARD OR SOFT, HOT OR COLD WATER
Without Harm to FABRIC or HANDS.
SAVES TIME, LABOR and SOAP
value to housekeepers. Sold by all Grocers, but see that VILE COUNTERFEITS are not worked upon you. PEARLINE is the ONLY SAFE ARTICLE, and ALWAYS bears the name of
JAMES PYLE, New York.

HOME INDUSTRIES.

Should by all means be encouraged, and of course everybody will attend the performances of the AMERICAN OPERA commencing tonight. By the way, glancing over the names of the artistes engaged, does not the title "American" appear somewhat anomalous? One thing justifies them, however—they keep up the prices to the American standard, and they may all have become naturalized citizens.

* * * * * * * * * * * * *

Full dress will be *en regle*, and our establishment is headquarters for all Evening Dress requisites.

The "Aida," "Nanon," "Faust" and "Rigoletto" Full Dress Shirts (named after operas), handsomely embroidered fronts—the newest thing in Full Dress Shirts.

WHITE KID GLOVES, FULL DRESS NECKWEAR, Satin-lined Swallow-Tail Coats and Vests and Black Doeskin Trousers that are——stop——we were going to write tailor-made—but that term has become so hackneyed, and such ill-fitting, poorly made garments have been put on the market lately under that title that we prefer to say "Humphrey"-Made.

F. W. HUMPHREY & CO.,
Authorities on All Matters Appertaining to Gentlemen's Dress,
NORTHEAST CORNER BROADWAY AND PINE STREET.

OUR COMMON-SENSE SHOES
Are Par Excellence in Style as well as Wearing Quality. For Ease and Comfort try a pair of our
WAUKENPHAST SHOES.
They are just the thing. A full line of Cork-Sole Shoes in stock. The very shoe for wet weather.

Mound City
SHOE STORE,
608 Olive Street

A LARGE AND VARIED STOCK OF DRY GOODS and LADIES' CLOAKS
—ON—
Time Payments!
VERY EASY TERMS AND LOWEST CASH PRICES AT THE
Strauss-Emerich Outfitting Co., 1116 Olive Street.
Sells on CREDIT everything needed for HOUSE or PERSON. All goods delivered on first payment. Keeps Gents', Youths' and Boys' Clothing, Dry Goods, Dress Goods, Silks, Satins, Velvets, Ladies' Cloaks and Wraps, Gold and Silver Watches, Jewelry, etc. Also, Furniture of every description, Carpets, Stoves, and all Housefurnishing Goods in general. ☞ OPEN AT NIGHT.

CHARTER OAK STOVES AND RANGES
Revolution IN Cooking.
Do not fail to see the Wonderful Results from Cooking in
Charter Oak Ranges, with Wire Gauze Oven Door
PUBLIC EXHIBITION OF BAKING, ROASTING AND BROILING GIVEN EVERY DAY AT
NO. 411 NORTH FOURTH STREET.

Fur Caps.
We show all the leading shapes—Alexis, Jockey, Bismarck and Roll-band Driving. Our prices are the Lowest.

Fur Turban.....$5.00
Genuine Seal.....$10.00
BOYS' FUR SKATING CAPS, $1.25 and $1.35
Warren Bros.,
Fur Turban.....$5.00
Genuine Seal.....$10.00
Mammoth Hat Store.....203 North Broadway.

M. EHRET, Jr. & CO.
SOLE MANUFACTURERS

FOR FLAT AND STEEP ROOFS.
—GUARANTEED—
CHEAPEST & BEST IN USE.
—ABSOLUTELY—
WATER, FIRE & WIND-PROOF.
PUT ON BY ANYBODY.
USE NO OTHER ROOF!
W. E. CAMPE, Agt.,
118 N. 8th St.....St. Louis, Mo.

TRADE MARK
ST. LOUIS
HANSOM CAB COMPANY,
Office and Stables, Eighteenth and Pine sts.
TELEPHONE NO. 1,298.
RATES OF FARE:
For one or two persons, each mile.....25 cents
Additional half mile or less.....15 cents
THEATER TRIPS.....$2.00
Cabs or Coupes.
Reliable Service. Attentive Drivers. Full Livery.

J. L. ISAACS
WALL PAPER CO.
Decorators,
Inlaid Hard-Wood Floors,
Weather Strips.
Excelsior Building,
[illegible] GRAND AVENUE.

Capital Unlimited.
BEN WALKER
(ESTABLISHED THIRTY YEARS)
No. 317 North Broadway, Under Mercantile Library Hall.
Special Bargains in Diamonds, Watches, Fine Jewelry, Silverware, Clocks, Music Boxes, Guitars, Banjos, Accordians, Violins, etc., Guns, Pistols, Poker Checks, Trunks, Traveling Bags, Clothing, etc. Highest amount loaned on the above. All goods warranted as represented. BEN WALKER.

THE FAMOUS
Silurian Water
of Waukesha, Wisconsin.
In barrels, cans, jugs, or carbonated in bottles.
LIPPINCOTT & CO.,
Wholesale Agents,
Corner 8th and St. Charles sts.. - - St. Louis, Mo.

ELECTION NOTICES.

ELECTION NOTICE—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Carondelet Gas Light Company, for the election of four (4) directors to serve for the ensuing two (2) years, will be held at their office, No. 7020 S. Broadway, Carondelet, now St. Louis, on Monday, December 6, 1886, between the hours of 9 a. m. and 2 p. m.
By order of the Board of Directors.
JOHN R. LIONBERGER, President.
HENRY C. SCOTT, Secretary.

WHEREAS, Carl F. Haehner and Christine, his wife, by their deed of trust dated May 14, 1884, and recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, in book 7072, page 60, conveyed to the undersigned trustee the following described real estate, to-wit: Situated in block No. 808, west, of the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, commencing at a point in the south line of Dock street, one hundred and thirty-four feet west of its intersection with the west line of North Broadway; thence running westwardly along the said south line of Dock street fifty-six feet and one inch; thence northwardly ten feet; thence westwardly along the south line of Dock street twenty-seven feet and eleven inches; thence southwardly ninety feet, to a point thence eastwardly eighty-four feet; thence northwardly eighty feet to the place of beginning. And whereas, the covenants of said deed as to taxes and insurance have not been complied with, now, at the request of the legal holder of, and in pursuance of the terms of said deed of trust, I, the undersigned trustee, will offer the above denoted property for sale at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, at the east front door of the Court-house in said city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 4 p. m. on
THURSDAY, DECEMBER 16, 1886,
for purposes of said trust.
PHILIP BURG, Trustee.
St. Louis, November 24, 1886.